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...NATIONAL WEATHER—COMICS PAGE...



UPI.

Spanish Premier Adolfo Suarez leaped to his feet and applauded when the Cortes approved government reforms.

Vote Is 425 to 59

Cortes Passes Reforms, Paves Way for Election

MADRID, Nov. 18 (UPI).—The Cortes (parliament) today approved a bill setting up a Western-style parliamentary system in Spain.

The bill, the most important part of the government's program of democratic reforms, was passed by a vote of 425 to 59, with 13 abstentions.

The bill amounted, as many speakers in the three-day Cortes debate said, to the decisive step in dismantling the Franco regime. It was passed two days before the first anniversary of the death of Generalissimo Franco, who ruled Spain for 36 years.

The Spanish people will have to approve the reforms in a referendum scheduled for the middle of next month.

Free Elections

The new parliament will be elected sometime in the first half of next year in what is expected to be Spain's first free elections in more than 40 years.

Approval of the bill after an often tense debate was a victory for King Juan Carlos and the Cabinet of Premier Adolfo Suarez.

Against the advice of many opposition groups, they had insisted on presenting the reform through constitutional channels and having it approved by the Francoist-dominated Cortes, even though at that time the chances seemed to be against winning approval.

The majority exceeded the needed two-thirds by far. With 497 of the 531 Cortes members present at the vote, the government needed 330 votes for passage.

Sigh. Grin

Mr. Suarez, 44, gave a sigh, then broke into a wide grin and applauded the deputies as the vote was announced.

The ballot, like the debate, had many dramatic moments.

In the final roll call, a deputy voted "no," then added, "No, out of loyalty to July 18"—the date of the start of the 1936-39 civil war that brought Gen. Franco to power.

Among those voting "yes" was Nicolas Franco de Pobil, a nephew of the late dictator. Gen. Franco's brother, Nicolas Franco Bahamonde, 84, a deputy, did not attend.

Those voting against the bill included Jose Antonio Giron, a leader of the right-wing Falange movement and president of the 500,000-member Confederation of Civil War Veterans, which is planning a rally in central Madrid Saturday to commemorate Franco's death.

A majority of the 35 million Spaniards favored the passage of the bill, according to the results of an opinion poll commissioned by the government and released hours before the final vote. Spaniards support the democratic reform by a margin of better than 30 to 1, the poll said.

Passage of the bill was assured this afternoon when a powerful group of right-wingers agreed to a compromise on a contested key point of the bill.

A spokesman for the right-wing group, the Popular Alliance, a bloc of 130 deputies that had threatened to withdraw its support from the bill, told the Cortes that the group had reconsidered its stand "in the interest of national concord" and to spare the nation the spectacle of "a Cortes unable to agree on political reform."

The issue, which had threatened to deadlock the debate, concerned the election system that will be used for the new two-chamber parliament proposed by the new law.

'Proportional' System

For the more powerful lower house, the 350-member Congress of Deputies, the government bill provides a "proportional" system of election under which seats will be allotted in direct relation to the popular vote.

The Popular Alliance had been pressing for a "majority" system that would favor big parties—including, presumably, the Alliance—at the expense of small parties. The right-wingers linked their command to a technicality in the Cortes' procedure and threatened to abstain in the final vote unless they got their way.

Abstention would have meant almost certain defeat for the bill. Abstention amounts to a no vote because the two-thirds majority is based on the number of deputies present.

Cruz Martinez Esteruelas, parliamentary spokesman for the Popular Alliance, said his group was prepared to accept the principle of proportional representation—provided "corrective measures" were written into the bill to prevent "excessive fragmentation."

He said one of the measures his group sought would give representation only to parties that obtain a certain percentage of the national popular vote.

Prolonged Applause

Premier Suarez and the 19 members of his Cabinet attending the debate joined the prolonged applause for Mr. Martinez Estruelas.

Government sources said the government had not objected to some "small corrections" as long as the principle of proportional representation was upheld.

The government—backed by the center and left-of-center opposition parties not represented in the Cortes—favors a wide representation of the nation's political forces in the new parliament, including, presumably, the Alliance—at the expense of small parties. The right-wingers linked their command to a technicality in the Cortes' procedure and threatened to abstain in the final vote unless they got their way.

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Main Points of Reform Bill

MADRID, Nov. 18 (UPI).—These are the main points of the bill on political reform passed today by the Cortes:

- "Democracy in the Spanish state is based on the rule of law the expression of the sovereign will of the people. The basic human rights are inviolable."
- Parliament is composed of the Congress of Deputies and the Senate. The 350 deputies of the Congress and 207 senators are elected by universal, direct and secret suffrage of all Spaniards over 21 years of age. The King can appoint up to 41 senators.
- The election system used for the lower chamber is proportional distribution of seats in relation to the popular vote, but with safeguards against "inconvenient fragmentation." Senators are elected under a majority system. There will be four senators per province and seven senators representing territories.
- The term of parliament is four years. The Congress of Deputies has precedence over the Senate.
- The president of the Cortes is appointed by the King.
- The King can submit any "political issue of national interest, whether it affects the Constitution or not," to a referendum.

Remove 'Wrecking' Amendment

abor Challenges Lords on Nationalization Bill

NDON, Nov. 18 (Reuters).—possibility emerged tonight long and bitter confronta- between the Labor govern- and the House of Lords, ancient upper chamber of ament that is stubbornly ing some key Socialist leg- on.

me Minister James Callaghan his Cabinet decided this ng to fight it out with the over a bill to nationalize n's aircraft and shipbuilding ries, using Labor's slender ut overall majority in the of Commons to force a down.

e Commons tonight voted 78 to support the govern- and withdrew from the bill mendment that the Lords ttached to it.

Nonelected Chamber

e bill now goes back to the the nonelected chamber of founded in the 13th cen- The Lords, which has a rvative majority, has been g "wrecking" amendments series of bills that many d as "extreme Socialist mea-

struggle during the last eeks has led to calls from Laborites that the "un- atic" upper chamber be ished.

amendment to the nation- ion bill would exclude from take-over 12 profitable ship- companies.

Lords could insist on the ment and keep the bill to and fro between the ers until the end of the t law-making session Tues- when all unfinished legisla- s automatically wiped out.

government would then be ed to begin a long consti- al process to reintroduce the the next session and over- ny more Lords objections. is could take up to a year.

or Cabinet ministers are ined, however, to confront rds on the nationalization sources said. Some min- were reported to be saying angrily that this was the most serious attempt by the Lords to "alter the will of the Commons" since early this century.

Mr. Callaghan said in the Commons today that the nonelected Lords had no right to take their own view on the aircraft and shipbuilding bill after the issue had been before the electorate in the Labor party manifesto and had passed through the Commons.

In another development, the way Britain runs its nationalized industries came under sharp attack today from key government advisers, who said useful lessons could be learned from France, Sweden and West Germany.

Describing relations between government and state industry as highly unsatisfactory, the advisers urged the setting up of a new policy council for each major industry.

The objections—involving what is described as a story of distrust and confusion—were made in a report to the British government from the National Economic Development Office, itself a government-sponsored body.

"Our inquiry has left us in no doubt that the existing framework of relationships, developed under governments of both main political parties, is unsatisfactory and in need of radical change," said the report of the 10-man study group led by Sir Ronald McIntosh, director-general of the Development Office.

U.K. Offers Dec. 20 Geneva Cutoff

GENEVA, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Britain proposed today that the conference here on Rhodesia's constitutional future end by Dec. 20 at the latest.

The proposal met one of the demands of two hard-line black nationalists and it was also seen as an effort to advance the talks into a discussion of substantive issues, such as the structure of a transitional, pre-independence government for Rhodesia.

The conference chairman, British diplomat Ivor Richard, suggested the deadline to "Patriotic Front" leaders Robert Mugabe and Joshua Nkomo, who for three weeks have insisted on a definitive independence date.

They also demanded the fixing of a deadline for ending the Geneva talks so that their proposed independence date of Dec. 4, 1977, "cannot be sabotaged" by continuing delays in negotiations.

Mr. Richard's deadline suggestion was obviously designed to placate the two while he continues to reject their demand for independence in 12 months. The Briton has said that his government cannot commit itself to any "immutable" date for independence under black-majority rule in Rhodesia.

Mr. Richard gave Mr. Mugabe and Mr. Nkomo a document containing the deadline proposal during a meeting this morning.

The document repeated Britain's earlier compromise formula of trying to complete the independence process by Dec. 1, 1977, or by March 1, 1978, at the latest—without either date being binding.

The two nationalists conferred privately on a joint response to the proposal. British officials were encouraged by the fact that the two black leaders showed no sign of wanting to quit the conference.

Mr. Richard later in the day gave a copy of the document to the other nationalist delegations' leaders, Bishop Abel Muzorewa and the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole, and to Rhodesian Foreign Minister Pieter van der Byl, who heads the white-minority government's delegation.

Bishop Muzorewa and Mr. Sithole have not demanded a firm date for independence and Mr. Richard has already held preliminary talks with them on the structure of an interim government.

Conference officials have indicated that Mr. Nkomo, the less militant partner in the Patriotic Front, wants to get into discussion of an interim government but has held back for fear of alienating Mr. Mugabe, who represents the guerrilla movement.

The foreign ministers of Mozambique and Angola—Joaquim Chissano and Jose Eduardo dos Santos, respectively—arrived today, and their presence may add an extra complication.

Mozambique has an official observer delegation at the conference, together with the other "front-line" African states of Tanzania, Botswana and Zambia. Angola had not previously played any role in Geneva.

While the four black delegations are split into two camps and Mr. Mugabe and Mr. Nkomo also have differences, so have the observers—with Mozambique having pushed a hard line and Tanzania, Botswana and Zambia having urged Mr. Mugabe and Mr. Nkomo to compromise on the independence date issue.

● Smith finds no danger to Geneva talks. Page 2.

27 Are Executed, Ethiopia Reports

LONDON, Nov. 18 (Reuters).—Twenty-seven persons have been executed in Ethiopia for counter-revolutionary crimes, the Addis Ababa radio said today.

It said the 27 had been convicted of murdering "progressive people," destroying buses, planting bombs and spreading anti-government propaganda.

The broadcast gave no names. It said the death sentences had been approved by the governing Provisional Military Administration Council.

Afro-Arab Resolution

Unesco Vote Faults Israel Policy

NAIROBI, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Overriding vigorous Western opposition, a Unesco commission today overwhelmingly approved an Afro-Arab resolution condemning Israeli educational and cultural policies in occupied territories.

The commission voted 73-6, with 30 abstentions, for the two-page draft resolution at the general conference of the UN Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization despite a nearly weeklong fight by the West to "soften" the more blatantly anti-Israeli statements.

But an alliance of Arab, African and Communist nations pushed Western amendments aside and adopted the original draft virtually intact.

Israel was joined mainly by Australia, Canada and the United States in opposing the resolution. Nordic and other West European countries abstained. U.S. delegates warned that the vote will certainly make it more difficult to persuade Congress to change its hostile attitude toward Unesco.

Plenary Session Vote

The commission vote must still be approved by a 141-member plenary session but delegates said this would be a formality.

Today's vote followed by a week a UN Security Council resolution calling Israeli settlement in the occupied territories illegal and an "obstacle to peace." That resolution opposed what the Arabs see as an Israeli effort to absorb the Gaza Strip, the West Bank of the Jordan and the Sinai Desert by encouraging Israeli settlement.

The most controversial article in the final approved form of the Unesco resolution read: "Condemning as contrary to human rights and fundamental freedoms all violations, resulting from Israeli occupation, of the rights of all populations in Arab territories to education and cultural life and particularly a policy of systematic cultural assimilation."

The Afro-Arab bloc made one concession to Western objections and agreed to delete a phrase in the original draft denouncing

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Russia Indirectly Reveals Secret Work Centers

By Robert C. Toth

SCOW, Nov. 18.—The Jews here recently for their sit- ests, the Tass press agency had been refused emigra- visas because of "their dge of state secrets." r knowledge, and that of ds of other Jews refused ermission on the same came from their former of work, Tass said. The of those places were sup- the Jews when asked. t authorities have thus lly revealed a host of in- ous and operations where and presumably military- work is done. These in-

hree weather and four graphic research vessels kind that Western intel- has long suspected of ivities.

institutes of the Academy nces, the petroleum in- Research Institute, an e of biological synthesis, ll Aviation Institute and pping Department of the r Bureau.

merous innocuously titled labs, many of which are "postboxes" by Russians they are identified by fice box numbers rather than street addresses, such as the Experimental Construction Bureau of the Ministry of Chemical Industry.

The bureau is notable because, according to Mrs. Dina Belen, a chemical engineer who worked there and was refused an exit visa on secrecy grounds since 1971, it has an IBM 360 computer. The Russians have pirated such computers from Europe, but this one was apparently sold openly to the Chemistry Ministry in 1973.

The computer raises the broad issue, beyond the immigration question, of whether the West should not bar advanced technology sales to institutes where the Russians themselves say that "knowledge of state secrets" is available.

Another computer sale of this kind is about to be made. A news story from Washington recently said that the Ford administration will permit the Russians to buy a Control Data Cyber 73 for the Petroleum Ministry here. Indications are that it will go into the ministry's Research Institute, where Anatoli Shcharansky, 28, had worked until he applied to emigrate two years ago and was refused on the ground of state secrets.

The Moscow State Project Institute for Biological Synthesis has potentially more ominous secrets. Mrs. Ida Nudel, 45, refused exit since 1971, was also an economist working with herbicides and other agricultural chemicals, she said.

Her continued refusal on secrecy grounds—she was told last month not to bother again appealing her case for at least two years more—suggests that the institute did and still does classified research despite the Soviet-U.S. treaty banning biological weapons.

Electrical equipment aboard the weather ships Passad, Vikho, and Usson and on the oceanographic vessels Vize, Zubov, Shirshov and Korolev was the responsibility of Dmitri Shchiglik, 49, a senior engineer of the Hydrometeorological Service, who was refused an exit visa because of state secrets.

All of the individuals above insist they never had classified information, although they cannot vouch that other laboratories or projects in their institutes were also engaged only in nonsecret work.

The temptation is to see the Soviet authorities indiscriminately using the secrets label to dissuade Jewish scientists, engineers and other specialists from emigrating. The danger of a significant "brain drain" is hard to assess, but cautious officials might be frightened by statistics alone that show Jews overrepresented in sciences. Jews hold 14 per cent of science PhDs, but account for only 1 per cent of the population.

Moreover, the Russians consider secret much that is open in the West, such as crime statistics and opinion surveys. A Soviet engineer refused a visa on secrecy grounds worked at the Institute of Meat and Milk Processing. His secrets might be as mundane as how little meat actually gets into sausages, as a dissident joked. Or he might know how much meat has been stockpiled for the military.

The Russians also give secrecy refusals in cases that appear ridiculous at first, but then intriguing: As to a nurse, who turns out to have worked at the Cen-

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 2)

List of Installations Made by Noting Refusals of Exit Visas for Security



United Press International.

LAST LINEUP—Political prisoners in a prison camp at Santiago lined up with their belongings prior to release.

297 Political Prisoners Are Released by the Chilean Junta

SANTIAGO, Nov. 18 (AP).—The military government released 297 political prisoners yesterday and today in what President Augusto Pinochet called a "magnanimous gesture."

Authorities set free 168 prisoners this afternoon, emptying a major detention camp 24 hours after a similar mass release.

The releases were part of a project that the government says is aimed at freeing all political prisoners held without charges under a state-of-siege law imposed three years ago.

"This freedom is a magnanimous gesture aimed only at showing the kind predisposition of the government," Gen. Pinochet said.

He denied that the releases were related to the election of Jimmy Carter to the U.S. presidency, as some foreign press reports have indicated. Mr. Carter has spoken critically of Gen. Pinochet's regime and other authoritarian governments.

"It is not true that I have let myself be influenced by Mr. Carter," President Pinochet said in the city of San Javier, 200 miles south of Santiago. He said that the releases had been planned since September.

The Roman Catholic Church issued a statement saying it was "delighted" with the release of the political prisoners.

The detention camp emptied today is Puchuncavi, 100 miles northwest of here. Authorities took the 168 prisoners from there to the Tres Alamos camp, on the edge of Santiago, for processing before their release.

Yesterday, 133 political prisoners were evacuated from Tres Alamos. Officials said today that 129 were freed and four were turned over to civil courts to stand trial on criminal charges.

The releases leave in detention 18 political prisoners who have not been charged, the government said.

They include Communist party chief Luis Corvalan and former Communist Sen. Jorge Montes. The government said Tuesday that it will release Mr. Corvalan if Moscow releases Soviet dissident Vladimir Bukovsky. Chile said it will free Montes if Havana releases Huber Matos, a former official in the Cuban revolution.

A government spokesman said today that neither the Soviet Union nor Cuba has responded.

The government says that the 16 others still in custody will be released into exile when foreign governments are ready to take them.

Thirteen have already been offered visas by 11 European and Latin American countries, the government press office said. A spokesman said no problem was expected in obtaining visas for the three others.

News Analysis

Federalists, Separatists Split Montreal Into Two Camps

By Henry Giniger

MONTREAL, Nov. 18 (NYT).—Quebec Province's momentous election on Monday has left this city geographically divided into federalist and separatist camps.

A casual look at the latest electoral map of Montreal Island reminds one of Cyprus, Beirut, Belfast or any other place where ethnic, ideological, religious and economic differences have split the populace into opposing groups.

What happens in the Montreal area is important to Quebec's future, because more than half the population is concentrated here. Almost a third of the seats in the Quebec provincial Legislature are filled by Montrealers, and most of the power of economic decision in Quebec is situated here.

Roughly speaking, the eastern half of Montreal is of French derivation and the western half English. The dividing line had traditionally been Saint Lawrence Boulevard, which runs through the center of the city from north to south. Quebec as a whole is about 80 per cent French-speaking, but this percentage is reduced to about 65 per cent on Montreal Island, because it is here that the great bulk of the English-speaking population lives.

The French half of Montreal shores up solidly for the Parti Québécois, the party that stands for independence. Of the 69 seats won by this party in the national House of Commons, the French part of Montreal supplied 17. On the western side, English Montreal gave the Liberal party 12 of the 28 seats that party managed to salvage from the wreckage. On the extreme western end of the island, the heavily English district of Pointe Claire also registered a federalist vote, but for the conservative National Union.

The vote showed a division not only between French and English but also between well-off and less well-off. There are well-to-do or at least middle-class districts in eastern Montreal, but as a whole there is a big sectional difference in incomes and in economic responsibility and power. One of the biggest grievances of the French Canadians, and consequently of the Parti Québecois, has been this disproportion between population and economic power, and the party has said it was "out to end the domination of the English over Quebec's economy."

Economic Split

This helps explain why disquiet reigns in the relatively affluent homes of western Montreal. Conversely, there is jubilation in the more crowded and plebeian eastern and southeastern sections.

Charles Bronfman, head of Seagram Distillers, chairman of the board of the Montreal Expos baseball team and one of the wealthiest residents of Westmount, threatened last Sunday to leave Quebec if the Parti Québecois won. Two days after its victory, he is still here and admitting that he had panicked. He now is saying he will stay and fight to keep Canada together.

Even tougher talk came from Bryce MacKasey, a Liberal party leader and former minister in the federal Cabinet, who came to provincial politics to help his political cause and won a seat in a western district, Notre Dame de Grace. Mr. MacKasey journeyed to Winnipeg, in the midwest, and declared to an English-Canadian audience, "Mr. Levesque is a dangerous man. Don't be taken in by Gallic smiles. He stands for independence and for nothing else."

René Levesque, as leader of the Parti Québecois, is to become premier of Quebec.

Ethnic Groups

More recently arrived ethnic groups in Montreal, such as Italians, Greeks and Portuguese, who are concentrated in the middle of the island, particularly in its northern sections, also influenced the election. They were furious with the Liberal government for trying to force their children into French schools, and consequently they contributed to the Liberal defeat, mostly by voting for the National Union. The Union gave them a chance to vote for federalism, which most of them support, and against the Liberals.

Robert Bourassa, the outgoing Premier, lost his district of Mercier, in the middle of Montreal, partly because a third of his electorate was of immigrant origin.

A class division among the French could be seen in the district of Outremont, on the western side of Montrea., where many middle-class and upper-class French live. It went to the Liberals by a narrow margin, because most of these French also favor federalism.

The relatively calm, wait-and-see attitude of opponents of separatism has been helped by the equally calm and reassuring words of Mr. Levesque, who has promised not to pull Quebec out of Canada unilaterally until a referendum gives him a clear mandate to do so.

Smith Finds No Danger to Geneva Talks

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Nov. 18 (UPI). — Prime Minister Ian Smith today expressed confidence that the Geneva conference will survive the present stalemate.

He told the Rhodesia Herald that he did not believe the conference would collapse as a result of the demands by the black "Patriotic Front" that a shift to majority rule take place within a year.

The Patriotic Front comprises two of the four black groups represented at the parley: Joshua Nkomo's wing of the African National Council and the more radical Robert Mugabe's Zimbabwe African National Union.

The two men demand that Britain, from which Rhodesia unilaterally declared independence 11 years ago, confer independence on this country—a prerequisite for a transfer of power to the black majority—within one year.

Mr. Smith was commenting a day after Rhodesia released details of a 14-hour battle in the southeastern Honde Valley Monday. The fight resulted in the deaths of 31 guerrillas, the highest toll in the four-year war.

So far this month, security forces have killed 173 guerrillas —more than in all of 1975. Security forces have lost 13 men killed this month.

Senior military spokesmen say the guerrillas are waging an offensive to coincide with the Geneva talks, with between 1,200 and 2,000 men already in Rhodesia.

$500,000 Posted As Miss Hearst's Bail by Father

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 18 (AP).—Patricia Hearst's father posted $500,000 bail today and a state judge said that he assumed that a federal judge in San Francisco would release the young heiress from custody.

Superior Court Judge William Ritzi said that he would notify the Metropolitan Correctional Center at San Diego that Miss Hearst can be released if the federal judge agrees.

Judge Ritzi refused a request from Miss Hearst's attorney, Al Johnson, to reduce her bail to $250,000, but said that he would reconsider it after he hears the ruling of U.S. District Court Judge William Orrick.

"If she is released by the San Francisco court and if bail is substantial in that case, I certainly would consider reduction of bond," Judge Ritzi said.

Randolph Hearst, president of The San Francisco Examiner, appeared before the judge with his twin brother, David Hearst, and both signed documents giving personal surety to cover the $500,000.

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Keystone.

SOCIALIST REALISM?—Sculptor working on a statuette of a farmer sowing rice in paddies in Hupeh province of China. The caption noted that studio has no walls.

Saxbe, Leaving Post in India, Says Relations Are Improved

By William Borders

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18 (NYT). —Ambassador William Saxbe is leaving his post in India this week, feeling "encouraged" about what he sees as improvements in the often tumultuous relationship between this country and the United States.

"When we first came here, you never heard anything good about the United States or anything bad about Russia," he said. "Now you still hear nothing bad about Russia, but you begin to hear something good about the United States occasionally."

"I think that they are beginning to get the idea that we are not infiltrating their government, that we are not interfering in their affairs, or that we're not going to encourage someone to attack them if we don't like their form of government," Mr. Saxbe said during an interview in his office in the modern white and gold embassy building here.

Mr. Saxbe, who has been here since March of last year, declined several times to comment substantively on the stern new government that came to India a few months after he arrived, on the ground that it would be inappropriate.

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and other Indian leaders, stung by U.S. criticism of what they have done here, have pointed out repeatedly that the United States has friendly relations with governments that are more repressive than this one.

Mr. Saxbe's response to that is, "I don't think they realize that a lot of the attitude that we read in the American press and we hear from members of Congress is a sense of disappointment, because they did have a pretty deep, hadworking democracy here for a great number of years."

He said that he had deliberately tried to avoid the "interventionist" U.S. posture of the past, and that it had worked, having achieved for the United States a greater rapport with the Indians than they had at the time of his arrival.

At that time India was still smarting over the U.S. tilt toward the Pakistanis in the 1971 war and the announced U.S. decision to resume arms sales to them.

Home to Ohio

Now the 60-year-old ambassador, a former Republican senator and attorney general, is going home to Mechanicsburg, Ohio, where he runs a cattle farm.

He was particularly critical of suggestions that the United States might put pressure on the Indian government by threatening to withdraw its aid. "Our contribution is so insignificant compared to the Indian economy," he said.

"This is something that I run into with Congress. They give them a little dibby dab of grain —and it's foisted on them many times because we want to get rid of it—and then we come and say: 'All right, now we'll tell you how to run your country.'"

Compared with its total domestic harvest of about 120 million tons of grain this year, India received 600,000 tons in aid from the United States.

Ford's Aid Plan For Lisbon Needs Carter Follow-Up

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (WP). —A Ford administration decision to spread a financial safety net for the Socialist government of Portuguese Premier Mario Soares will require follow-through action by the Carter administration, officials emphasized yesterday.

The project for aid to Portugal is intended to help Mr. Soares's minority government demonstrate it can survive without sharing power with Communists.

A $300-million emergency loan through the Treasury Department can be supplied in the remaining life of the Ford administration. But the larger objective is an international consortium to provide Portugal with about $1.5 billion, with the United States supplying about 30 per cent of that sum, or about $450 million.

"The program has been approved in principle in the Executive Branch," a State Department spokesman said yesterday while declining to discuss amounts or other details.

Polish Unit Says Police Tortured Detained Rioters

WARSAW, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Polish workers who protested against government-planned food price increases last June were tortured during their arrest, the committee for the defense of the workers said today.

The committee said in a letter to parliament that the detained workers were forced by police into a so-called "health track"—a double row of policemen who beat them up with batons.

Similar "health tracks" were put up in various prisons where the workers were detained, the committee said.

"There is mounting fear that the methods of Stalinism may return to Poland," it said in the letter.

The committee said the main victims of these tortures were the workers at Radom, 65 miles from Warsaw, and of the Ursus tractor plant near Warsaw.

"A total of 96 cases checked in Radom revealed 93 tortures and more than half of the 94 demonstrators arrested in the Ursus plant were also beaten up," the committee said.

Raid in Jordan Claims 8th Victim

AMMAN, Nov. 18 (UPI).—An Egyptian banker injured in the Palestinian terror attack on the Intercontinental Hotel yesterday died of his wounds today, Amman radio said.

Kamal Abdul Gaber, manager of the Cairo branch of the Alexandria Bank, died at the Jordan University Hospital, the radio said. It gave no further details.

Mr. Gaber's death brought the casualty toll in yesterday's four-hour battle between four Black June terrorists and Jordanian Army commandos to eight dead and five wounded.

Richardson Starts Trip

LONDON, Nov. 18 (UPI).—U.S. Commerce Secretary Elliot Richardson arrived today to start a 16-day economic and commercial mission that will also take him to Romania, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Morocco and Portugal.

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Rees to Allow 2 to Appeal U.K. Ouster

LONDON, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Home Secretary Merlyn Rees said today that two U.S. writers will be allowed to appeal personally to him before he serves a deportation notice on them.

"My decision at this stage," he told Parliament, "is only one of notice of intention to deport. Before proceeding to make deportation orders, I shall consider the advice of an independent advisory panel and also any representations they themselves may make to me directly."

Deportation notices were served earlier this week on Philip Agee, 41, a former U.S. Central Intelligence Agency operative, and Mark Hosenball, 25, a U.S.-born reporter currently working for the London Evening Standard.

Mr. Agee asked today that Mr. Rees reconsider his decision not to reveal the reasons for the deportation move.

"I would like him to name names, times and places," Mr. Agee said. "There is probably a legitimate explanation for anything they think I have done. The allegations are so vague and general that I just don't have a chance to explain."

Mr. Rees said notices were served on the two "because I concluded that their departure from the United Kingdom would be conducive to the public good and in the interests of national security."

He said Mr. Agee, who now resides at Cambridge and is working on his second book about the CIA, has been told the government has information "that he had maintained regular contacts harmful to the security of the United Kingdom with foreign intelligence officers, had been and continued to be involved in the dissemination of information harmful to the security of the United Kingdom and aided and counseled others in obtaining information for publication which could be harmful to the security of the United Kingdom."

Mr. Hosenball, a native of Cleveland, was told that the government has information "that he, in concert with others, had sought to obtain and had obtained for publication information harmful to the security of the United Kingdom and this included information prejudicial to the safety of servants of the Crown," Mr. Rees said.

Tito Will Keep Up Defenses Despite Brezhnev Pledge

BELGRADE, Nov. 18 (Reuters). —Yugoslavia has served notice it will not relax its defenses despite a public assurance from Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev that the Soviet Union has no aggressive intentions.

Shortly after Mr. Brezhnev left here yesterday after a three-day visit, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug gave extracts from an official report that said Yugoslavia's armed forces were capable of fighting against "any aggression, whether by land, sea or air."

Mr. Brezhnev, in a dinner speech here on Monday, ridiculed any suggestion that the Soviet Union was "a terrible, bloodthirsty wolf" that might one day devour the Yugoslav "Red Riding Hood."

He and President Tito signed a communiqué recognizing Yugoslavia's unfettered right to develop its own unorthodox form of Communism.

The communiqué followed closely the lines of a document adopted last June in East Berlin by a conference of European Communist parties, which recognized the principle of autonomy for national Communist parties.

177th SALT-2 Session

GENEVA, Nov. 18 (UPI).—U.S. and Soviet negotiators met for one hour 45 minutes yesterday at the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT-2). It was the 177th meeting in the second SALT round.

WHEN IN MONTE-CARLO
Erik
Smartest things in town for her, for him, for the house
7, Ave. d'Ostende, 1er floor. Tel.: 50.91.51.

Unesco Vote Against Israel

(Continued from Page 1)

the "systematic Judaization of educational and cultural life."

Israel recently invited Unesco to send a mission to the territories to investigate the Arab allegations and Western nations argued that it would be unfair to condemn Israel before the facts were reported by the group.

"The resolution prejudges the results of a fact-finding mission contrary to elemental principles of fairness and equity," chief U.S. delegate Robert Kamm said in a statement after the vote. "Why has it been thought necessary to criticize Israel before a single member of the fact-finding mission has stepped inside a single school?"

He said other sections of the resolution raised "mere allegations" to the status of "objectively reached conclusions."

The United States two years ago cut off its Unesco contributions—more than $38 million—because of Unesco approval of what it considered anti-Israeli resolutions. U.S. Rep. Albert Quie, R-Minn., said today's vote would make it even more difficult to get Congress to change its mind.

Israel Sees Hostility

TEL AVIV, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Israel described the resolution approved by Unesco as "hostile." But a government source said the vote was unlikely to reverse an Israeli decision to permit a Unesco fact-finding delegation to inspect educational and cultural facilities in the occupied Arab territory.

But Tension Centers on the South

Most of Lebanon Is Reported Calm

BEIRUT, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Although fighting was reported continuing today in areas of the north and south not yet entered by the Arab peace-keeping army, most of Lebanon remained calm.

Palestinian leader Yassir Arafat left for Damascus to discuss the latest rifts in the guerrilla movement following clashes between the Syrian-backed as-Saiqa group and a rival Palestinian faction.

Most tension appeared to center on the south, where Israeli-backed Christian rightists have been fighting against Palestinian-Moslem leftist forces. Beirut and the other four-fifths of Lebanon occupied by the Syrian-dominated Arab army were reported calm.

Troops Massed

Witnesses said leftists and rightists have massed about 4,000 troops each in the area of Marjayoun, a strategic Christian rightist-controlled town close to the Israeli border, about 41 miles south of Beirut.

They said that the Christian rightists have deployed along a seven-mile line from Marjayoun south to the border village of Adeissah, with the most leftists lined up opposite them on a 10-mile front stretching from below Kfar Tebnit to the Litani River and the hills above the town of Deir Mimas.

Both sides are equipped with tanks and heavy artillery, they said, adding that the Israelis were reported to have stationed troops and about 20 tanks below the far northern Israeli border settlement of Metulla, across the border from the Christian positions.

There were no reports of renewed fighting today, but tension climbed in the area following the capture yesterday by Christian-rightist forces of the formerly leftist-controlled village of Kfar Kala, close to the Israeli border and south of Marjayoun.

Open Secret

The Moslem-leftist forces charged that Israeli artillery and troops supported the Christian rightists, but this could not be confirmed. Although it has been an open secret that the Israelis have been providing arms and training to the rightists, so far there has been no hard evidence that Israeli soldiers have been involved in the fighting. However, there have been regular reports of Israeli "advisers" sighted among the rightist fighters.

In the north, the independent newspaper An Nahar said, clashes have been going on since Sunday between rightists and leftists in the Tripoli area, with an escalation of fighting yesterday.

The Syrian-dominated Arab peace-keeping force has yet to extend its positions up the main highways from Beirut to Tripoli, in the north, and Sidon, in the south, a move expected this weekend.

Flights to Resume

PARIS, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Middle East Airlines and Air France said today that they were resuming regular flights to Beirut following the reopening of that city's airport.

MEA said that it would resume flights to Beirut tomorrow. Air France said that its service would begin soon.



United Press International

LAUGHING MATTER—Philippe Deshormes, secretar general of the North Atlantic Assembly, laughing at joke made by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger at assembly session in Williamsburg, Va. It was the secretary's first public appearance since the U.S. electio

Tories Lead Labor by 25%, Poll Shows

LONDON, Nov. 18 (UPI).—A Gallup poll published by the London Daily Telegraph today gave the opposition Conservative party a 25-per-cent lead over the governing Labor party.

Only a month ago, the Conservative lead was 11.5 per cent.

The latest figures were: Conservatives 55 per cent, Labor 30 per cent, Liberals 11.5 per cent, others 3.5 per cent.

The big jump in support for the Conservatives was said to reflect public reaction to Britain's current economic situation.

Willing to Advise Carter Team

Kissinger Sees a Good Chanc For Settlement in Middle Ea

By Bernard Gwertzman

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (NYT). —Secretary of State Henry Kissinger says that the Carter administration will inherit an unprecedented opportunity to help achieve a Middle East peace, and he is willing to lend advice on how to accomplish it.

Privately and publicly in recent days, Mr. Kissinger and his principal advisers on the Middle East have spoken in unusually optimistic terms about the prospects for a Middle East settlement in 1977-78. This contrasts with their pessimistic mood at the height of the Lebanon civil war crisis and the U.S. election campaign.

Mr. Kissinger's optimism, however, has been scorned by Israelis and their supporters. They claim that he has been unduly affected by what they call an Arab "peace campaign" aimed at influencing the incoming Carter administration to adopt a conciliatory attitude toward the Arab countries and to pressure Israel for territorial concessions.

"We believe the objective conditions for progress towards peace in the Middle East are better now than they have been perhaps at any time since the creation of the state of Israel," Mr. Kissinger said Tuesday to parliamentarians from NATO countries.

"We believe that the countries of the Middle East, through the experiences of the last few years, have learned that nobody can impose a program on the other, and that the easing of the tensions between Syria and Egypt may create conditions in which progress can be started toward peace negotiations," he said.

Because of Mr. Kissinger's intense involvement in Middle East diplomacy in the last three years, Sen. Abraham Ribicoff, D-Con on a recent trip to the Mid East, proposed that Preside elect Jimmy Carter name Mr. K singer as a special Middle E peace envoy after the president inauguration on Jan. 20.

When asked Tuesday night a reception here whether would be willing to serve a special envoy, Mr. Kissin showed little enthusiasm for idea, but said he would be willing to provide advice to Carter team on tactics and st egy in Middle East negotiati

He will see Mr. Carter on S urday in Plains, Ga., and Middle East situation is to be of the important topics of cussion.

Mr. Kissinger believes that a result of the Lebanese confl the Palestine Liberation Orga sation has been seriously weak ed as a force able to oper against Arab-Israeli negotiati

However, Israel's Prime Mi ter Yitzhak Rabin, Defense M ister Shimon Peres and Fore Minister Yigal Allon have pressed skepticism about pe prospects, although they ackno edge that the Arabs, particula President Anwar Sadat of Eg have launched a major drive convince the United States their desire for peace.

Mr. Sadat has said recer that he is ready to negotiate peace agreement with Israel.

He continues to call for a ti Israeli withdrawal from A land captured in the 1967 w and for the creation of a Pa tinian state on the West Ba of the Jordan and in the G Strip—conditions that Israel jects.

Mr. Rabin has said that rat than strive for a comprehens peace, further interim steps tween Israel and Egypt and Sy and Jordan might be more fr ful.

Mr. Kissinger's optimism l triked many Israelis who beli that it puts undue pressure Mr. Carter to plunge into ne tiations and encourages the Ar to believe that U.S. support Israel is wavering.

Proposal to U.S. Firms

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (IH —Mr. Kissinger yesterday ur American firms to share th scientific and technological pertise with the less-develo nations of the world, saying th such sharing would significan promote global stability a peace.

"The problem of world order the dominant one of our tim the secretary told an audience more than 800 people invited the State Department for a o day national meeting on scien technology and development.

The social and economic peets of this problem, Mr. K singer said, will in the ye ahead determine whether t United States lives in a cooper tive, progressive atmosphere a other nations or is continuou embroiled in strife with other

Israel Reluctant on Meeting Arabs in Geneva but Would Go

TEL AVIV, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Israel is reluctant to resume the Middle East peace conference in Geneva even if Egyptian President Anwar Sadat sticks by his reported offer to negotiate without preconditions, government sources said today.

But they said that Israel would be willing to go back to Geneva if Egypt turns down Jerusalem's proposal for bilateral talks aimed at ending the state of war between the two countries.

"We doubt that the most effective solution right now is the Geneva conference," a government source said. "We have already tried Geneva and we know what it looks like."

He said that the two days of formal talks at the December, 1973, Geneva conference "turned out to be another UN" with "the same propaganda speeches."

Israel, Egypt, Jordan, the United States, the Soviet Union and the United Nations took part in the two-day session. Syria, which had been invited, boycotted the talks.

Other Solutions

"We have come to the conclusion that after three years Geneva didn't do so well and we are looking for other solutions," the government source said.

The framework of the Geneva conference was used to formalize Israel's troop disengagement accords with Egypt and Syria, but Secretary of State Henry Kissinger worked out the actual pacts during peace shuttles to the region.

Despite Israel's concern about the outcome of new Geneva talks, the government source said, "We will accept it." He said that the government has never turned down Mr. Sadat's proposal despite skepticism about the intentions of the Egyptian leader.

In recent meetings in Cairo with two separate groups of U.S. legislators, Mr. Sadat said that he is ready to go to Geneva to discuss peace with Israel without any preconditions.

But the Egyptian leader said that his picture of an overall peace settlement would include an Israeli pullback from all Arab territory captured in the 1967 war and the creation of a Palestinian state. Israel is adamantly opposed to both.

Any Place, Any Time

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said last night: "I'm ready to meet with Sadat, President of Egypt, in any place, at any hour and at any time. If he wants to meet with me in Geneva—he's welcome. If elsewhere, that's fine with me."

Government sources expressed doubt that Egypt really wants to resume the Geneva talks, saying that Mr. Sadat made his offer solely for propaganda reasons.

The Israeli government, using the United States as an intermediary, called on Egypt last spring to negotiate an end of the state of war between the two countries.

Israeli officials described such a nonbelligerency accord as a step short of a full-scale peace agreement, which, therefore, would require fewer Israeli concessions than full peace.

Calif. Population Up 1.5 Million in 6 Year

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Nov. (AP). — California's populati has grown by nearly 1.5 millio in the last six years, partly b cause of an influx of thousan of Vietnamese refugees, officia said. Most of the new Califo nians, however, came from oth parts of the United States.

On July 1, the population California was 21,520,000, up fro 20,026,000 on July 1, 1970, accord ing to state estimates.

News Analysis:

All Washington Is Looking Toward Plains, Ga.

By Hedrick Smith

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (NYT) —There is a saying in Washington that a [illegible]'s term begins not on the date of his inauguration but on the day of his election, and in some sense this is already true of the Ford-Carter transition in spite of repeated disclaimers from President-elect Jimmy Carter.

When he decided to stage his transition to the presidency from Plains, Ga., rather than set himself up in Washington, the private explanation from his aides was that he did not want to crowd President Ford in his final weeks in office.

Yet even from a distant vantage point in south Georgia, the President-elect has upstaged the President, and, in the White House, the sense of release from the absolute rigors of exercising power has given vent to playfulness.

Fencing With Burns

While Mr. Ford was golfing recently at Thunderbird Country Club in Palm Springs, Calif., Mr. Carter was busy looking presidential behind a lectern conducting two news conferences before an expanded following of reporters.

In the two weeks since winning the presidency, he has not only captured public attention with his methodical preparations for selecting the principal figures of his administration but has also plunged into some delicate public fencing with Arthur Burns, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, over the proper dosage of economic medicine for the nation's ailing economy.

Although modestly encamped about 800 miles south of the capital, he has summoned 15 Democratic congressional leaders to the gracious, white-pillared mansion of Georgia's Sen. Herman Talmadge, to sound them out on Cabinet appointments and his plans for government reorganization.

Tomorrow, Director of Central Intelligence George Bush will go to brief Mr. Carter on the international situations, to be followed on Saturday by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger. Within days, tens of prospective candidates for high government positions will be flying to the Plains airfield to line up for their Cabinet interviews.

In Washington, a Latin American diplomat warns U.S. journalists over luncheon that Mr. Carter will find the Panama Canal Zone negotiations one of his earliest, most explosive problems. And at the glittering black-tie dinner for the Tutankhamen exhibition at the National Gallery of Art, a journalist just in from Cairo and no longer interested in the shuttle diplomacy of Mr. Kissinger but eager to meet Mr. Carter's press secretary, demands:

"How can I arrange to meet this Jody Powell if he is in Georgia?"

Kennedy Eclipsed

For a city of endless gossipy interests in new champions, the impending ascendancy of the former Georgia governor has not only upstaged the Ford White House but even eclipsed the eternal speculation about the activities and ambitions of Sen. Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts.

"Suddenly the Kennedy talk has stopped," commented a veteran political speechwriter. "Imagine being the elder statesman of the Democratic party at 44?"

"Camelot has faded," said a congressional aide close to both the Carter and Kennedy camps. "A lot of the old Kennedy hands are hanging black crepe around Washington. They see that they are no longer a government in exile."

Yet although Mr. Carter may be moving rapidly to capture political initiative and capture public interest before his inauguration Jan. 20, the change in mood here is entirely normal for the political season.

Outgoing administrations, shorn of long-term power, are reduced in their final weeks to tinkering and valedictories. It happened in 1960, when President Dwight Eisenhower was largely dormant while national attention shifted to John Kennedy, or again in 1968, when President Lyndon Johnson holed up at his Texas ranch while Richard Nixon dominated the news from his headquarters at the Pierre Hotel in New York City.

Political Gravity

Outwardly, at least, Mr. Ford has taken this shift of political gravity in stride though not everyone in the White House has reacted with such equanimity. Ron Nessen, his press secretary, exploded in pique Tuesday when reporters started to ignore him in his own office in favor of Mr. Powell, the new spokesman for the incoming Carter administration.

But other Ford aides have seemed to enjoy the relaxation of releasing responsibility to their successors, gently poking fun at the arrival of the new entourage from the South. When Mr. Nessen introduced Mr. Powell to David Kennerly, the official White House photographer, Mr. Kennerly saucily offered a thickly accented Southern greeting: "Hi, how yew?"

Other White House staffers, mocking the eagerness of Democrats to find jobs in the new administration, circulated a parody of a job application for the Carter White House. Along with a series of test questions (Sample: What is the second verse of Dixie? How do you drain a pond? Or to what magazines do you subscribe?), it asked applicants to list the position they sought and also the "position you really expect to get."

And a few blocks away, the President Ford Committee headquarters summed up the Republican sentiment by hanging out a sign from its 10th-floor offices: "There goes the neighborhood."

Carter's Executive Reforms Win Support of Congressmen

By Helen Dewar

LOVEJOY, Ga., Nov. 18 (WP). —President-elect Jimmy Carter yesterday won tacit approval from congressional leaders for authority to reorganize the executive branch, subject to veto by Congress. He also pledged to consult with congressional leaders before submitting his major legislative proposals.

Despite reports that Mr. Carter and Congress would get off to a shaky start, he and 16 members of the House of Representatives and Senate Democratic leadership emerged smiling and pledging cooperation after a three-hour lunch at the white-columned home here of Sen. Herman Talmadge, D-Ga., about 30 miles south of Atlanta.

Both Mr. Carter and the congressional leaders said afterward that the former Georgia governor's campaign pledge for a bureaucratic overhaul was discussed in general terms and no objections were raised to the idea of reinstating recently expired presidential authority, dating back to the 1950s, to propose executive branch changes subject to congressional veto.

Mr. Carter will meet with President Ford at the White House on Monday afternoon for the first time since the election. They will discuss the transition between administrations.

Mr. Carter will not name any Cabinet members before Dec. 1, his press secretary said today.

During the campaign, Mr. Carter, charging that the federal bureaucracy was "inefficient" and "wasteful," said reorganization was a must and suggested that the 1,900 federal departments and agencies could be reduced to 200, although he did not spell out exactly how.

Efficiency Is Goal

"I would like for the Congress to take the fullest possible action commensurate with congressional restraints, with constitutional restraints, to direct me to make the executive branch efficient," Mr. Carter said.

He said no formal action was taken at the meeting but there was "remarkable compatibility" between himself and the congressional leaders on all matters discussed. Senate Finance Committee chairman Russell Long, D-La., said: "Everyone seemed to be favorable."

"If the meeting this afternoon was any indication of what lies ahead for this country insofar as congressional-presidential relations are concerned, the omens are all good," Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield, D-Mont., who is retiring in January, said.

"The President-elect said he wanted peace in the world, he wanted the economy of America to be moving and he wanted a balanced budget—we will work with him to that end," House Majority Leader Thomas O'Neill, D-Mass., said. He added, "He will have 100-per-cent cooperation from me."

'Very Fruitful'

Mr. Carter called it a "very fruitful interchange of ideas" and said he brought to it "a pledge on my part to do everything I can to restore harmony between the White House and the congressional leadership."

This was a reference to eight years of often-strained relations between the Republican-controlled White House and Democratic-dominated Congress.

Earlier yesterday, Mr. Carter's campaign treasurer, Robert Lipschutz, released a report that showed that the Georgian spent nearly $35 million in winning the Democratic presidential nomination and the presidency, including almost all of his $21.8 million in federal funds for the autumn campaign.

Mr. Carter spent $13.2 million to win the nomination and "within 1 to 2 per cent" of his $21.8-million federal grant for the general election campaign.



Associated Press.

GETTING ACQUAINTED—A representative of a funeral home leaning on a coffin and speaking to a class in a high school in Rolling Meadows, Ill., a Chicago suburb. Several north suburban Chicago high schools have instituted courses in death as moves to humanize dying spread in the United States.

Ford Approves Production of 60 More Missiles

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (AP). —President Ford has approved production of 60 more Minuteman long-range missiles "to show our resolve" in the face of continued Soviet deployment of powerful new missiles, the Defense Department said yesterday.

The additional Minutemen, each equipped to carry three nuclear warheads, will be placed in storage, officials said.

The aim of the move, approved by Congress, is to keep open the only U.S. intercontinental ballistic missile production line.

The Pentagon indicated that a major factor in Mr. Ford's decision is the lack of U.S.-Soviet agreement on a long-term limitation on strategic nuclear weapons on both sides.

The action will leave the United States with 550 Minuteman-2 missiles and 450 single-warhead Minuteman-2 missiles in combat position.

Congress voted $260.7 million earlier this year at Mr. Ford's request to keep open the Minuteman production line if he decided it was necessary.

Planners Confident Capital Can Handle Carter Inaugural

By Karlyn Barker

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (WP). —City and police officials say they will be ready for and welcome the hordes of out-of-towners expected to accept President-elect Jimmy Carter's open invitation to attend a week of inaugural festivities here.

After the elaborate preparations made to celebrate the nation's Bicentennial, the officials and Mr. Carter's own Inaugural Committee say, they have the resources and knowledge to manage the crowds, even if hundreds of thousands show up for the inauguration.

"I have no apprehension about the ability of the city to be host to citizens across the nation," Mayor Walter Washington said earlier this week through a spokesman. "They should feel welcome and secure."

The mayor was described as being "very enthusiastic" about Mr. Carter's invitation to all Americans—including up to 400,000 campaign workers whom Mr. Carter is personally inviting—to attend a "people's" inauguration.

Detailing plans for activities centered around the Jan. 20 inaugural, Bardyl Tirana, co-chairman of the Planning Committee, said that the city "is looking forward to the crowds" and a week of special cultural programs to commemorate the event.

Mr. Tirana said that Washington "is a good place for a celebration," and the Inaugural Committee is preparing for a modest but well-attended one.

The events and special preparations, he said, will include:

- A special weeklong cultural program that will involve the Smithsonian Institution, the Kennedy Center, the National Gallery of Art, the American Film Institute and other museums and theaters.
- Opening museums, monuments and other attractions on a summer rather than a winter schedule.
- Six to eight inaugural parties—as opposed to formal balls—that will be held around the city the night of Jan. 20 and are expected to attract up to 45,000 persons.
- A special event in honor of the Vice-President-elect, Sen. Walter Mondale of Minnesota, and his wife, Joan, to be held before the inaugural.
- A special inauguration-eve gathering that, Mr. Tirana said, will be "celebratory" in nature and features performances. He did not provide other details.
- The traditional inaugural parade following Mr. Carter's swearing-in at the Capitol.

So far, the committee has received a "very, very favorable response," Mr. Tirana said, to the announcement about Mr. Carter's modest inaugural plans.



AP.

CLEAR—Homemade sign in the style of international traffic markers was put up by owner of a garden gate near a bar in Berlin.

Study Finds 47% In U.S. Forces Are Drug Users

OKLAHOMA CITY, Nov. 18 (AP).—Nearly half the enlisted men in the U.S. armed forces regularly use drugs, a Department of Defense study shows.

According to the study, described in the November issue of Private Practice, an Oklahoma City-based medical journal, the conclusions were based on a 1974 unpublished study of 700 Army soldiers.

The magazine, the official publication of the Congress of County Medical Societies, said among the findings were:

- Forty-seven per cent of the men admitted using drugs regularly, nearly twice the rate (27 per cent) found in a similar study conducted in 1969.
- Forty per cent of the men said they had used marijuana; the rest either used a number of drugs or were exclusive users of another drug.
- Heroin use was admitted by about 5 per cent of the soldiers, but researchers said this may be low because of a big increase in the availability of Mexican heroin.

Concorde Texas Runs Are Under Negotiation

DALLAS, Nov. 18 (Reuters).—British Airways and Braniff International Airways opened talks yesterday on a plan for Concorde service between here and London by way of Washington. Two U.S. agencies would have to approve the program.

British Airways crews would man the supersonic airliners between London and Washington, and Braniff crews would fly them at subsonic speeds between Washington and Dallas-Fort Worth Airport.

Kekkonen, Kadar Confer

BUDAPEST, Nov. 18 (UPI).—President Urho Kekkonen of Finland and Hungarian Communist party First Secretary Janos Kadar today discussed bilateral trade and questions of European security and cooperation, the Hungarian news agency said.

Study of Contraceptives Gives Good Marks to the Diaphragm

By Morton Mintz

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (WP). —A long-term study of contraceptive methods is highly favorable to the diaphragm, with researchers finding "no material risks" other than pregnancy.

The pregnancy rate—2.4 per cent a year—greatly exceeds the 0.14 per cent in women in the study who used birth-control pills. But the rate is less than a quarter as high as has commonly been attributed to the diaphragm by family-planning specialists who have lumped together women who use the device reliably and properly (with spermicidal cream or jelly) and women who do not.

In addition to confirming the results of many previous audits of the relative benefits and risks of various forms of birth control, the study, by Prof. Martin Vessy and Prof. Richard Doll, aided by three associates at Oxford University, produced a few striking new findings, including:

- "Clear evidence of impairment of fertility after discontinuation of oral contraceptives," accompanied by uncertainty as to whether some pill users become permanently sterile.
- "Remarkably unfavorable" outcomes of unplanned pregnancies in women fitted with intrauterine devices (IUDs), both in terms of gestation in the fallopian tubes and of miscarriage.

A 52-page report on the study—published recently in the Journal of Biosocial Science, which is issued by the Galton Foundation in London—appears while the U.S. Food and Drug Administration here is preparing a major overhaul of the official birth-control pill labeling. "The available evidence does not yet allow a final balance to be struck between the benefits and risks associated with" the pill and the IUD, the report cautioned.

The study dates back to 1968, when the scientists, working with the Family Planning Association in England and Scotland, began enrolling volunteers—ultimately 17,032 women at 17 clinics.

The volunteers were all married, white British subjects 25 to 39 years old who had been using the pill for at least five months or who had previously not taken it and who had been relying instead on the diaphragm or the IUD, also for at least five months.

Almost 25 per cent of the women relied on the diaphragm for an average of nearly three years each. The number, 4,223, is approximately twice as large as that in the largest clinical study ever made of diaphragm use in the United States. In that U.S. study, made by Planned Parenthood, only 2 per cent of 2,168 users, including teen-agers, became pregnant, the organization reported in May.

The impairment of fertility in women on the pill appeared to be unrelated to duration of use and was especially marked in childless women.

"While the impairment diminishes with time, it is disturbing that there is still an appreciable difference in the results for the 'oral contraceptive' and 'nonoral contraceptive' groups 30 months after the discontinuation of birth control," the report said.

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Dutch General Fears Battle Deficiencies

NATO Is Warned on the Need to Match Arms

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, Nov. 18 (IHT).—Allied armies will face serious combat difficulties unless there is increased coordination of weapons production and utilization, a prominent Dutch general said today.

Brig. Gen. Rudyard Lawson, speaking in conjunction with the publication of a study on arms problems within the Atlantic alliance, said that in some areas, notably communications, lack of coordination among the 14 NATO nations raised serious military questions.

But he said that last week's agreement between the United States and West Germany on developing common components for their new tanks was sound. "We can live with this tank compromise," he commented. He said it showed that nations need not abandon their armaments industry to achieve what the military calls weapons "interoperability."

The remarks by Gen. Lawson, who is on NATO's Arms Standardization Committee, drew attention to the growing debate within the alliance on the cost —both economic and social—of arms production, sales and duplication.

This debate has been fueled in recent weeks by several developments, including the tank replacements, U.S. difficulties with the European air defense missile Roland, a report by two U.S. senators on NATO's strategic deficiencies and the publication by the Atlantic Institute of a study called "Towards Rationalizing Allied Weapons Production," by Gardiner Tucker, former NATO assistant secretary-general.

Conventional War

The issue being posed today is how the NATO nations are to pay for a revised strategy that calls for increased emphasis on conventional weapons in case of a conventional war. This new emphasis means that everything from bullets and rifles to tanks and fighter aircraft must be improved at a time when many nations of the alliance are facing serious economic difficulties.

It does not mean that nuclear deterrents are being abandoned, only that an increasing number of military men think that war in Europe, if it comes, will be fought without nuclear weapons.

Gen. Lawson admitted that, for political and industrial reasons, it often is difficult for the NATO nations to avoid weapons duplication. But from a military viewpoint, he said, it was essential at least to achieve interoperability, "the ability of our forces to work together."

The new U.S. and West German tanks will be interoperable, he said, meaning they will share many common components, such as tracks, fuel and motors. This is important, he said, because "the first thing damaged in a tank battle is the tracks."

But many NATO systems are not interoperable, posing real battlefield problems. He said that tactical communications equipment was the worst example, meaning that unit commanders might not even be able to talk to each other. Another potential problem, he said, was aircraft. "We don't even know if the new MRCA and F-16 aircraft are interoperable," he said.

Three-Nation Effort

The MRCA aircraft is jointly developed by West Germany, Italy and Britain. The F-16 is used by the United States and several other allies. France uses neither.

Gen. Lawson agrees with the study by Prof. Tucker that the optimum solution would be specialization by different nations in different weapons, but so far there has been very little of this. The main culprit, all agree, is the United States, which buys very little from Europe.

The Franco-West German Roland missile was the first example of a major weapons system bought by the United States. That missile now has been modified by the United States at a cost of over $200 million, and the Europeans are no longer even sure it is interoperable—that is, can be fired from the same launcher—with their own.

The Warsaw Pact nations, Gen. Lawson said, have a much greater degree of interoperability, principally because the Soviet Union is the principal supplier of all their major weapons systems.

Russia 'More Threatening'

LONDON, Nov. 18 (AP).—Attempts by the Warsaw Pact to achieve military superiority are "destabilizing and a threat to peace," said a communiqué today from the NATO Nuclear Planning Group.

Joseph Luns, the Dutch secretary-general of the Western alliance, said at a news conference: "The Soviet military machine is more threatening than it was six or seven years ago—on land, on sea, in the air and in nuclear capabilities."

Obituaries

Man Ray, 86, Dada Artist And Innovative Photographer

PARIS, Nov. 18 (AP).—Man Ray, 86, the last notable survivor of the Dadaist art protest movement and an innovative photographer who was a vibrant part of the "lost generation" of Americans in Paris after World War I, died in his sleep today.

Mr. Ray, who was born in Philadelphia, had lived in Paris since 1921—a residence broken only by four years in California during World War II—but refused the label of expatriate, saying "I'm an American ambassador without portfolio."

When Mr. Ray came to Paris in 1921, he immediately moved into the Montparnasse literary and artistic circle. He was a friend of Hemingway, Fitzgerald, Picasso, Modigliani, Kandinsky, Pound, Calder and many others.

Dadaism was the literary, theatrical and artistic revolution of its time. It was an unstructured movement, born of revulsion over the waste of war and aimed at seeking new forms of expression. The name was born in 1916 when poet Tristan Tzara opened a dictionary and randomly spotted the word "dada".

An Extension

Mr. Ray, Marcel Duchamp and Picabia are often credited with extending Dadaism to art. But Mr. Ray said, "Nobody invented Dada. I might claim to have introduced Dada to New York."

Mr. Ray defined Dadaism in art as "a movement to express ridicule. We were destructive but I think we had a good effect on the art of the period. Out of our movement came the Surrealists, who were constructive."

And Dadaism was surely the forerunner of modern pop art.

The Museum of Modern Art in Paris gave Mr. Ray a retrospective exhibition in 1972, a rare tribute to a living artist.

Among Mr. Ray's early creations was a sewing machine covered with a blanket and tied up with a rope. It was called "The Enigma of Isadora Duncasse." He took a loaf of French bread to a foundry and had it cast in bronze, which he painted blue. He dubbed it "Pain Peint" [Painted Bread]—and was delighted with his French pun. His "New York 1920" was a jar filled with ball bearings in oil.

Dabbling in Cubism

Mr. Ray started his art career by dabbling in traditional representative art and Cubism. When he freed his imagination, galleries in New York were not interested. Among his baggage when he came to Paris were 30 paintings that turned out to be unappreciated on both sides of the Atlantic. He gave the paintings to anyone who liked them.

He turned to photography to make a living and did portraits of his friends in Montparnasse. He did fashion photography for Paul Poiret, the leading Paris designer of the day.

Mr. Ray's best-known photograph is "The Violin of Ingres," a sly work showing his favorite model, Kiki of Montparnasse, with her nude back painted to resemble a violin.

Later, he invented "Rayograms," strange black and white photographs produced without a camera by placing objects on sensitized paper in a darkroom.

In the 1950s Mr. Ray went back to painting, claiming that nothing new was happening in photography.

Maulana Bhashani

DACCA, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Maulana Abdul Hamid Bhashani, 94, a fiery hardliner revered across Bangladesh for his role in the country's independence movement, died yesterday in Dacca Medical College Hospital.

Anson Walker Perkins

KENOSHA, Wis., Nov. 18 (UPI).—Anson Walker Perkins, 78, who was one of the few surviving members of the 1928 expedition by Adm. Richard Byrd to the South Pole, died at his home Tuesday after a long illness.

Domingo Candia

PARIS, Nov. 18 (AP).—Domingo Candia, 80, an Argentine-born painter who spent much of his life in Paris, died yesterday, the Argentine Embassy announced. Mr. Candia's style was strongly influenced by Cézanne.

Louis G. Cowan

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Former CBS television president Louis G. Cowan, 66, who developed "The $64,000 Question" and then left the network following quiz show scandals, was killed with his wife today in a fire in their penthouse.



UPI.

Man Ray with one of his works, a metronome with an eye on it. He called it an "indestructible object."

Cyril Richardson

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (AP).—The Rev. Dr. Cyril Richardson, 67, church historian and expert on early Christianity, died at his Manhattan home Tuesday of a heart attack.

Dr. Richardson was a professor at Union Theological Seminary for 42 years. He wrote many scholarly works, including his widely known "The Doctrine of the Trinity," published in 1958. He was born in London, emigrated to Canada and graduated from the University of Saskatchewan in 1930. He was ordained an Episcopal priest in 1934.

Russia Indirectly Discloses Some Secret Work Centers

(Continued from Page 1)

tral KGB (secret police) Polyclinic, and to the deputy manager of the Seventh Heaven restaurant that revolves high up a Moscow TV tower.

"Refused for reasons of state interest," the restaurant man, Alexander Lukotsky, 29, said he was told. (State interest and state secrets are used interchangeably.) "You know why," authorities were said to have added. He insists that he does not know why.

But other Jews tend to stand away from him. "We make no judgment in his case," said one, which is unusual because the dissidents normally close ranks. Even when a potential emigrant has done secret work, they try to gild the lily a bit.

Thus, a man with a secrecy refusal since 1969 had long been described as "just a TV research engineer." Only recently, it turned out to have been reconnaissance satellite television. Similarly, "just a football player in the army" played for a missile unit, and "just an army doctor" was a surgeon with a missile brigade.

The conclusion must be that at least some of the secrecy refusals are valid. Being unable to know which ones are valid, however, the West could justifiably treat as secret installations all those where Russian "state secrets" were available to the Jews who were refused visas.

Soviet Interior Minister Nikolai Shchelokov last month told the sit-in protesters that the maximum refusal period here is five years. They immediately cited the seven-year wait of the TV engineer, the six-year wait of the missile surgeon and others.

He offered to look into such "mistakes" as he called them.

Dissidents are not optimistic that his promised look will make any difference, however, and they use the incident as another reason why they have demanded their reasons for refusal and the expected duration in writing. Only oral data are given now.

The most definitive Soviet statement on grounds for refusal came Nov. 10 in the Tass article that was printed in Izvestia. Two reasons were possible, it said: When the applicant had "access in the course of his duties to works or information that constitute a state secret," and when his departure "seriously infringes on the vitally important rights and interests of other citizens, for example, his dependent children or aged parents."

The Tass statement claimed that the rules for refusal conform to the United Nations covenant on civil and political rights of 1966 as well as the Helsinki declaration of last year.

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S. Africa Places Restrictions on 12 Trade Unionists

JOHANNESBURG, Nov. 18 (Reuters).—Twelve trade unionists, virtually the entire leadership of South Africa's black trade union movement, have been served with banning orders isolating them from society, security police said today.

A banning order restricts a person's movements and forbids him or her from attending any meeting. Banned persons may not be quoted by newspapers.

Of seven unionists banned in Durban, six are whites who have been active in organizing the African trade union movement there, a security police spokesman said.

In Johannesburg, orders were served on the white organizer and black secretary of the local branch of the Metal and Allied Workers' Union, a black organization.

It was also confirmed that banning orders were served earlier in the week on three white leaders of the Urban Training Project, a body representing eight local African unions. Another person banned today was Jenny Curtis, 26, archivist since 1973 at the South African Institute of Race Relations.

Thai Head Sees Better Ties to U.S.

BANGKOK, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Premier Thanin Kraivichien today predicted closer relations between Thailand and the United States, but said they will stop short of another U.S. military buildup.

Mr. Thanin told the first formal news conference he has held since taking office just over a month ago that he expects more U.S. interest in trade and technical exchanges.

When asked if he forsesaw any discussions aimed at reopening U.S. military bases, Mr. Thanin said, "I don't think it would extend as far as that."

Top Seismologist Quits in Sweden In Union Conflict

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Prof. Markus Baath, head of the Uppsala Seismological Institute, has decided to retire because he cannot accept unions at his institute, sources said today.

Prof. Baath, 60, wrote a letter to Uppsala University Vice-Chancellor Gunnar Wickman this week saying that he would take a leave of absence until July 1, 1977, when he would enter early retirement.

Two academic unions had written to Mr. Wickman calling for talks with Prof. Baath for the creation of an institute board with representation from all categories at the seismological center.

"We called a meeting for this morning, but Baath did not come," Mr. Wickman said. "Baath has refused to enter into talks with the unions."

The forming of a representative board was in line with a current push for democratization at the various institutes of Uppsala University.

Opium Smuggler Gets Burmese Death Penalty

RANGOON, Nov. 18 (UPI).—A Burmese court yesterday sentenced an alleged top dealer in opium, Lo Hsing-han, to death on charges of high treason.

The three-man bench also sentenced Lo to life imprisonment for smuggling opium, heroin, jade and gems out of this country and for the illegal importation of gold bars, automobile spare parts, arms and ammunition. His trial lasted more than three years.



CYMBALIC—Drummer and fellow bandsman (mostly hidden) playing during soccer match in Rome.

UPI.

Mao's Widow Called Arrogant, Demanding

Chiang Ching Target of Wave Of Critical Studies by Chinese

By Jay Mathews

HONG KONG, Nov. 18 (WP).—Mao Tse-tung's widow, Chiang Ching, is portrayed in a new study drawn up in China as a poker-playing, animal-loving insomniac who admired the empresses of ancient China and 40 years ago contributed to a birthday gift for her future husband's arch foe, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

The portrayal, by amateur journalists from the Wuhan University mass criticism group and the Kwangtung Chungshan Library, is not meant to be flattering. The authors are Communist party members determined to discredit the woman who allegedly tried to seize power after her husband died and who is now under arrest.

Despite the authors' purpose, the quotations attributed to her in the study reveal an individual who possesses a certain charming frankness. Miss Chiang leaves the impression of a somewhat impulsive political innocent.

"Some people said that I want to become Empress Lu or Wu Tse-tien," a Hunan provincial broadcast quotes her as saying. It goes on to indicate that she knew how few of China's generals and bureaucrats she could rely on, and it attributes this statement to her: "In point of class, I am more progressive than they. In point of capability, I am inferior to them. They could win over others as confederates."

'She Babbled'

The broadcasts always preface her quotations with "she babbled" or "she said crazily," but the words themselves reveal someone frankly admitting she is up against it: "I suffered great defeat. In July, August and September last year, the Politburo struggled against me for two months," a Hupei broadcast quotes her as saying. "I couldn't make it, though I wanted to. This time, I am not afraid of anything."

From places she visited in the last few years come reports that she was self-indulgent and had an arrogant disdain of common people. But Miss Chiang is also shown as someone who, as an actress and politician with no family ties or money of her own, overcame obstacles through sheer bravado and enthusiasm and never planned very far in advance. The stories suggest a woman who realizes that with her husband and sole protector near death she has time for one last bender before all the parties are over.

"On one occasion," said a Kwangtung broadcast, "when Chiang Ching came to Canton, she lived in a certain place by the side of the Pearl River. She was disturbed at night by noise. She fiercely ordered the public security personnel to seal off the traffic on the river and block the area to search for the noise. After a lot of hard work, the public security personnel finally found out that it came from some nearby factories, which were building ships. Chiang Ching immediately ordered the departments concerned to demand forcefully that the workers at this workshop should cease night production."

She always had trouble sleeping. No planes could land at the airport near the Summer Palace when she vacationed there. Cars had to turn off their engines a kilometer from a cottage she stayed in on Hainan Island.

When she visited a zoo, all the employees and other visitors had to clear out. "When she wanted to go to the Orchid Garden," said another Kwangtung report of a Canton visit, "there could be no dust on the leaves of the trees along the roadside there. When she wanted to go to the West Garden, there could not be a single flying insect there."

She sent favorite goldfish from Peking to Canton as air cargo. Three horses were taken by plane to Hainan Island so she could ride, the broadcasts said.

The staff of the Kwangtung Chungshan Library dredged up records of all the books on empresses that Miss Chiang borrowed. They delved even into her past as a Shanghai actress, a period it was always known could provide fuel for her enemies. "Chiang Ching acted in a play called 'Marriage Proposal' in September, 1936, in Shanghai and donated the income from her performance for a birthday gift to Chiang Kai-shek, the evil ruler and robber of the people," the library's report said. The two Chiangs were not related, but many Communists and pro-Communists were supporting the Nationalist leader in 1936 under the united front formed to fight the Japanese.

Zest for Poker

A fascination with the trappings of U.S. life seemed to stay with her, if the latest accounts can be believed. When telephoned to Mao's bedside four days before his death on Sept. 9, she was out of town enjoying a poker game —a pastime American reporters introduced to the Communists at Yenan in the 1930s. Unconcerned by the news of her husband, she kept the game going another few hours.

What might have been small things became huge sins. When she got to Mao's bedside, she had him turned over, an act the Peking news media now paint as attempted murder. He had been sick a long time, and she was a woman who never liked to wait. "The man must abdicate and let the woman take over," she is quoted as saying in a context that will probably never be made clear. "A woman, too, can be the monarch. Even under Communism, there can still be an empress."

Gaullists Reject Giscard Choice For Paris Mayor

PARIS, Nov. 18 (AP).—The Gaullist party today rejected President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing's candidate for the newly revived and politically powerful post of mayor of Paris as the struggle between the President and his Gaullist coalition partners took on new dimensions.

Yves Guéna, Gaullist party national secretary, announced he would head a delegation to see Prime Minister Raymond Barre "to call his attention to the gravity of the [Paris] problem."

In the first open breach in the alliance, Pierre Bas, a Gaullist parliamentarian and leader of the Paris coalition of the majority, said the Gaullists would run their own candidates in Paris in next year's municipal elections. The post of mayor will be revived after 105 years of central government control.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing last week named Industry Minister Michel d'Ornano, a member of his own small Independent Republican party and mayor of Deauville, to integrate the coalition parties into a joint electoral list for the Paris elections, then run for mayor.

Singer's Ouster Draws Protests In East Germany

HAMBURG, Nov. 18 (UPI).—The protest wave against the East German repeal of the citizenship of popular protest singer and composer Wolf Biermann spread today to East Germany.

Several East German writers, including Stefan Heym, Stephan Hermlin, Heiner Mueller and Christa Wolf, and sculptor Fritz Cremer demanded that the East German government review its decision.

In an interview with the news magazine Der Spiegel, Mr. Biermann called the withdrawal of his citizenship evidence of an "enormous weakness" by the East German leadership. He called his expulsion "a reaction of fear by the Communist party in the face of a remarkable and fortunate change in East Germany in the last few years."

Mr. Heym, a former U.S. citizen who still writes in English, canceled a trip to West Berlin, saying he would not leave East Germany "until it is determined whether the re-entry visa for the [East] German Democratic Republic is valid also for writers and poets."

WINE

Going, Going, Almost Gone —France's Château Marga

By Jon Winroth

PARIS, Nov. 18 (IHT).—Château Margaux has been a s news and rumors for several years now. Are the G Pierre and Bernard, father and son, selling it and if so, to whom? This is probably the single most glamorous piece estate on the market: 66 hectares and a magnificent Na château, producing one of the world's greatest red wines, a first great growth in the 1855 classification of the Médoc

Since the French Ministry of the Economy and Finances the sale of Château Margaux to the American National Corporation earlier this year, the Ginestets have decided t only way out for them is to hold a public auction, as they an last night in a press conference at the Maison de l'Amérique

Young Turk

Three years ago Bernard Ginestet was still the Youn of the Bordeaux wine trade, his dark hair down to his a and casually dressed in turtleneck shirts, as he proclaim philosophies in the wine trade, abandoned as precipitously were begun.

Last night his hair was short and graying, he wore a piece gray business suit. The Ginestets, whose compan exclusively in Bordeaux wines, invested heavily during th and signed contracts with a lot of growers. They had to s to honor these contracts even after the boom turned to b financing growing stocks of wine became ever more onerous, current rising sales of Bordeaux. Something had to go and Château Margaux, set up as a company separate from the wine firm.

Last April they signed a contract with National Distil sell Château Margaux for some 82 million francs ($16.4 m But the French government exercised its authority to stop t No person, company or group outside the franc zone, outs Common Market or non-resident in France can buy any p in France without the permission of the Ministry of the E and Finances. No reason was given at first, and later the ment explained its fears that National Distillers would "hars Château Margaux.

The Ginestets were told that the Crédit Agricole bank help them out but this turned out to be impossible for reasons. The bank was already a creditor of Château M which did not make things easy, and had already loaned sums after last summer's drought.

So in desperation the Ginestets have decided that abo only course open to them is a public auction, which will p precious national heritage in the hands of the highest with no guarantees that quality be maintained as National lers had agreed to do. The date of the auction will be ann before the end of the year unless a last-minute buyer sho At public auction, anyone established in the Common Marke bid. If the government didn't like the idea of American own perhaps they will prefer German, with revalued marks that far in France.

PARIS THEATER: Revivin

Giraudoux Too Faithfull

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS, Nov. 18 (IHT).—When Jean Giraudoux was in New York to see the S. N. Behrman adaptation of his "Amphitryon 38," he said he no longer recognized his play. Behrman had abbreviated many of its whimsical philosophical allusions and eliminated others, editing the text into a vehicle for its stars, Lynn Fontanne and Alfred Lunt, experts at sophisticated comedy. It became an immediate Broadway hit.

The revival of the play here at the Théâtre Edouard VII makes it seem, in retrospect, that there was theatrical wisdom in Behrman's minor surgery. True, the English version compromised with elements of the original, but it committed no open sc. of treachery. It simply took the script, cut it and transformed it into a better show.

Premiere

"Amphitryon 38" was first seen in Louis Jouvet's 1929 production. Giraudoux is often acclaimed as the foremost French dramatist of the between-the-wars era. The lofty position he occupied—and continues to occupy in certain histories of the period—requires brief explanation.

After 1918, none of the major figures of the prewar French theater—Porto-Riche, Brieux and Donnay—contributed anything of consequence. Claudel maintained his ban of the performance of "Le Soulier de Satin" and "Partage de Midi" (written or rewritten at that time). They were not staged until much later. Among the rising playwrights were Jean Sarment with his delicate dream dramas, Jean-Jacques Bernard with his quietism, H.-R. Lenormand with his Freudian exercises, Steve Passeur with his caustic psychological exposés, Marcel Achard, blending pathos and laughter, André Obey with his biblical fantasy "Noé," and his paraphrases of Shakespeare, Sacha Guitry stood at the head of the swelling ranks of boulevard authors which included many wits, though the most brilliant comedies of those decades were written by the Polish-born Alfred Savior.

Jean Cocteau was the whip of the avant-garde, while Antonin Artaud conducted his experiments underground, as it were, at special matinees. Now and again a new writer of promise would bob up—Ganfillon, Pellerin and Raynal are names that come to mind—and then disappointingly disappear. Two came to stay: Marcel Pagnol with his Marseilles waterfront trilogy and Edouard Bourdet with his silken satires.

In the field of poetic fantasy Giraudoux ruled, with Obey and Cocteau, working away from the mainstream, as possible contenders. There was a noble purpose and a fine lyricism to Giraudoux's plays and there still is. Appropriating on several occasions the creatures of mythology, he gave them fresh form. The opera-bouffe composers anticipated him in this, but to different ends. They burlesqued their adopted gods and mortals. In contrast, Giraudoux used them as the instruments to voice his original views. He brought them closer by humanizing them, but he avoided all sentimentality. There was a salty, tonic tang to his gentle irony and he wrote exquisitely.

It remains a pleasure to hear the polished dialogue of "Amphitryon 38," retelling the story of Jupiter and Alcmene, the general's wife. The



Lipnitzki-Vi

Jean Giraudoux . . . "Amphitryon

god visits her at night, guised in the person of the band who is away at the Plautus, Molière, Dryden Kleist have retold the ste bolder, broader terms. Giraudoux in this 38th version, illumi the old fable with revised lighting, flooding the sexual chief with a deep understa of human foibles.

It is attractively performe the Edouard VII. Simone V a glowing vision, is a spar Alcmène. She is presented as a wife so loyal that she re the temptation of immortali remain in preference a m and suffer the mortal's fai death, a typical Giraudoux ceit. Jean Desailly, a come of exceptional refinement, i ideal Jupiter. He has the presence and conveys with del ful- elan the pompous divin occasional gaffes and embarr ments. Jean-Luc Moreau's M cury, Jacques Fontanel's S and Jean Paredes's one-trumpeter are droll interpr tions. As a sort of dessert, Y Chauvire comes on as Ledi tell about her experience.

Much of the revived pla beguiling, but there is peri too much of it, as Behrman timated. It was, it must be membered, written for the dience of 1929. Its leisurely c sideration of ideas, its philoso ical discussions are today n suited to the library lamp t to unedited exposure at the f lights. The contemporary p ger is more restless and t words are not matched to act Jean-Laurent Cochet's du tion lets the text have its say, but a necessary theatr vigor is lacking. Pierre Clayet backdrops suggest a curi Oriental setting, visually shift the Greek legend into Arab Nights territory. Jean Wiener supplied strange incidental m sic. Time has not staled eloquence and high wit of Gir doux's writing, but revivals of plays demand more resource and less exacting reproduction

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MUSIC IN FRANCE

A 'Lulu' for Lyons

By David Stevens

LYONS (IHT).—The Lyons Opera, whose methodical repertory building of the last few years already has included an excellent staging of Berg's "Wozzeck," has now turned to the composer's fragmentary "Lulu," with similarly impressive musical skills and inevitably problematic scenic realization.

Although "Lulu"—rather, its completed and published two acts and the closing scene of the unfinished third and final act—had a world premiere in Zurich in less than two years after Berg's death, it is only in the last few years that it has begun to acquire opera currency even in major opera houses. The Lyons production is only the third in France, earlier ones in Marseilles and at the Paris Opera-Comique having been based on the French text of André Tubeuf and Erik Ducreux.

Musically, this "Lulu" was a triumph, shaped primarily by the 29-year-old assistant house conductor, Sylvain Cambreling, who played his forte with demonic fervor, extravagant gestures, but who evidently had the score, orchestra and singers well in hand, and revealed in Berg's rich post-romanticism.

The Cast

The excellent cast coped securely with the score's highly detailed vocal demands, but the emphasis was on its lyricism. The title role was taken by Carole Farley, an American soprano who has sung the role in Germany and elsewhere and is scheduled to make her New York Metropolitan debut in the same part later this season. She is a strikingly beautiful young woman with a silvery high coloratura that she deployed with such apparent ease as to make the most harrowing passages seem perfectly singable, if not understandable. In the semi-spoken passages her French was adequate to the imparting of necessary information, if not impeccable.

She was surrounded by a mainly French cast of musical equals, notably Georges Liccioni as Alwa, Peter Gottlieb as Dr. Schön, Georges Gautier as the painter and Emmy Gregor, a statuesque figure, as the tragic lesbian Countess Geschwitz.

The visual presentation by Gaston Benhaim, the stage director, and Jacques Rapp, the designer, ignored a great many of Berg's explicit scenic instructions without offering anything very convincing in exchange. Rapp's basically single set was varied only by furniture changes in a cubic space open at the back, to which a surrealistic touch was added by chairs and tables growing out of the walls and ceiling. His costumes for Lulu were attractive on their own terms, but vague in suggesting a particular epoch.

Benhaim often required Lulu to move in ways that may have been intended to suggest the character's reptilian counterpart of the circus prologue. But Farley's attributes suggest Lulu's "sweet innocence" far more than her serpent-like seductiveness, so that these elaborate writhings came over as a kind of trashy shop-window eroticism that reached a bizarre climax in the final scene, with an approach to Jack the Ripper that would have gotten her arrested for soliciting in even the roughest city. Around



Lulu (Carole Farley) and the painter (Georges Gautier) with the "body" of Lulu's first husband.

Gérard Amellem.

this Lulu, Benhaim deployed her various male victims in movements of stiff, mechanical-doll brusqueness.

Missing entirely was the silent-film sequence between the two scenes of Act II, essential both for explaining the offstage events and a visual counterpart to the symphonic interlude. The final scene of Lulu's end as a London prostitute did not take place out of sight in an attic, with only her shriek to indicate violent death, but in full view in a foggy street (atmospherically set by Rapp), more brutal but somehow less shattering.

Berg's representation of the "eternal feminine" in "Lulu" can be taken on several levels and viewed from a variety of angles, but the abandonment of Berg's own realistic stage instructions can only be done at the production's peril, and here the losses outweighed the possible gains.

In the smaller parts, Christos Grigoriou was splendidly decrepit and asthmatic as Schigolch and Jean Brun stentorian and choleric as Rodrigo and the Animal Trainer. Performances continue to Nov. 30, with the French soprano Caroline Dumas sharing the title role with Miss Farley.

SHARPS & FLATS

BRUSSELS.—Johnny Griffin will be at Pol's Nov. 19 and 20 and then at the Anderlecht on Nov. 22. Memphis Slim will give a concert Nov. 20 at the Centre Culturel Jacques Franck at 8 p.m. Bill Coleman will be at Pol's Nov. 25-27.

* * *

MUNICH.—The Pasadena Roof Orchestra will be at the Circus-Krone-Bau Nov. 20 at 8 p.m.

* * *

The group Nazareth will be in Geneva Nov. 19 at the Palais des Sports (Champel) at 8 p.m. and then in Munich Nov. 21 at the Circus-Krone-Bau, also at 8 p.m.

* * *

The Golden Gate Quartet, continuing its German tour, is in Essen Nov. 19 for the Press-Ball; in Siegen Nov. 20 at the Siegerlandshalle; in Aachen-Eilendorf Nov. 21 at the Saal Geulen; in Pludershausen Nov. 22 at the Stauffenhalle; in Augsburg Nov. 23 at the Kongress-Saal; in Bad Rappenau Nov. 24 at the Sporthalle, and in Saarbruecken Nov. 25 at the Kongress-Saal. All concerts start at 8 p.m.

* * *

GENEVA.—Teddy Wilson will be at the Popcorn Club Nov. 22 and 23.

* * *

PARIS.—Tangerine Dream will be at the Palais des Sports Nov. 22 at 8 p.m. On the following night, Rod Stewart is at the Pavillon de Paris, also at 8 p.m., and Philly Jo Jones at the Riverbop Nov. 23 and 24. Jerome Van Jones is appearing at the Trois Mailletz.

* * *

Woody Herman celebrates his 40th anniversary as a bandleader with a concert in New York's Carnegie Hall, on Nov. 20.

* * *

This week's top single in the United States is "Tonight's the Night" by Rod Stewart, and in Britain, "If You Love Me Now" by Chicago.

—FRANK VAN BRAKLE.

INTERNATIONAL REAL ESTATE

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GROUNDFLOOR
Lot 1 Showroom: 210.29 sq.m.
Lot 2 Showroom: 654.22 sq.m.
Lot 3 Showroom: 508.20 sq.m.
Lot 4 Showroom: 715.09 sq.m.
Lot 5 Showroom: 359.76 sq.m.
Lot 6 Showroom: 1,152.77 sq.m.
Total surface area, ground floor: 3,630 sq.m.

1st FLOOR
Lot 7 Offices: 340.38 sq.m.
Lot 8 Offices: 264.25 sq.m.
Lot 9 Offices: 271.74 sq.m.
Lot 10 Offices: 165.76 sq.m.
Lot 11 Offices: 247.40 sq.m.
Lot 12 Offices: 165.76 sq.m.
Lot 13 Offices: 157.15 sq.m.
Lot 14 Offices: 224.02 sq.m.
Total surface area, 1st floor: 2,172 sq.m.

2nd FLOOR
Lot 15 Offices: 564.53 sq.m.
Lot 16 Offices: 292.57 sq.m.
Lot 17 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 18 Offices: 296.45 sq.m.
Total surface area, 2nd floor: 1,796 sq.m.

3rd FLOOR
Lot 19 Offices: 564.53 sq.m.
Lot 20 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 21 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 22 Offices: 296.45 sq.m.
Total surface area, 3rd floor: 1,796 sq.m.

4th FLOOR
Lot 23 Offices: 564.53 sq.m.
Lot 24 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 25 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 26 Offices: 296.45 sq.m.
Total surface area, 4th floor: 1,796 sq.m.

5th FLOOR
Lot 27 Offices: 564.53 sq.m.
Lot 28 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 29 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 30 Offices: 296.45 sq.m.
Total surface area, 5th floor: 1,796 sq.m.

6th FLOOR
Lot 31 Offices: 564.53 sq.m.
Lot 32 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 33 Offices: 292.57 sq.m.
Lot 34 Offices: 374.70 sq.m.
Total surface area, 6th floor: 1,774 sq.m.

7th FLOOR
Lot 35 Offices: 420.38 sq.m.
Lot 36 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 37 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 38 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Total surface area, 7th floor: 1,420 sq.m.

8th FLOOR
Lot 39 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Lot 40 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 41 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 42 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Total surface area, 8th floor: 1,420 sq.m.

9th FLOOR
Lot 43 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Lot 44 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 45 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 46 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Total surface area, 9th floor: 1,420 sq.m.

10th FLOOR
Lot 47 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Lot 48 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 49 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 50 Offices: 253.57 sq.m.
Total surface area, 10th floor: 1,420 sq.m.

11th FLOOR
Lot 51 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Lot 52 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 53 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 54 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Total surface area, 11th floor: 1,420 sq.m.

12th FLOOR
Lot 55 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Lot 56 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 57 Offices: 293.57 sq.m.
Lot 58 Offices: 283.57 sq.m.
Total surface area, 12th floor: 1,420 sq.m.

1st BASEMENT

Lot	59	4 parking-spaces	Nos.	1 to	4.
Lot	60	13 parking-spaces	Nos.	5 to	17.
Lot	61	10 parking-spaces	Nos.	18 to	27.
Lot	62	4 parking-spaces	Nos.	28 to	31.
Lot	63	7 parking-spaces	Nos.	32 to	38.
Lot	64	23 parking-spaces	Nos.	39 to	61.
Lot	65	7 parking-spaces	Nos.	62 to	68.
Lot	66	5 parking-spaces	Nos.	69 to	73.
Lot	67	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	74 to	79.
Lot	68	3 parking-spaces	Nos.	80 to	82.
Lot	69	5 parking-spaces	Nos.	83 to	87.
Lot	70	3 parking-spaces	Nos.	88 to	90.
Lot	71	3 parking-spaces	Nos.	91 to	93.
Lot	72	4 parking-spaces	Nos.	94 to	97.
Lot	73	Partial.			

2 parking spaces Nos. 98 to 99 partially corresponding to the surface area of lot 15. Total surface area, 1st basement: 1,162 sq.m. - 99 parking spaces.

2nd BASEMENT

Lot	73	Partial			
		9 parking-spaces	Nos.	100 to	108.
Lot	74	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	109 to	114.
Lot	75	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	115 to	120.
Lot	76	8 parking-spaces	Nos.	121 to	128.
Lot	77	11 parking-spaces	Nos.	129 to	139.
Lot	78	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	140 to	145.
Lot	79	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	146 to	151.
Lot	80	8 parking-spaces	Nos.	152 to	159.
Lot	81	11 parking-spaces	Nos.	160 to	170.
Lot	82	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	171 to	176.
Lot	83	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	177 to	182.
Lot	84	8 parking-spaces	Nos.	183 to	190.
Lot	85	11 parking-spaces	Nos.	191 to	201.
Lot	86	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	202 to	207.
Lot	87	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	208 to	213.
Lot	88	8 parking-spaces	Nos.	214 to	221.
Lot	89	11 parking-spaces	Nos.	222 to	232.
Lot	90	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	233 to	238.
Lot	91	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	239 to	244.
Lot	92	Partial.			

5 parking spaces Nos. 245 to 249 partially corresponding to the surface area of lot 34. Total surface area - 2nd basement: 1,750 sq.m. - 146 parking spaces.

3rd BASEMENT

Lot	92	Partial.			
		2 parking-spaces	Nos.	250 to	251.
Lot	93	8 parking-spaces	Nos.	252 to	259.
Lot	94	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	260 to	265.
Lot	95	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	266 to	271.
Lot	96	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	272 to	277.
Lot	97	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	278 to	283.
Lot	98	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	284 to	289.
Lot	99	8 parking-spaces	Nos.	290 to	295.
Lot	100	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	296 to	301.
Lot	101	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	302 to	307.
Lot	102	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	308 to	313.
Lot	103	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	314 to	319.
Lot	104	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	320 to	325.
Lot	105	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	326 to	331.
Lot	106	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	332 to	337.
Lot	107	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	338 to	343.
Lot	108	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	344 to	349.
Lot	109	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	350 to	355.
Lot	110	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	356 to	361.
Lot	111	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	362 to	367.
Lot	112	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	368 to	373.
Lot	113	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	374 to	379.
Lot	114	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	380 to	385.
Lot	115	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	386 to	391.
Lot	116	6 parking-spaces	Nos.	392 to	397.

Total surface area, 3rd basement: 1,775 sq.m. - 150 parking-spaces.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Page 6— Friday, November 19, 1976 *

OPEC Hesitates

The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting countries appears to be considering postponement of a scheduled meeting next month at which it was expected to put through another oil price increase—variously estimated at anywhere from 5 per cent to 40 per cent.

It is conceivable that OPEC's hesitancy is a result of efforts by the United States and other oil-importing countries to exert countervailing power on the oil exporters. But this seems unlikely. Despite all the hullabaloo a few years ago about "operation independence," the failure of the United States to put together an effective energy development and conservation policy, combined with recovery from the depth of the 1974-75 recession, has made this country even more dependent on imported oil than it was before the Arab oil embargo.

What is actually deterring OPEC from an immediate and large price increase appears to be the danger to the world economy—and hence to the market for OPEC oil. The OPEC countries are particularly concerned, both politically and economically, about the threat to the poor oil-importing Third World nations with whom the oil-rich OPEC states are trying to make common cause against the advanced industrial countries of the West.

If OPEC were to impose another big price increase now, the strain on world markets resulting from both increased inflation and renewed slump could be unbearable. Balance-of-payments deficits of many countries, both developed and developing, could get out of control. Banks and other private lenders, already unable to expand their loans to foreign countries without going beyond the limits of prudent risk-taking, would have to cut back lending more sharply—and possibly see their existing loans go bad. The effect on the international monetary system and on world trade and investment could be devastating.

Caught in a bind largely of their own making and potentially disastrous to their own interests, OPEC leaders are searching for solutions which would require no sacrifice on their part. One gimmick under consideration would be to set up a two-price system, with a high oil price for industrial nations and a cut-rate price for developing countries. But such two-price systems might soon break down, and oil would leak from poor to rich, through a kind of black market.

Another OPEC solution, offered by the President of Venezuela, Carlos Andres Perez, would be for the oil exporters to use the threat of oil price increases as a lever to pry more help from the industrial to the developing countries—for instance, by scaling down the oil price increase in exchange for higher commodity prices and other trade concessions for developing countries in Western markets. But many industrial nations, of which Britain and Italy are only the two most conspicuous cases, already suffer from excess unemployment, inflation and payments deficits. To aggravate their problems now not only by higher oil prices but higher prices of other imported commodities would almost surely damage rather than help the market for products of the poor, developing nations.

There is no *Deus ex machina* for OPEC in this hazardous world economic situation. OPEC should recognize that oil prices, already too high, are severely jeopardizing international financial stability and ought to be reduced, and not raised, for the sake of their own economic future as much as for that of the rest of the world.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.



'Four Years Is a Long Time, Dear . . . and What if Carter's Re-Elected?'

Energy Policy Needed

Carter and Oil Pric

By Anthony Lewis

WASHINGTON.—Two months before he becomes President, Jimmy Carter is being importuned to play a quasi-official role on this issue and that. The British want him in on plans for support of the pound; The State Department would like him to send a tough private message to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries warning against an oil price increase.

It is natural that people concerned with particular problems should want to involve the man who before long will make the decisions, and it is tempting for him. But Carter has so far wisely resisted temptation. On the critical oil issue he has confined himself to expressing, as a person with "no responsibility in the government," the "hope" that prices will not rise.

Keeping hands off is wise for reasons of both politics and policy, as the oil case shows. If Carter began working with the State Department now, he would be in a situation that he could not control. If the intervention with OPEC were ineffectual, as the odds indicate, his political image—and potential for influence in the world—would have been damaged.

1932-33 Crisis

Franklin Roosevelt was pressed to act under even more urgent circumstances, the economic crisis of 1932-33. Arthur Schlesinger tells the story well in "The Age of Roosevelt." President Hoover asked the president-elect to the White House to discuss joint action, then wrote him a long letter urging it, finally telephoned him twice the night before the inauguration. Roosevelt resolutely refused to become involved.

Roosevelt and his aides perceived a danger beyond that of taking political responsibility without power. Agreement with Hoover could have been achieved only by accepting many of his premises—and thus tying the new administration to failed policies.

That danger is acute in the oil price situation now. If Carter took part in a diplomatic demarche, he would effectively be adopting as his own a policy that has been one of the certified disasters of the Nixon and Ford administrations.

Henry Kissinger has approached oil prices as a problem in international relations to be handled by his usual methods of diplomatic leverage. For example, he has encouraged Iran to become an enormous buyer of U.S. arms, apparently hoping that the close relationship would among other things make Iran reasonable on oil prices. But the Shah, hungry for more money to finance his ambitions, has led the fight within OPEC for higher prices.

Anyone who wants to know why oil prices are likely to rise should look at the record not o diplomacy but of U.S. oil p Four years ago the United was importing 29 per cent oil; now the figure is 41 pe In the same period OPEC of the U.S. market has doubled, from 18 to 34 pe The simplest notion of economics would encour supplier to raise prices such circumstances.

The United States, as the largest consumer of more likely to affect world by its behavior at home t its representations abroad course international relati are relevant, especially th problem of North-South re But last-minute diplomati mas in the Kissinger sty never be a substitute f integrated U.S. policy o questions of economics a sources involved: that energy policy.

At the time of the Ara bargo four years ago, the a lot of official talk about policy. Richard Nixon emp ed quick development o domestic oil sources and s Project Independence would us self-reliant in energy b William E. Simon said Ame would have to give up "wasteful ways" with energ "go through a permanent c in lifestyle." But it was just talk.

By now we know that do sources can never suppl volume of oil we are used t suming. And on energy c vation the U.S. record has feeble.

The Laggard

The United States shou the West's leader on energy but it is the laggard. W Europe and Japan have bee ting the amount of energy per unit of gross national uct—Britain by 8 per ce two years, for example—but has been no reduction here. United States has not ye a single barrel of oil in emer reserves.

The single greatest encou ment to continued high oil sumption here has been artificially low price of U.S. line. In constant dollars, counting inflation, it ac costs a little less in the U States now than it did i 1950s. The price is half it is in Western Europe.

The problems are hard, some U.S. administration have had to face them some whether OPEC existed or Industry and outside esti on the time until the world runs out range from 35 t years. The sooner we get a about the fact that the s is limited, the less traumatic be the inevitable transitio other fuels and other socia rangements.

Congressional Watergate?

For the last several years, a mysterious Korean "businessman" known as Tongsun Park has been exceptionally active in Washington political and social circles. He was the chief organizer of a luxurious private club in Georgetown where, according to one informed estimate, about 300 members of Congress were entertained at parties at one time or another. But entertainment was only the beginning of Mr. Park's activities.

One former member of the House of Representatives says Mr. Park offered him substantial campaign contributions that he rejected. Another has told the press that he, too, rejected a proffered campaign contribution but that his wife then accepted a gift of $10,000 in cash from Mr. Park. Still another has testified to a federal grand jury about his relations with Mr. Park, including his secret partnership in an export-import business from which he drew $60,000 to $70,000 in profits. A distinguished present member has acknowledged that he received more than $3,000 as a gift from Mr. Park. And so it goes.

It is now apparent that Mr. Park is an intelligence agent for the government of South Korea. Though money, parties and junkets, his mission was to influence congressional opinion and to sustain a high level of U.S. military aid for his country. There are reports that as many as 80 members of Congress, including well-known figures in both parties, have been financially involved with Mr. Park.

Since the U.S. government through its CIA has intervened extensively in the political affairs of foreign countries and since U.S. corporations have bribed leading political figures in the Netherlands, Italy, Japan and other countries, Americans are in no position to point with moral disdain at South Korea. Nevertheless, corruption must be exposed and cleared up.

If the involvement of members of Congress is as widespread as fragmentary evidence now suggests, it is unrealistic to expect Congress to investigate itself. The Bobby Baker and Gulf Oil cases are melancholy precedents in this regard. Mr. Baker, the former secretary of the Senate, was driven from his post a dozen years ago and eventually imprisoned; but the public never learned the full story of his involvement with lobbyists and influential members of the Senate. Similarly, the list of recipients of large financial donations from the Gulf Oil Co. has never been made public. One of the recipients, a retiring senator, was briefly the subject of an inquiry by the Senate Rules Committee, but that excessively discreet body voted this fall to bury the subject.

Mr. Park's activities are now under investigation by a new section of the Justice Department established to look into allegations against public officials. Because of diplomatic immunity and the legal complexities of this affair, however, the Justice Department may be able to prosecute few, if any, of the participants. In that event, rumors of corruption would continue to swirl around the Congress. Another half-hearted inquiry by the Rules Committee cannot dissolve such a smog.

When the Watergate scandal raised grave questions about the integrity of the executive branch, Congress insisted upon the appointment of a distinguished attorney with full powers as an independent special prosecutor. If the Justice Department investigation is inconclusive, the public interest requires that Congress follow an analogous procedure, choosing an attorney to lay out the facts. Information is more important than indictments. This time there must be no cover-up on Capitol Hill.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

U.S. and Egypt: The Arms Issue

By William Beecher

WASHINGTON—In just four weeks the first two of six C-130 military transports promised to Egypt will roll off the assembly line in Marietta, Ga., ready for delivery.

It's doubtful the event will be noticed 125 miles to the south, in Plains, Ga., where President-elect Jimmy Carter is busily putting together a government and a program.

But one of the earliest and toughest decisions Carter will have to make, soon after assuming office, is whether to continue or fundamentally change U.S. policy toward the Middle East, and particularly toward Egypt, one of the prime movers in the Arab world.

Critical in Campaign

During the campaign Carter criticized large arms sales to the Middle East, the Arab boycott of firms doing business with Israel and escalating prices of Middle East oil.

But campaign rhetoric, however reflective of a candidate's true beliefs, does not always provide a good guide to subsequent policy decisions.

One of the first in this area facing Carter will be an urgent request from Egyptian President Anwar Sadat to honor commitments made by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger to provide more than token amounts of U.S. arms once past the 1976 election.

Sadat is known to want from the United States such weapons as F-5 combat jets, TOW antitank missiles, Hawk air defense missiles and either new tanks, or new engines to keep his Soviet-made tanks operating.

Carter's campaign criticism of fueling the arms race in the Middle East would seem to preclude his approval of such sales. But even if he were somehow willing, it is extremely doubtful that Congress, which expressed reservations about supplying six C-130 transports, would sanction advanced arms which could affect the military balance with Israel.

Shift of Jets

One could argue that 20 to 40 F-5s could hardly upset the balance. But Saudi Arabia is getting 110 F-5s, specially equipped to fire TV-guided Maverick air-to-ground missiles, and if Egyptian pilots were trained on their own F-5s it would raise questions about the possibility of a sudden shift of the planes from Saudi Arabia to Egypt in the event of another Arab-Israeli war. Such a transfer would make much less sense if Egyptian pilots were not thoroughly trained in the aircraft.

The Ford administration has encouraged Britain, France and other allies to sell advanced weapons to Egypt. But Sadat was told frankly after the fuss raised over the C-130s that no new deals would be considered by the United States until after the presidential election.

It's understood that Egypt has been reluctant to send 20 military officers to the United States for training in U.S. military schools, approved a year or so ago, until Washington bites the bullet on whether it will supply arms in quantity.

Some Ford administration officials wonder privately whether Carter will freeze arms sales to the Middle East and elsewhere pending a thorough re-study of U.S. weapons transfer policy worldwide, or whether, in the case of Egypt, he will perceive a need to provide something fairly early in order to nurture U.S. influence in Egypt.

Some policy-makers feel there are certain categories of military equipment that Egypt very much wants and that Israel, and its supporters in Congress, would not be all that upset about.

Communications

For example, Egyptian officers believe their tactical communications system is a shambles. They would like U.S. two-way radios and tactical switchboards. Cairo, in fact, has quietly sounded out U.S. officials about the possibility of setting up a factory in Egypt to co-produce a small U.S. walkie-talkie radio.

Egypt also is interested in U.S. helicopters, either direct purchase or co-production. It wants some helicopters to use in anti-submarine warfare and some for troop transport.

Sadat served notice of his mounting impatience when he told a visiting delegation of senators a few days ago that he understands a new administration must take some time to get its policy bearings, and that arms for Egypt are not popular in Congress, but that delay could be dangerous because "this area is so explosive."

He added: "I don't know whether Congress will agree if I ask the United States for arms. But I think it's an obligation now. We are friends and you know my policy. I have proved myself to you."

He was referring both to Egypt's severing of its military dependence on the Soviet Union and of its two Sinai disengagement agreements which had the effect of removing Egyptian forces from the common Arab military threat to Israel, for the time being at least.

Sadat took those steps largely because he believed the United States offered a better chance of pressuring Israel to settle outstanding issues and of rescuing the teetering Egyptian economy than did continued reliance on the Soviet Union.

But there are persistent reports that a number of Egyptian generals are growing increasingly bitter about planes and tanks breaking down for want of spare parts, and rumbling that unless Sadat can reverse the deterioration of the arms forces in the West, perhaps he had better swallow his pride and re-establish his Soviet connection.

During the presidential campaign, U.S. firms were denied permission to demonstrate such equipment, even a single tactical switchboard, in Egypt, well placed sources say.

Some government analysts feel the Carter administration might be interested in considering such nonlethal systems.

Tank Engines

But even an item like a tank engine could be a quite different matter. In the 1973 war Egypt captured an Israeli T-54 tank of Soviet manufacture. Previously captured by Israel from Syria, it had been refitted with a General Motors engine.

Egypt raised a question of getting General Motors' engines for about 800 of its Soviet tanks and was told no. Egyptian armor has always figured centrally in past Egyptian offensives against Israel.

An additional factor the Carter administration will have to weigh as it looks at the question of arms to Egypt is the extent to which some additional weapons, as an example of U.S. "even-handedness," might encourage Sadat to take an active but moderate role in seeking a comprehensive peace settlement in the Middle East.

Sadat may well have been sending a signal to the President-elect recently when he said he is interested in a full peace treaty with Israel, not just a nonbelligerency agreement.

Mr. Beecher, a member of the Washington bureau of the Boston Globe, is a former deputy defense secretary for public affairs.

Privacy for the President-Elect

By David S. Broder

WASHINGTON.—Well, the White House press corps's Southern army went to church Sunday with Jimmy Carter and gave us his account of the debate over the attempted ouster of the Rev. Bruce Edwards by the deacons of Plains Baptist Church.

If anyone in that chilled and rain-soaked crowd of reporters raised the question whether the massive coverage of this story suggested anything about the press's recognition of the distinction between church and state, it escaped attention.

It was just assumed, apparently, that what Jimmy Carter did in his place of worship was grist for the mill to those assigned to cover his activities as President-elect.

Let me say quickly that in this case, I think the intrusion of the press into the normally private area of a public official's religious life was justified by the exceptional circumstances.

Conflict

Carter himself had made much of both his religious faith and his commitment to the fight against segregation. The dramatic conflict between the deacons and the pastor had already moved beyond the doors of the church and into the public domain.

And for a nation rightly eager for clues on how its new President would react when his attachment to his church collided with a principle he had eloquently stated, the test was certainly one that deserved—indeed required—coverage.

But I still wish there had been a shred of acknowledgment that this was an exceptional instance, for there were other things that indicated no awareness at all by the press of the distinction between the public and private lives of the Carters.

There were lengthy feature stories about the drinking habits of Carter's brother Billy. There were stories speculating about the school nine-year-old Amy will attend in Washington, and the church the Carters will join when they come to the capital. There were yards of copy on the new "in people" and "out people" of the Carters' Washington society.

There's nothing new about this sort of effort to explore every aspect of the life of what we are pleased to call "the First Family." But this sort of treatment still sits uncomfortably with the notion—also widely expressed in the press—that we ought to curb "the imperial presidency" and treat the occupant of that office as just another politician with a job to do.

When Jerry Ford became President, the suggestion was made in this space that the press offer a deal to the new President, swapping more coverage of his public role for increased privacy in the Fords' personal lives.

That trade was never achieved. Ford did grant vastly increased access to the official White House—including far more frequent press conferences—as part of his own effort to change the atmosphere from the neurotic secrecy of the Johnson and Nixon years.

But there were no reciprocal favors from the press. Instead, Betty Ford was pressed to share with the U.S. television public her reaction to a theoretical affair by her daughter, and the dating habits of the Ford young people became a matter of great press attention, just as did the President's ski technique on vacations at Vail.

None of this particularly hurt the Fords. Betty Ford became an enormously popular figure, a ished for her candor as a as for her courage in overco her serious illness. The P dent's family became suc political asset, in fact, family members were he featured in his campaign vertising.

Carter has already mad clear that his presidency, more than Ford's, will likel a family affair. His wife sons and cousins and aunt endless numbers campaigned him, and his own speeches r heavily on family anecdotes establishing the "intimacy" said he sought with his audier

Nonetheless, futile as it ma there is an impulse here to u once more a plea that some pects of the Carters' lives m best be left unreported.

It is going to be difficult put it mildly—to shepherd bright, precocious daug through her teenage years in atmosphere of the White Ho Amy Carter's happiness is of greater concern to Carter's c stituents than that of any ot nine-year-old in the land, she is of prime importance the Carters, and a degree privacy for her and her fric is not an unreasonable reque

And as for beer-drinking B and his pals at the gas statio well, they can probably take c of themselves.

But for every feature story Billy, the newspaper or netw responsible should be required run a full-scale analysis of ac base budgeting and the report Carter's task force on governm reorganization.

That would break them of t habit.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

International Opinion

Ireland and Extradition

The completion of the Council of Europe's Convention on Terrorism leaves this country in a decidedly peculiar position—it is, of the 19 member-states, the one most directly threatened by terrorism (witness the recent emergency legislation) and yet remains the only one of the 19 unable to put its signature to a measure specifically designed to help to combat that threat.

The explanation lies in that all too familiar albatross around the nation's neck, the 1937 Constitution. That commits Ireland to following the "generally accepted principles of international law" in its relations with other states, and the legal view is that the courts would find unconstitutional any attempt to implement the new convention, which specifically rules out what has been and still is a generally accepted principle, that political motivation for a crime grants the accused immunity from extradition.

The government's attempts to have an alternative provision allowing for trial on the spot, rather than extradition, obviously made little impression on the other states. The British make no secret of the fact that they regard this principle, as enshrined in the new Criminal Law Jurisdiction arrangements here, a poor second-best to extradition. . . .

—From the Irish Times (Dublin).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

November 19, 1901

WASHINGTON.—Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, today visited Mr. John Hay, the Secretary of State. He was charged by the Czar to convey to Mr. Hay various cordial expressions of His Majesty's sentiments of a character complimentary to Americans. He also plans to see President Roosevelt and will deliver a personal message expressing His Majesty's condolence at the death of the late President McKinley.

Fifty Years Ago

November 19, 1926

PARIS—The work that is being done by the Rockefeller Donation in restoring and preserving the palaces, monuments and cathedrals of Versailles, Rheims and Fontainebleau was the subject of a talk by Mr. Welles Bosworth, who is in charge of the architectural work of the Donation. Mr. Bosworth spoke at the luncheon of the American Club of Paris. Mr. Bosworth lauded the generous spirit of Mr. Rockefeller in helping France, and the world.

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K. Actions ost Pound arly 1 Cent

astic Credit, ing Loans Cut

DON, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).— ound sterling rose almost nt to $1.6690 after joint an- ments by the Bank of nd and the Treasury setting on sterling loans between countries and reimposing its on bank deposit growth. dealer said sterling shot d $1.6580 just prior to the although the foreign ex- market was still assessing plications of the curbs, he s is apparent that many nies will now be forced to the market for external which should have the of strengthening the Brit- rency.

New York, the pound sharply to $1.6800-25 its rate before the Lon- nouncements of $1.6640-50. ing was described as very by dealers. One dealer said commercial demand had the market with short noted on all sides.

Treasury announced that e tomorrow British banks no longer be able to lend for financing trade be- other countries.

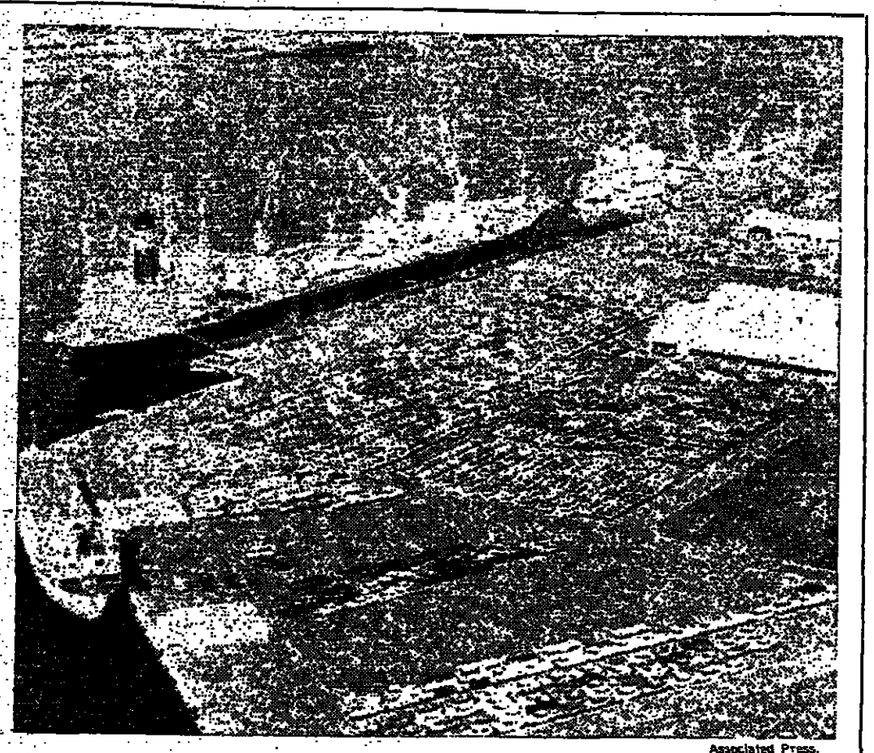
ing will continue to be r financing trade between and other countries, how-

rnment sources said that ting loans between third es were repaid there would ubstantial one-for-all in- foreign currency in the months as drawings un- facilities are repaid and facilities are withdrawn."

Bank of England, mean- said it is reimposing s that will limit the on of interest-bearing at commercial banks to of 3 per cent for a of six months and a of 0.5 per cent for a two months.

stem, which is similar to doned in February, 1975, ded to restrain lending rivate sector. The Bank id said that figures due eleased Monday would h lending has been con- it a rapid pace.

ect, the system will re- ecial supplementary de- any increase in interest- liabilities that exceeds elines.



Associated Press.

STILL COMING—Japanese cars waiting to be shipped abroad from Nagoya port, central Japan. The EEC warned Tokyo this week that Europe will curb Japanese exports of cars and other goods unless Tokyo corrects the trade imbalance.

ESTEL Moves Out of Deficit

BASF Profit Up 100% in 1st 9 Months

FRANKFURT, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).—BASF AG world group continued its earnings recovery in the third quarter and posted pre-tax earnings for the first nine months of 1.07 billion marks, up 100.2 per cent from the 536 million marks posted for the like 1975 period, the company said today.

Management board chairman Matthias Seefelder cautioned, however, that sales, which grew 18.7 per cent to 15.6 billion marks in the first three quarters, were being swelled by an upswing in domestic demand while export sales lagged behind 1974 levels. He also said that the fourth-quarter jump in earnings would not be so strong because the basis of comparison already reflected a partial recovery from the 1975 recession.

In the third quarter, pre-tax earnings more than tripled to 364 million marks from 118 million marks in the like 1975 quarter. For all of 1975, BASF group had pre-tax earnings of 849 million marks on sales of 18.08 billion marks, producing a net profit of 375 million marks.

ESTEL Has Profit

In Dortmund, the Dutch-German ESTEL NV Hoesch-Hoogovens steel group reported a consolidated third quarter net profit of 14 million Dutch guilders against a year-earlier loss of 87.3 million guilders, but the group said the outlook for the final quarter is unfavorable.

The third quarter profit was the company's first positive result since the first quarter of 1975. In the latest reporting period, external sales gained to 2.4 billion guilders from a year-earlier 1.9 billion.

For the first nine months of 1976, the concern had a net loss of 94.2 million guilders, narrowed from a deficit of 109.8 million a year earlier. Sales totaled 6.9 billion guilders, up from 6.4 billion.

ESTEL said that since the summer, order inflow for some important steel and fabricated products has been declining. This development, plus continuing slow business in the group's trading subsidiaries, renders the prospects for the remainder of the year unfavorable, it said.

Kubota Net Up

TOKYO, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).—Kubota Ltd. said today its net profit in the first half of fiscal 1976 ended Oct. 15 rose 9.2 per cent to 10.97 billion yen ($37 million) compared with 10.05 billion yen in the year-earlier period.

Sales in the first half rose 14 per cent to 222.9 billion yen, compared with 195.5 billion yen in 1975.

The company, a manufacturer of cast iron pipes, agricultural and industrial machinery and household materials, said its profit for the year ending April 15 will rise to about 22.5 billion yen from 20.9 billion yen in fiscal 1975.

Beecham Posts Gain

LONDON, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).—Beecham Group Ltd. today reported net profit rose to £29.9 million in the first half from £19.2 million in the same period last year.

Sales totaled £381.2 million, up from 2251.9 million. The company set an interim dividend of 2.87 pence, up from 2.61 pence.

nch Trade Deficit Widens, s 15 Billion Francs in 1976

S, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).— corded its largest month- ally adjusted trade defi- any years last October, inistry figures released real.

.712-billion-franc ($942 deficit widened from one illion francs in Septem- of 1.575 billion francs in ast year.

October deficit brought trade deficit for the months of this year to illion francs, and com- pares with a surplus of 6.907 billion francs recorded in the like 1975 period.

Seasonally adjusted exports last October totaled 23.265 billion francs, down from 23.869 billion in September but up from 18.162 billion in October, 1975. Imports amounted to 27.977 billion francs, up from 27.214 billion in September and 19.737 billion a year ago.

France's trade position improved on an unadjusted basis, however, with a deficit of 2.554 billion francs, down from a deficit of 4.088 billion in September. Last October France recorded a surplus of 71 million francs.

Unadjusted imports rose to 27.213 billion francs in October from 26.156 billion in September and 18.483 billion in October, 1975. Exports increased to 24.659 billion francs from 22.068 billion a month earlier and 18.554 billion a year ago.

The accumulated deficit over the first 10 months of this year totaled 15.132 billion francs, against a surplus of 6.535 billion over the year-ago period.

Trade Minister André Rossi, commenting on the figures, said the large deficit was largely due to the continued effects of the recent serious drought, and especially to the fact that France had not yet fully absorbed the massive increase in the price of oil.

He pointed out that France's oil import bill amounted to about 50 billion francs during the first 10 months of this year, compared with about 14 billion in 1973—before the oil price increase.

Industrial Output Up

Meanwhile, the Finance Ministry said the industrial production index, seasonally adjusted and excluding the building industry, increased 3 per cent to 128 in September from a revised figure of 124 in July-August.

Based on 100 equalling 1970, the September index compares with 111 a year ago.

time Fruit It Is Suing and Others

N, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).— Fruit Carriers Co. dis- ay that it is suing bank- Co., Bankers Trust In- l Ltd., Saleninvest AB s for a total of $300 mil-

ipping company said harged in a suit lodged upreme Court of New e that the defendants vidually and in concert etriment of Maritime that such actions were n of both the rights and the obligations of dants toward Maritime

pany said it seeks com- damages of $200 million tive damages of $100

man for Bankers Trust ondon said his bank h and every allegation the suit as it relates nkers Trust group. He charges were without that Bankers Trust test the action vigor- urt.

of the suit were not owever, Bankers Trust seized four Maritime under a court order time Fruit had failed ayments on loans that rust was the agent for one of the lenders.

Viking Resources International N.V.

N.A.V. 31.10.76
$18.03 (D.Fls. 45.31)

INFORMATION:
Sidney & Pierson N.V.,
Jacht 214, Amsterdam.

Japan Forecasts Rise In Capital Spending

TOKYO, Nov. 18 (Reuters).—Capital spending for plant and equipment by 13 Japanese industries in fiscal 1976 will rise a nominal 15.7 per cent from fiscal 1975 to 7.025 trillion yen, the Ministry of International Trade and Industry said today.

A survey made by the ministry in September and covering over 1,800 companies showed spending in real terms will rise 10.2 per cent from the preceding year.

EEC to Raise $500 Million at 0.75% Premium

By William F. Low

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 18 (IHT).—The European Economic Community will shortly raise $500 million by way of a syndicated Eurocurrency bank loan. Earlier this year, the EEC borrowed a total of $1.2 billion in both the syndicated and international bond markets.

Informed sources indicate the five-year credit will pay a premium above the London Eurodollar Interbank rate of just 0.75 per cent. This is the first time since 1974 that the 1-per-cent barrier has been broken. In the first quarter of this year, the EEC paid 1 per cent to borrow $300 million over five years.

Bankers explain that the smaller margin reflects the high liquidity in the Eurocurrency markets. Major international banks, faced with stagnant domestic demand, are aggressively lending to foreign borrowers at declining margins.

Despite the low spread the loan should encounter little resistance. Apart from the opportunity to lend to a prime name, banks are expected to participate for political reasons. Managers of the loan claim the sources will include European Banking Co. and Orion Bank.

Now that the 1-per-cent barrier has been broken, other first-class risks are sure to demand lower margins. France, for example, is favored to obtain a spread of under 1 per cent when it next taps the market. At the same time, lesser rated borrowers will pressure banks to adjust rates downward to maintain the interest differential.

It is expected the EEC will lend the funds to one of its economically weak members who include Britain, Italy, Ireland and Denmark. Although unable to provide firm confirmation, the sources speculate Britain will receive the major share—if not all—of the funds.

IMF Changes Gold Auction

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (AP).—The International Monetary Fund announced yesterday it will return to the common price method at its fifth gold auction on Dec. 8.

As in the four earlier auctions, the IMF plans to sell 780,000 ounces of its official gold reserves. Profits from the auction will be used to benefit poor nations of the world.

The common price method means that all successful bidders will pay the same price for the gold. In the past two auctions, the agency sold the gold at the amount bid by each successful bidder.

The common price method was used in the first two auctions.

Another change in the fifth auction is that the gold will be delivered to successful bidders at the Bank of England in London, instead of the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank in New York.

IMF sources say proposals to hold the gold auctions weekly, rather than on a six-week basis, have not yet been acted on.

Production Decline Seen

JOHANNESBURG, Nov. 18 (AP).—Gold production in South Africa, which produces 70 per cent of the world's supply, is "on the last plateau before the long decline," it was predicted here yesterday.

D. A. Etheredge, head of the gold mining division of the giant Anglo American Corp., told a management conference in Johannesburg that it is estimated that gold production will be between 700 and 800 tons, nearer to 800, for the next decade.

He added: "Nevertheless, other than a spectacular rise in the gold price or discovery of an entirely new gold field, which we must consider remote, our production will fall quite rapidly after 1986.

"At the turn of this century it is likely to be only half of what it is now."

Mr. Etheredge said other metals would play an increasingly important part in the South African mining industry as the role of gold diminished.

He listed uranium as the most important and said it is no longer a by-product of gold mining but a coproduct. South African uranium production could reach 8,000 tons annually by the next decade, most of which could be exported.

Mr. Etheredge said that "long-term contracts have already been secured for much of the production for more than five years ahead."

Burns Rejects Tax Cut 'at Present Time'

View Stated as New Reports Say Economy Weakens Further

By Robert Siner

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (IHT).—Federal Reserve Board chairman Arthur Burns said today that he saw "no advantage in a tax cut at the present time" but added that he might reconsider his position if the economy maintains its current poor performance.

The Federal Reserve Board chairman, in a speech given before the League of Savings Associations in New York, argued that "in the present environment of deeply ingrained inflationary expectations," the use of a tax cut to stimulate economic growth is much less dependable than it was in the past.

He warned that "the risk is greater now that fears of inflation will intensify and substantially weaken the intended effects" of any tax cut on the economy.

Yesterday it was reported that Mr. Burns had let it be known that he does not necessarily oppose a tax cut and would even be willing to support one to improve the economy's performance and reduce unemployment—provided that it was the kind of tax cut that Mr. Burns thought would do the job. He reportedly had in mind a broad-based, long-lasting reduction.

In his speech today he said that inflation was still the primary economic problem facing the United States and also expressed optimism that the economy could resume its growth without a need for a tax cut.

However, while he warned against measures that would "set off new inflationary forces," the Fed chairman did emphasize that "my mind on the subject is by no means closed."

"Later on," he added, "I will weigh the issue carefully if both economic conditions or expenditure economies seem to warrant a tax reduction."

Mr. Burns's remarks came against a background of new reports on further weakening of the economy. The Commerce Department reported a downward revision of its previous estimate of growth in the gross national product during the third quarter to a level below that considered necessary to begin reducing the nation's 7.9-per-cent unemployment rate.

3.8% Growth

The department said that due to an unexpectedly poor performance in the area of foreign trade, its estimate of a 4-per-cent annual growth rate for the U.S. economy had to be revised to 3.8 per cent during the July-September period.

Reflecting the slowdown in economic growth were Commerce Department reports that the corporate profits rose at a slower pace and personal disposable income actually declined in the third quarter.

The report said that corporate profits increased at an annual rate of $2.1 billion in the July-September period compared with a $3-billion increase rate in the previous quarter.

Disposable income after adjustment for inflation declined on a per capita basis for the first time in a year to $4,142, down $1 from the previous quarter.

Inflation Rate

Commerce Department officials also said that the estimated inflation rate for the third quarter was revised down from 4.4 per cent annually to 4.2 per cent.

President Ford will send to Congress in January his proposal to cut taxes across the board by about $10 billion, coupled with a $2-billion rise in the social security tax rate.

President-elect Jimmy Carter has said he would seriously consider a $13-billion tax cut mainly for low and middle income wage earners next year if the economic slowdown continues.

Some of Mr. Carter's economic advisers have said that they would prefer a one-shot tax rebate rather than an across-the-board permanent tax cut.

Mr. Burns strongly disagreed with the Carter proposals, favoring instead a permanent cut in both personal and business taxes.

"Such a measure, on a responsible scale, would minimize social conflict and have the best chance of producing lasting economic benefits for our country," he said.

Mr. Burns added that the Fed can best contribute toward renewed economic growth by continuing its "course of moderation in monetary policy."

In Plains, Ga., Mr. Carter's press secretary said the President-elect had no immediate comment on Mr. Burns's remarks. Mr. Carter and the Fed chairman are scheduled to meet in Washington on Monday to discuss their attitudes toward the economy.

Some Carter advisers have expressed the fear that the Reserve Board could negate the benefits of any tax cut by tightening the money supply, but Mr. Burns has said he wanted to head off any conflict with Mr. Carter on the matter. He also has pledged to cooperate with the Carter administration for the rest of his term, which expires in January, 1978.

New York Prices and Volume Increase on Economic Hopes

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (IHT).—Bullish news on the economy set the stage for another broad advance on the New York Stock Exchange today as prices closed sharply higher in heavy trading.

Analysts said aiding the market's rally was the less than expected downward revision of the third-quarter growth of U.S. gross national product.

The analysts also said the market received strong support from remarks by Federal Reserve Board chairman Arthur Burns before a banking group.

One analyst also said a statement by Venezuelan President Perez in Rome that his country will play a moderating role at the forthcoming OPEC oil price-fixing conference was constructive.

The Dow Jones industrial average finished the day up 12.05 at 950.13.

Volume totaled 24 million shares compared with 19.9 million shares yesterday. About 1,200 issues advanced, compared with 350 shares finishing lower.

Finally, the United Auto Workers union announced it will not call a nationwide strike against General Motors if a pact is not reached. GM's stock closed at 71 1/8, up 1 7/8.

Occidental Petroleum, the most actively traded issue on the Big Board, rose 1 1/8 to 19 3/4. The Venezuela government said yesterday it will make arrangements to pay the firm $25 million in compensation for nationalized assets.

Perkin-Elmer rose 1 3/8 to 21 5/8. The company increased its dividend. Leeds-Northrup gained 1 3/8 to 25 1/4 and Denny's 1 1/8 to 22 1/2. Emhart was up 2 1/4 at 33 after raising its dividend and May Department Stores, which had higher third-quarter earnings, advanced 7/8 to 34 7/8. IBM was up 3 1/2 at 270 3/4.

Teleprompter rose 1/2 at 8 1/2. The company expects higher 1977 revenues and earnings. Union Pacific rose 1/8 to 96 following announcement of a two-for-one stock split and a dividend increase.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange closed higher in active trading. The Amex index rose 1.12 to 99.41.

Soybean and grain traded in fairly narrow ranges on the Chicago Board of Trade and closed mostly uneven.

The November soybean contract expired at midday, 10 cents under the previous close, but other contracts were 2 cents lower to 5 higher. Soybean meal, wheat and corn prices also were mixed but soybean oil gained up to 1/2 cent a pound while oats fell 3 1/2.

Company Reports

Revenue, Profits in Millions of Dollars

Campbell Soup

First Quarter	1977	1976
Revenue	439.30	397.70
Profits	21.30	22.00
Per Share	0.71	0.69

F.W. Woolworth

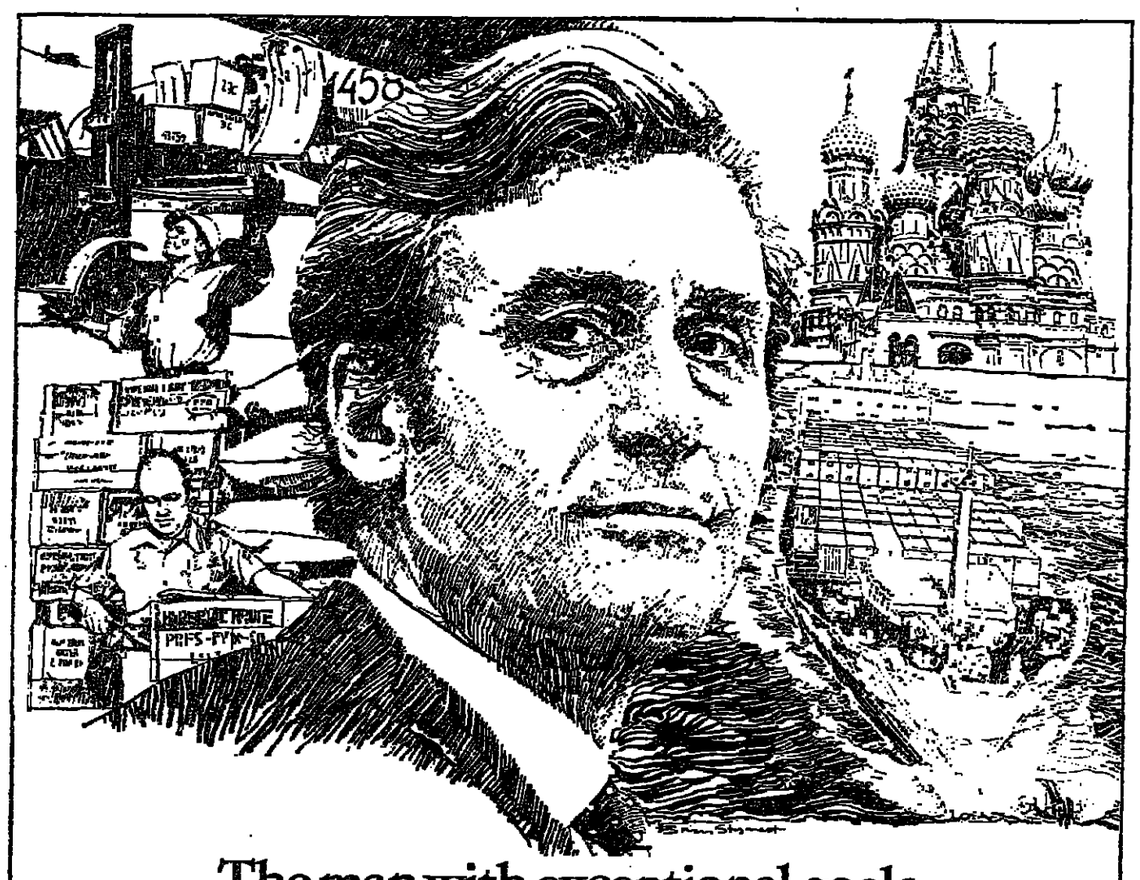
Third Quarter	1976	1975
Revenue	1,300.00	1,100.00
Profits	18.90	8.10
Per Share	0.62	0.25
Nine Months		
Revenue	3,600.00	3,200.00
Profits	38.70	29.30
Per Share	1.59	1.26

Federated Dept. Stores

Nine Months		
Revenue	2,980.00	2,770.00
Profits	85.10	91.90
Per Share	1.77	1.93

May Depart. Stores

Nine Months		
Revenue	1,398.50	1,283.70
Profits	28.90	25.70
Per Share	1.27	1.12



The man with exceptional goals needs an exceptional bank.

What makes Trade Development Bank exceptional? To start with, there is our policy of concentrating on things we do unusually well. For example, trade and export financing, foreign exchange and bank notes, money market transactions and precious metals.

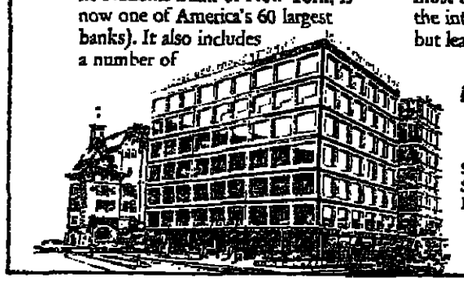
Geographically, too, we work mainly in areas where we have something special to offer. This includes the U.S.A. (our U.S. affiliate, Republic National Bank of New York, is now one of America's 60 largest banks). It also includes a number of out-of-the-way countries which, frankly, many other banks lack the first-hand knowledge to tackle properly.

What's more, we keep our back-office systems running abreast of our business. You don't notice this directly, but it shows up in quicker decisions, less red tape, fewer errors.

Serving our clients well has helped us grow uncommonly fast. Today, we're big enough to provide most of the sophisticated facilities of the international banking giants—but lean enough not to keep you waiting for committees to deliberate.

As part of the Trade Development Bank Holding Group ($2.9 billion in assets, $238 million in capital funds employed), we're ready to serve you in most of the world's financial centers.

Key Group offices: Geneva, London, Paris, New York (Republic National Bank of New York). Other offices in Buenos Aires, Caracas, Chiasso, Frankfurt, Luxembourg, Mexico City, Nassau, Rio de Janeiro, São Paulo.



Trade Development Bank

Shown at left, new head offices of Trade Development Bank, Geneva. Swiss subsidiary of the Trade Development Bank Holding Group. TDB is now the sixth largest commercial bank in Switzerland.

NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Nov. 18

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
36⅝	27⅛	ACF Ind 2.80	7	28	32	31¾	31¾	
4	1⅞	AJ Indust	6	17	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
24⅞	17⅞	AMF Inc 1.24	9	149	19⅛	18¾	18¾—	⅛
[illegible]	17¾	APL Corp 1	5	41	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
40⅞	44⅞	ARASv 1.20	10	47	46¼	45⅞	45⅞—	⅛
33	19⅞	ASA Ltd .20		505	20⅛	19⅞	20—	⅛
[illegible]	7⅛	ATO Inc .28	5	58	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
55⅛	37⅞	AbbtLab .88	16	268	50¼	49⅞	49⅞—	⅛
10⅞	8⅛	AcmeClv .50	15	17	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
4⅞	2⅛	AdmDg .04	1	2	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞+	⅛
12⅞	9⅞	AdmEx .48e		25	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜—	⅛
5⅞	2⅞	AdmsMillis	7	16	4	4	4+	⅛
13⅞	7⅞	Address .10e	14	116	19⅛	19	19⅛+	⅛
35⅞	27⅞	AetnaLf 1.08	9	742	33⅞	33⅛	33⅝+	⅜
52⅞	46⅞	AetnaLf pf 2		7	51	51	51+	⅛
16⅞	9⅞	Ahmans .32	6	174	16⅞	15⅞	15⅞+	⅛
4⅞	2⅞	Aileen Inc	55	20	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
39⅛	29⅞	AirProd .20	14	255	31¾	31⅛	31⅛—	⅛
17⅞	9	AirbnFrt .60	10	69	12⅞	12⅝	12—	⅛
34⅞	17⅞	Aircoinc 1.15	6	74	27⅞	27¼	27⅞+	⅞
25⅞	12⅞	Alcona 1.20	11	50	14	13⅞	14+	⅛
15⅞	12⅞	AlaGas 1.28	7	2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	AlaPw pf [illegible]		22533	100¾	100¼	100¾	[illegible]
100⅞	89	AlaP pf 9.44		z500	100½	100½	100½	
[illegible]	11⅞	Alaskln .45r	5	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	
27⅞	4	Albanyln .20	7	6	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝+	½
8⅝	5⅞	AlbertoC .36	13	31	6	6	6	
27⅞	17⅞	Alberton .72	10	40	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝+	⅛
30⅞	16⅞	AlcanAlu .40	50	1019	22⅞	21⅝	22⅞+	1⅛
29⅞	14⅞	AlcoStd .72	5	41	16¾	16⅛	16⅝+	⅛
28	19⅞	AlconLb .28	37	29	27⅞	27⅛	27⅛+	⅛
9⅝	5⅜	Alexdrs .36e	6	24	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	
13⅝	7½	AllegCp .75e	13	x21	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
43⅛	28⅛	AligLud 1.80	6	15	34⅜	34⅛	34¼—	⅛
23⅞	14⅝	AligPw 1.60	8	225	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛+	½
20	9¼	AllenGrp .60	5	77	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛	
44⅞	33⅞	AlldCh 1.80	8	231	37	35⅞	36—	⅛
13⅝	9⅞	AlldMnt .64	4	16	11	10⅞	10⅞—	⅛
15⅞	10⅞	AlldProd .60		10	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝—	⅛
59¾	40⅞	AlldStr 1.80	7	60	47⅞	47	47⅞+	⅛
6	2¼	AlldSupmkt		35	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
30	17⅛	AllisChal .60	6	256	24⅝	24	24⅝—	⅛
14⅞	6⅞	AlphaPrt .25e	5	19	14	13⅞	13⅞—	⅛
61¾	39⅞	Alcoa 1.40	10	218	54	52¾	53¼	
41½	30	AmalSug 3a	6	1	37¼	37¼	37¼	
60⅞	42	Amax 1.75	18	64	54	53⅝	54+	⅛
146	106	Amax pf5.25		2	100½	100	100	
58⅞	52⅞	Amax pfB 3		10	55	54⅞	55+	⅛
22⅞	16⅞	AMBAC .60	7	45	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞+	⅛
21⅞	16⅛	Amrce 1.20	6	1	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞—	⅛
37⅞	29⅞	Amrc pf 2.60		2	34	34	34—	⅛
25⅞	16⅞	AHess .60	7	373	24⅝	23¾	24¾+	⅛
62	45⅞	AHes pf 3.50		80	60	59	60+	1
21⅞	13⅞	AAirFlt .56	8	34	16⅝	15⅞	16⅝+	½
16⅞	8⅞	Am Airlin	7	674	12⅞	12¾	12⅞+	⅛
10	4⅞	Amcord .38	7	108	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
15⅞	11⅞	AmBaker 1	5	5	15½	15½	15½—	⅛
43½	28⅞	ABrnds 2.80	9	104	47¾	47⅛	47¾+	⅛
26	21	ABrnd pf 1.70		1	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝+	⅛
39⅞	30⅞	AmBdcst 1	16	375	39⅞	38⅞	39⅞+	1
12¾	8¾	AmBldM .40a	6	3	9½	9½	9½—	⅛
38½	30⅞	AmCan 2.40	7	78	35¾	35⅛	35½+	⅛
23⅛	21	ACan pf 1.75		4	23	22⅞	22⅞+	⅛
3	1½	AmCen Mtg		6	1½	1½	1½	
15⅞	12⅛	AmCred .25e	5	55	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛+	⅛
29½	23⅞	ACyan 1.50	9	261	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝+	⅛
15	7¾	AmDisHl		39	9⅝	9½	9⅝+	⅛
28⅞	19¾	ADistTel .84	10	129	24⅛	23¾	24⅛+	½
7¾	4⅛	AmDualVt		56	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
14	12½	ADul pf .84a		15	14	14	14	
24⅞	20⅝	AmElPw 2.06	9	569	23⅛	22⅞	23⅛+	⅛
10½	8½	AFamily .32	5	48	10⅛	10	10	
14	7⅝	AmFinSy pf		2150	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜+	⅛
6⅞	2½	AmFinSys		25	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
24⅞	22½	AGlBd 1.96e		46	24¾	24⅝	24⅝+	⅛
17⅞	15	AGenCv 1.32		14	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝+	⅛
19¼	15⅛	AmGnIns .68	7	75	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞+	⅛
25¾	21¾	AmGln pf1.80		77	26⅜	25¾	25¾—	⅛
18⅛	13	AmHoist .80	4	20	14¾	14½	14¾	
37⅞	29⅛	AmHome 1	18	649	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝+	½
37½	29⅛	AmHosp .40	20	310	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝+	⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Am Invest	21	77	3⅞	3¾	3¾—	⅛
11⅝	5⅞	A Medict .24	8	38	10⅞	10¾	10⅞+	⅛
8⅞	5⅜	A Medicp .10	5	113	8⅛	8	8	
7⅞	3¾	Am Motors	6	479	4	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
40⅞	32⅞	ANatR 2.64	7	111	38⅝	38½	38⅝+	¼
12¼	8⅝	AmSeat .40	6	10	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
16¼	8⅛	AShip 1.07t	7	44	16⅛	16	16	
28⅞	16⅞	AmStand 1.30	7	303	27⅝	26⅞	27⅝+	⅞
79	54½	A Std pf 4.75		18	77⅛	76⅞	77½+	1¼
8⅛	6	AmSterl .30	11	36	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
33	26⅛	AmStrs 1.90	5	17	28	27¾	28	
62¾	50⅞	AmT&T 3.80	11	1444	61⅞	60⅝	61⅞+	⅛
67	55	AmT&T pf 4		42	64¼	63⅞	64⅛+	⅛
49	43⅞	ATT pf3.64		102	48	47⅝	48+	⅛
50⅛	45	ATT pf3.74		77	49⅛	49	49¼+	⅛
10⅞	8⅛	AWatWk .70	5	16	10⅛	10	10⅛+	⅛
18	15⅞	AW4.1pf 1.43		z110	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛+	½
17⅛	14⅞	Ameron 1	7	17	16	15⅞	16—	⅛
10⅞	5⅞	AmesD .18e	4	x11	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
24⅛	19¼	Ametek 1.20	8	80	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	
19⅞	13	Amfacinc 1	7	52	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛+	⅛
35⅛	26	AMPInc .41	28	249	30¼	30	30—	⅛
12⅞	8½	Ampco .60	8	11	12⅜	12¼	12¼	
9⅞	4⅝	Ampex Corp	10	114	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞—	⅛
3⅛	1½	Amrep Corp		2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞+	⅛
28⅛	20⅛	Amstar n	5	19	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛+	½
70⅛	51¾	Amst pf 2.45		3	57½	57	57—	5½
47⅛	34	Amsted 2	7	20	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛+	⅛
8	5⅛	Amtel .22	6	64	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	
31⅜	17⅞	Anacond .60	116	173	27⅝	27	27⅝+	1⅜
37⅞	22⅞	AnchrH 1.40	6	116	27⅝	27	27⅛+	⅛
48⅞	35⅛	AndCly 1.60	8	13	45⅞	45⅛	45⅛+	⅛
8⅛	5	Angelica .16	8	272	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
10⅞	5⅝	Anixter .20	5	9	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	
12⅞	7	AnsulCo .53t		17	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	
19⅛	10¼	Apache .50b	6	81	15⅞	14⅞	15⅞+	½
29⅛	23⅞	Apco Oil	27	26	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛+	⅛
3⅞	1⅛	Apeco Corp		160	1⅞	1½	1⅞	
81⅞	68	ApPw pf7.40		z410	80	79⅞	79⅞+	½
4⅛	2⅛	Appld Mag	10	3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
14⅞	9⅝	ArcataN .40	7	36	13⅞	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
31⅞	17⅞	ArchDan .20	8	133	17⅞	17½	17⅞+	⅛
6	3⅛	Arctic Entr	8	7	4	3⅞	4	
3⅝	1⅞	Aristar		23	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
17⅞	15	ArizPSv 1.48	8	127	17⅞	17⅛	17⅜+	⅛
14⅞	6	ArkBest .35		13	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	
27⅛	21⅛	ArkLGs 1.70	8	x103	26⅞	26⅛	26⅞+	⅛
4⅛	2	Arlen RltyD		163	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅞	4⅛	Armada Cp	8	4	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞+	⅛
35⅞	26⅛	Armco 1.80	8	225	29⅞	29	29⅞—	⅛
32⅛	27	Arm pf 2.10		3	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	
52⅛	44⅞	Armr pf 4.75		z50	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛+	⅛
37⅞	22⅞	ArmstCk 1	14	310	30	29⅞	29⅞	
21⅛	15	ArmRu .85	3	21	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	
20⅞	12⅞	AroCorp 1b	7	4	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
16	9⅞	Arvin .52e	4	45	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞+	⅛
27⅞	25⅛	Arvinin pf 2		10	25⅞	25⅛	25⅞+	⅛
20	13⅞	Asarco .80	13	156	15⅞	15	15⅞	
29⅞	19⅞	AshlOil 1.90	6	403	28⅞	28⅜	28⅞	
40	27⅛	AssdDrG 1.50	11	70	33⅛	32⅞	33⅛+	⅛
14⅞	8⅛	Athlone .60	5	13	13⅛	13	13⅛—	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	Atlco Mtg		17	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛+	⅛
23⅞	17⅛	AtlCyEl 1.62	8	124	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞—	⅛
58	47⅛	AtlRich 1.60	11	2155	57⅛	56⅞	56⅞+	⅛
71⅜	54⅛	AtlRc pf 2.80		120	70⅛	69⅞	69⅞+	⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Atlas Corp	13	99	4	3⅞	4+	⅛
35⅞	25	Auto Data.24	20	52	28⅛	27⅞	28+	⅛
7⅞	4⅛	Automind .24	5	59	6	5⅞	6+	⅛
15⅞	4⅞	Avco Corp	2	73	13⅞	13⅛	13⅝—	⅛
1⅞	½	AvcoCp wt		6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
41⅞	28⅞	AvcoCp pf		3	40⅛	40	40⅛	
29⅛	19⅛	AveryInt .36	19	31	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞—	⅛
13⅛	7⅞	Avis Inc	6	141	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
20⅛	10⅛	Avnetinc .60	6	847	15⅞	15	15⅞+	⅛
50⅛	32⅛	AvonPd 2	17	631	47⅝	46	47⅝+	1⅜

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— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
4	1⅞	BTMtg .30e		3	1⅞	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
36¾	18¾	BabckWll 1	7	79	31	30⅞	30⅞—	½
14⅞	4⅛	Bache .40e	3	76	8⅛	7⅞	8+	⅛
12⅛	7⅞	Bakerin .36	8	102	9⅛	9⅞	9⅞	
55	40⅛	Bakrintl .42	14	102	49	48⅞	49+	⅛
13⅞	8½	BaldDH .68	6	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	⅛
25⅛	16½	BallCp .86	6	56	17⅞	17	17⅛+	⅛
24⅞	11⅞	BallyMf .02e	14	306	24⅞	23⅞	24⅛+	⅛
26⅞	22⅞	BaltGE 2.08	9	165	27	26⅞	26⅞—	⅛
56⅛	50	Balt pfB 4.50		z50	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛+	⅛
16⅞	12⅞	BanCa .60	96	6	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛+	⅛
32⅛	12⅞	Bandag .05e	9	54	14⅛	10⅞	13⅛—	⅛
11⅛	4½	Bangr Punt	4	28	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞+	½
33⅛	23⅞	BkofNY 2.38	6	24	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛+	⅛
15⅞	11⅛	BkofVa .88	6	11	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞—	⅛
27⅞	24⅛	BankAm .80	11	611	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛+	⅛
38	28⅞	BankTr 3	8	68	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	
28⅞	25⅞	BnkT pf 2.50		13	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞+	⅛
34⅛	25⅞	BarbOil 1.60		12	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞—	⅛
18	11⅛	BardCR .24	12	107	13⅛	13	13—	⅛
18⅞	16⅛	BarnsGp .80	7	16	17	16⅞	17+	⅛
15⅛	7⅞	BasicInc .80	4	2	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
50	22⅞	BatesMf .80	29	11	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛+	½
39⅛	25	BauschL .80	8	38	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
46⅞	33	BaxtTrv .21	24	170	41⅞	40⅞	41⅛+	⅞
27⅞	17⅞	BayStG 1.68	7	5	20⅞	20	20⅞+	½
5⅛	4⅛	BaykCig .24	231	11	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
28	17	Bearing .50	10	2	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞+	¼
27⅞	21½	BeatFds .84	14	378	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞+	¼
23⅞	22⅞	Beckmn .28	16	62	24⅞	24	24⅞+	⅛
42⅞	33	BectDick .58	16	68	34⅞	34	34⅞+	⅛
23⅞	14	BeechA 1	7	44	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	
17⅞	7⅞	Beker .28		79	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛+	½
23⅞	13⅞	BelcoP .60e	6	52	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞+	¼
27⅞	15⅞	Belden 1.32	8	5	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞+	⅛
11⅛	7	BeldnHe .36b	7	2	8⅛	8	8⅛	
25⅞	15	BellHow .84		24	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞+	⅛
52⅞	46	BellCda 3.72	6	85	47⅞	46⅞	47⅞+	⅛
20	13⅞	Bemis 1.20	7	8	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞+	⅛
45⅞	37⅞	Bendix 2	8	152	40	38⅞	40+	1
25⅛	17⅞	BenfiCp 1.45	5	143	24⅞	23⅞	24+	⅛
57⅛	46⅞	Benef pf 4.30		11	54⅞	54	54—	⅛
29⅞	25⅞	Benf Spf 2.50		z60	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞+	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	BenfStd Mtg		4	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
2⅛	1⅛	BengtB .07e	7	23	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
5⅞	2⅞	Berkey Pho		88	4	3⅞	3⅞	
23⅞	13⅞	Best Prod	13	118	24⅞	23⅞	23⅞+	¼
43	33	BethStl 2	7	325	36⅛	35⅞	35⅞+	⅛
33⅛	27⅞	BigThree .40	17	369	28⅞	29	29⅞+	1⅛
23⅞	15⅛	BlackDr .40	18	913	18⅛	18	18⅛+	⅛
11⅞	5	BlairJn .48a	5	39	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞+	⅛
17⅛	12⅞	BlissLau 1b	5	6	16⅛	15	15—	⅛
20⅞	14⅛	BlockHR 1	12	715	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	
24⅞	20⅛	BlueBell .80	6	400	25⅞	24⅞	25⅞+	¾
5⅛	3⅛	Bluebird Inc	7	34	5	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛
6⅞	2⅞	Bobbie Brks	7	25	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
45⅛	24⅞	Boeing 1a	11	610	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞+	⅛
30⅞	22⅞	BoiseCas .80	12	433	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞—	¼
33⅞	26	Borden 1.40	9	884	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	
30⅛	19⅞	BorWar 1.40	7	35	26⅞	26	26⅞+	¼
4⅛	2⅞	Bormans	4	9	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
27	22⅞	BosEd 2.44	9	24	25⅞	24⅞	25—	¼
94⅛	81⅛	BosE pf 8.88		z50	93	93	93—	¼
12⅞	9⅞	BosE pf 1.17		9	12	11⅞	12	
15⅛	12⅞	BosE pf 1.46		16	15	15	15	
14⅛	8⅛	Braniff .24	70	717	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛+	⅛
32⅛	15⅛	BraunCF .60	6	44	26⅞	26⅛	26⅛—	⅛
22⅛	26⅛	Brig Str .52	14	59	29⅞	28⅞	29⅛+	⅛
50⅞	40⅛	BristM pf 2		8	41⅞	41⅞	40⅞+	⅛
72⅛	9⅛	BritPet .33e	87	942	12⅛	12	12⅛+	⅛
35⅛	30⅛	BrkwGl 1.20	6	47	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛+	⅛
19⅛	16⅛	BklyUG 1.72	7	29	18⅞	18⅞	19⅛	
26⅞	24⅞	BklUG pf2.47		2	26	24	24—	¼
8⅛	5⅛	BwnShrp .20		11	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
12⅛	9⅞	BrownC .22c	5	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
26	18⅞	BwnGp 1.30	7	4	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛+	⅛
8⅞	5⅞	BrwnFer .20	9	84	6	5⅞	6—	⅛
18⅞	11	Brunswk .50	7	252	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
26⅞	11	BrushW .80	7	31	23	22⅞	22⅞—	⅛
30⅛	18	BucyEr .64	13	403	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛+	¼
19⅞	9⅞	BuddCo 1.20	4	42	17⅞	17⅛	17⅛	
53⅛	47	BuddCo pf 5		z10	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛+	½
7	4⅞	Budgind .24t	5	7	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
26⅛	20⅛	BuffFo 1.40a	9	14	24⅞	23⅞	24⅞+	1
11⅛	6	Bulova .05i		32	6⅞	6	6⅞+	⅛
21⅞	19⅛	BunkHil 1.86		16	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞+	⅛
9⅛	4⅞	Bunk Ramo		18	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
34	23⅛	Burlind 1.40	7	276	27⅞	26⅞	27⅞+	½
48⅛	31⅞	BurlNo 1.30e	6	189	44⅞	44	44⅞+	⅛
7⅛	6⅛	BurlNo pf.55		7	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
30⅛	24⅛	Burndy .88	11	4	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
108⅛	63⅛	Burrghs .85	21	379	90⅛	89⅞	90⅛+	⅞
20⅛	17	ButtesG Oil	5	90	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞—	⅛

C

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
61	46⅞	CBS	10	129	65	64	64⅞+	⅞
4⅞	1⅞	CCI Corp		85	4⅛	4	4⅛	
2⅞	⅞	CIMtg Gp		27	13-16	⅞	13-16+	1-16
4⅛	2⅞	CIRt Inv		18	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
27⅞	22⅞	CITFin 2.28	7	95	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞+	⅛
7⅞	7-16	CL Assets		17	½	½	½—	⅛
7	4⅞	CL Asst pf1.10k		4	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
6	3⅞	CLCAm .24	5	10	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞+	⅛
16⅞	8	CMIInv Cp	18	28	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
8⅞	5⅞	CNA Finl	6	210	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+	⅛
14	11	CNA pfA1.10		32	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
13⅞	11	CNAI 1.08a		31	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞—	⅛
48⅞	40⅞	CPC Int 2.30	9	98	44⅞	43⅞	44⅞+	⅛
4⅛	1⅞	CabCab For		34	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
36⅞	18⅞	CabotC 1.40	7	27	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞+	⅛
5⅞	2⅛	Cadence Ind	7	11	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
5⅛	2⅞	Caesars Wrl		14	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
8⅞	3	Cal Finanl	8	43	8⅛	8	8—	⅛
19⅞	15⅞	CalPUt 1.60	8	8	18	17⅞	17⅞	
17⅞	10⅞	Callahn .60r	17	44	13⅞	13	13⅞—	⅛
3⅞	1⅞	Camrn Brn		4	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
27⅞	16⅞	CmpRL .40a	21	62	24⅞	23⅞	23⅞—	1
35⅞	29⅞	CamSp 1.36	11	156	34⅞	33⅞	34⅞+	⅛
31⅞	27⅞	CamoTg 1.12	9	7	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	
19⅞	13	CdnPac .86e	6	64	16⅞	15⅞	16⅞+	⅛
12⅞	7⅞	CanalR .64	10	4	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞+	⅛
56	42⅞	CapCitis .20	12	45	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞+	⅛
24⅞	17⅞	CapHold .40	10	170	19⅞	18⅞	19⅞+	⅛
3	⅞	Capit Mtg		9	15-16	15-16	15-16	
35⅞	29⅞	Carbor 1.12	8	42	31⅞	30⅞	31⅞+	⅞
4⅞	2⅞	Carlins OKe	17	15	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞+	⅛
16⅞	10⅞	Carlisle .68	7	5	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞—	⅛
7	5⅞	CaroFrg .20		27	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
23⅞	17⅞	CaroPW 1.72	8	293	22⅞	22	22⅞+	⅛
30⅞	26⅞	CarP pf 2.67		9	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞—	⅛
24⅞	21⅞	CarTec 1.80	7	1	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞—	⅛
18⅞	11⅞	CarrCp .64	16	94	17⅞	17	17⅞+	⅛
16⅞	12⅞	CarrGn .89e		1	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
25⅞	17⅞	CartHaw .90	9	78	20	19⅞	19⅞—	⅛
42⅞	33	CartHw pf 2		9	34⅞	33⅞	34—	⅛
8⅞	6	CartWall .40	26	34	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
11	8⅞	CascNG .73r	8	8	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
17⅞	15	CastlCk .80b	6	x201	16	15⅞	15⅞	
62⅞	53⅞	CatrpTr 1.50	12	559	56⅞	55⅞	56⅞+	⅞
19⅞	14	CecoCp 1.15	11	10	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	
58	41⅞	Celanse 2.80	8	114	45⅞	44⅞	45⅞+	⅞
52	46⅞	Celn pfA4.50		5	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞	
14	7⅞	Centex .12	11	169	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞—	¼
16⅞	13⅞	CenSoW 1.20	10	394	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	
20⅞	17⅞	CenHud 1.72	8	7	19	19	19	
18⅞	15⅞	CenIllLt 1.60	11	x56	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞—	⅛
52	45	CnlLt pf 4.50		z70	50⅞	49⅞	50⅞+	1
31⅞	27⅞	CnlLt pf 2.87		z360	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞+	⅛
15⅞	12⅞	CenIlPS 1.28	10	17	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞—	⅛
27⅞	18	CenLaE 1.40	9	210	25	24⅞	24⅞+	⅛
16	14	CeMPw 1.34	10	55	15	14⅞	15+	⅛
18	13⅞	CenSoya .70	6	80	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
24⅞	19⅞	CenTel 1.36	10	30	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞+	⅛
36⅞	19⅞	CentrDat .80	12	90	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞+	⅞
22⅞	15	Cert-teed .65	10	61	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞—	⅛
30⅞	27⅞	CessnAir 1b	7	9	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞—	⅛
28⅞	18	ChampInt 1	9	757	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞+	⅞
65⅞	55	Chml pf 5.50		z110	65	65	65+	2
22⅞	18⅞	Chml pf 1.20		53	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞+	⅞
13⅞	9⅞	ChamSp .68	9	30	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	⅛
5⅞	2⅞	CharlrCo .08	26	211	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
26⅞	21⅞	Chartr NY 2	6	21	26⅞	26	26⅞+	⅞
8⅞	7	ChaseFd .60e		42	8	7⅞	7⅞	
32⅞	26⅞	ChaseM 2.20	11	265	27⅞	26⅞	27⅞+	⅛
4	2	ChaseT .52e		48	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
11	5⅞	Chelsea .40	11	3	6⅞	6	6⅞+	⅛
52	29⅞	Chemin 1.50	6	63	29⅞	28⅞	29⅞+	1
43⅞	30⅞	ChmNY 2.86	6	54	37⅞	35⅞	37⅞+	⅛
37⅞	25⅞	Ches Va 1.56	6	1	28	28	28+	⅛
25⅞	22⅞	ChasePn .76	14	155	24⅞	24	24⅞+	⅛
42⅞	34⅞	Chessie 2.32	7	350	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞+	⅛
9⅞	4⅞	ChiMilw Cp		17	5⅞	6⅞	5⅞+	⅛
14⅞	8⅞	ChiMilw pf		5	12	11⅞	11⅞+	⅛
35⅞	24⅞	ChiPneuT 2	15	145	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞+	⅛
3⅞	2	ChkFull		18	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞+	⅛
9⅞	4⅞	Chris Craft	12	34	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞+	⅛
15	9⅞	Chromal .84	6	65	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞+	⅛
67⅞	53	Chroma pf 5		1	66	66	66+	1⅞
22⅞	10⅞	Chrysler .30e	5	727	19⅞	18⅞	19	
22⅞	19⅞	CinBell 1.60	8	1	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞+	⅛
21⅞	17	CinnGE 1.64	15	194	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞+	⅛
105	93	CinG pf 9.21		z100	105	104	104	
35⅞	16⅞	CinMila 1.40	15	6	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞+	½
37⅞	27⅞	Citicorp .96	10	886	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞+	⅛
57⅞	38⅞	CitiesSv 2.80	7	400	55⅞	54⅞	55+	⅞
5	1⅞	CitzSR .30e		58	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
13⅞	7	CityInvst .46	8	364	13⅞	13	13⅞+	⅛
15-16	⅛	CityInv wt		8	7-16	7-16	7-16	
25⅞	16⅞	CityIn pfB 2		52	24⅞	22⅞	24⅞	
11⅞	10	CityIn pf 1.10		42	11	11	11	
46⅞	25⅞	ClarkE 1.60a	11	118	37⅞	36⅞	37⅞+	⅞
15⅞	9	ClarkOil .50	8	24	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞+	⅛
73⅞	47	ClvCliff 1.60a	12	2	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞+	⅛
32⅞	26⅞	ClvElIll 2.56	10	98	32⅞	31⅞	32+	⅛
14⅞	10⅞	CloroxCo .52	11	192	13	12⅞	12⅞	
11⅞	7⅞	CluetPea .60	5	77	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞+	⅛
13⅞	10⅞	CluetP pf 1		74	10	11⅞	13	
14⅞	7⅞	CoastSt Gas	3	161	9⅞	9	9⅞+	⅛
24⅞	16⅞	CstSG pf1.83		14	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞+	⅛
19⅞	13⅞	CstSG pf1.19		1	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
9⅞	6⅞	CocaBtl .40a	11	226	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+	⅛
95⅞	76⅞	CocaCol 2.45	17	262	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞+	⅛
19⅞	8⅞	ColdwBk .58	9	1	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞+	⅛
6⅞	2⅞	Coleco Ind	14	11	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
31⅞	23⅞	ColgPal .88	14	650	25⅞	24⅞	25⅞+	⅛
51⅞	46⅞	ColgP pf3.50		z30	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	
16⅞	9⅞	CollinAik .64	6	152	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	
8⅞	4⅞	CollinF .05e	7	17	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
24⅞	18	ColPenn .70	8	259	22⅞	21⅞	22⅞+	⅛
25	16⅞	ColonlSt 1.45	7	3	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞—	⅛
56⅞	28⅞	ColtInd 2.50	6	33	49	48	48+	⅛
29⅞	18⅞	Colt pf 1.60		3	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞—	⅛
26⅞	22⅞	ColGas 2.14	8	245	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞+	⅛
60	56⅞	ColGs pf5.62		33	58⅞	58	58⅞	
60⅞	54⅞	ColGs pf5.48		5	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	
7⅞	4⅞	Colum Pict	2	104	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞+	⅛
27⅞	21⅞	ColSOh 2.20	8	238	26	25⅞	25⅞+	⅛
[illegible]	9-16	Colwel Mtg		29	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
29⅞	10⅞	Combd Com	8	62	18⅞	17⅞	17⅞+	⅛
49⅞	38⅞	CombEng 2	9	269	44	43⅞	44+	1
43⅞		CmE pf b70		1	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞+	1⅞
20⅞	10	CombEq .10r	10	79	19⅞	18⅞	19⅞+	⅛
32⅞	26⅞	ComwE 2.40	10	945	32⅞	31⅞	32+	⅛
10⅞	8⅞	ComEdA wt		3	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞+	⅛
22⅞	19⅞	ComE pf1.42		8	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	
23⅞	20⅞	ComE pf1.90		48	22⅞	22	22⅞	
23⅞	21⅞	ComwE pf 2		31	23⅞	22⅞	23⅞—	⅛
27⅞	25⅞	ComE pf2.37		1	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	
32⅞	29⅞	ComE pf2.87		7	32	31⅞	32	
17⅞	6⅞	ComwO		330	7⅞	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
22⅞	16⅞	ComO pf1.72		17	17	16⅞	17	
31⅞	23⅞	Comsat 1	6	164	28⅞	27⅞	28+	⅛
38⅞	18⅞	Comogr .05e	7	74	25⅞	24⅞	25⅞+	⅛
8	4	Comput Sci	6	155	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞+	⅛
13	8⅞	ConAgr .75	3	39	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	⅛
25⅞	19⅞	ConsMills 1	9	16	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞—	⅛
19⅞	12	Congolm .50	7	52	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
18⅞	10⅞	ConnM 1.60	13	102	17⅞	16⅞	17⅞+	⅛
25⅞	16⅞	Conrac .80B	6	x21	21⅞	21	21⅞+	⅛
20	15	ConEd 1.60	5	226	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	
70	55⅞	ConEd pf 6		2	66⅞	66	66—	⅛
50⅞	38⅞	CnE pfC 4.65		z50	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞+	⅛
54⅞	41	ConEd pf 5		5	51⅞	51	51⅞+	⅛
28⅞	19⅞	ConFds 1.40	8	271	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞—	⅛
68	56⅞	ConF pf 4.50		9	67	65⅞	65⅞—	1⅞
27⅞	18⅞	ConFrgt .80	8	52	25	25	25+	⅛
30⅞	24⅞	ConNGs 2.24	8	73	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞+	⅛
23⅞	19	ConsuPow 2	7	243	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞+	⅛
80⅞	69⅞	CnPw pf7.72		z100	80	80	80+	1⅞
82	66	CnPw pf7.76		z100	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞+	⅛
81⅞	67⅞	CnPw pf7.68		z1000	79	79	79—	1⅞
29⅞	25	CnPw pf2.40		3	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	
71⅞	60⅞	CnPw pf5.50		z100	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	
9⅞	5⅞	ContAir Lin	14	236	7⅞	7	7⅞+	⅛
6⅞	4⅞	ContCop .59		23	6⅞	5⅞	5⅞+	⅛
54	41⅞	ContlCp 2.80	19	5	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	
59⅞	45⅞	CIC pfA2.50		1	58	58	58+	⅛
34⅞	26⅞	CntlGrp 2	8	276	33⅞	32	33+	1⅞
53⅞	35⅞	ContlCp 2.40	7	103	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞+	⅛
15⅞	9⅞	ContlIIP 1.28	7	44	15⅞	15	15—	⅛
3	1⅞	Contll Rlty		41	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞+	⅛
40⅞	33	Cont Oil 1.20	9	703	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞+	⅛
15⅞	12⅞	ContTel 1.08	10	232	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞+	⅛
27⅞	17⅞	Control Dat	9	326	22⅞	22	22⅞+	⅛
48	42⅞	CoDr pf 4.50		z490	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞—	⅛
35⅞	26⅞	Conwd 2.20	8	2	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞—	⅛
6	2⅞	CookUn .30t	5	7	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
41⅞	29	Cooperin .84	10	x4	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞+	⅛
10⅞	4⅞	Cooper Lab	17	40	9⅞	9	9⅞—	⅛
16⅞	9⅞	CoopTR .70	3	5	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
17⅞	12	CopT pf 1.25		11	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
16⅞	10⅞	CopeInd .68	8	3	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
25⅞	17⅞	CoppRg .50a		56	20	20	20	
53	36⅞	Copow 2.40b	7	1	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	
2⅞	1⅞	Cordura Co		11	2	1⅞	2+	⅛
80	43⅞	CornG 1.12a	15	147	67⅞	65⅞	67+	1⅞
4	1⅞	Cousins Mtg		35	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
37⅞	27⅞	CoxBdct .55	9	74	28	28⅞	28⅞—	⅛
16⅞	8⅞	Craig .30	3	34	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞+	⅛
30⅞	22⅞	Crane 1.20	4	33	26⅞	26	26⅞+	⅛
5⅞	3⅞	CreditF .24	9	19	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
27⅞	21⅞	CrockN 1.66	8	117	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞+	⅛
43⅞	35⅞	CrockN pf 3		3	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞—	⅛
15⅞	10⅞	CrompK .80	7	15	12	11⅞	12+	⅛
33⅞	18⅞	CrouHl 1	11	7	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞+	⅛
22⅞	16⅞	Crown Cork	7	47	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	
53⅞	35⅞	CrwZel 1.80	11	494	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞—	⅛
20⅞	10⅞	Culbro 1.32	6	11	19⅞	19	19⅞+	⅛
11	7⅞	Cullisan .40	9	7	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
45⅞	29⅞	CummEng 1	10	64	43	42⅞	43+	⅛
128⅞	79	Cum pf 7.50		z150	117⅞	116⅞	117⅞+	2⅞
9⅞	6⅞	CumnDrg .25	8	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
12⅞	11	CurrInc 1.08		14	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞—	⅛
17⅞	10	CurtisWr .60	9	73	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞+	⅛
25	22⅞	CurtisWrA 2		1	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞+	⅛
40⅞	26⅞	CutlerH 1.80	8	148	36	34⅞	35⅞+	⅞
25⅞	15⅞	Cyclops 1.20	4	12	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞—	⅛
31⅞	21⅞	Cyprus 1.40	22	4	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	

D

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
8⅞	4⅞	DPF Inc	10	29	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛
11⅞	6⅞	Damon .20	46	74	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
11⅞	7	DanRiv .40	5	51	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞+	⅛
29⅞	19⅞	DanaCp .84	9	159	27	26⅞	26⅞—	⅛
41	27⅞	DartInd .80b	8	737	31⅞	30⅞	31⅞+	⅛
41⅞	32⅞	DartIndpf 2		11	36	35⅞	36+	1⅞
60⅞	37⅞	Data Genl	33	251	46	45⅞	45⅞+	⅛
17⅞	10⅞	Dayco .50b	4	1	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
66	50	Dayc pf 4.25		z10	59	59	59—	1
36⅞	26⅞	DaytnHud 1	10	227	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞+	⅛
20	17	DaytPL 1.66	10	58	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	
85⅞	72⅞	DPL pf 7.70		z20	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞—	⅛
34⅞	29	Deere 1.10	7	243	30⅞	29⅞	30⅞+	⅛
29⅞	22⅞	DelMon 1.50	7	18	27	26⅞	26⅞—	⅛
14⅞	12⅞	DelmaP 1.20	9	54	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞+	⅛
45⅞	34⅞	DeltaAir .70	9	405	36	35⅞	35⅞—	⅛
7⅞	3⅞	Deltec Intl	31	13	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞+	⅛
7⅞	3⅞	Deltona Crp		47	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
23⅞	19	DennisMfg 1	7	33	20⅞	20	20⅞+	½
25⅞	18⅞	Dennys .44	11	134	22⅞	21⅞	21⅞+	⅛
34⅞	27⅞	Dentsply .80	14	5	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞+	⅛
25⅞	15⅞	Deseret .40	15	71	26⅞	25⅞	26+	⅛
13⅞	5⅞	DeSoto .40	9	76	13⅞	13	13⅞—	⅛
15⅞	13	DetEdis 1.45	10	369	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
64⅞	55	DetE pf 5.50		2	61⅞	60⅞	61⅞+	⅛
95⅞	82⅞	DetE pf 9.32		z40	93	93	93—	⅛
80⅞	66	DetE pf 7.68		z100	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞—	⅛
78⅞	64	DetE pf 7.45		z120	75	75	75—	1⅞
77⅞	64	DetE pf 7.36		z150	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	
27⅞	24⅞	DetE pf 2.75		24	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞+	⅛
27⅞	24⅞	DeE pfB2.75		12	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	
25	12⅞	Dexter .60	9	29	24⅞	24	24—	⅛
6⅞	4⅞	DiGiorg .05e	8	25	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
13⅞	9	DialFinl .70	6	3	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	⅛
42⅞	33⅞	Diamint 2	8	57	35⅞	34⅞	35⅞+	⅛
22⅞	14	DiamM 1.72t	4	30	15	14⅞	15+	⅛
80	53⅞	DiamSh 2.20	8	168	63	61⅞	63+	⅛
36⅞	24⅞	Dia pfD 1.20		12	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	
17⅞	7	DickAB .40	15	31	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞+	⅛
10⅞	8⅞	Dictaphn .64	11	82	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞+	⅛
15	10⅞	Diebold .44	9	13	12	12	12+	⅛
53⅞	45⅞	DigitalEq	25	1850	53⅞	52⅞	53+	⅛
11⅞	7⅞	Dillingm .48	4	47	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞+	⅛
37⅞	28⅞	Dillon 1.08b	13	5	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞+	⅛
63	41⅞	Disney .12b	19	899	46⅞	46	46⅞+	⅛
6⅞	13-16	Diversd Mtg		33	15-16	⅞	⅞	
17⅞	11	DrPepper .44	18	219	14	13⅞	14+	⅛
49⅞	32⅞	DomeM .80a	14	22	42	41⅞	41⅞—	⅛
6⅞	2⅞	DonLuJ .20e	7	22	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
24⅞	17⅞	Donnelly .68	11	340	22	21⅞	22	
19⅞	13⅞	DorOliv .20e	5	14	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞+	⅛
13⅞	6⅞	Dorsey .40	5	27	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞+	⅛
38⅞	32⅞	DoverCp .90	11	24	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞—	⅛
56⅞	38⅞	Dow Ch 1	12	1222	39⅞	39	39⅞	
31⅞	26⅞	DowJon 1.16	16	90	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞—	⅛
26	19⅞	Dravo .95	8	33	23⅞	22⅞	23⅞+	⅛
47	35⅞	Dresser .80	10	264	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞+	⅛
16⅞	16	DrexBd 1.44		1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞+	⅛
9⅞	6⅞	Dreyfus .55e	6	3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
161⅞	117⅞	duPont 5.25e	12	227	125⅞	122⅞	124—	1⅞
50⅞	44⅞	duPnt pf3.50		1	49	49	49	
64⅞	59	duPnt pf4.50		6	62	61⅞	62+	1
22⅞	16⅞	DukeP 1.60	9	148	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞+	⅛
88	76	Duke pf 6.75		2	87⅞	86⅞	87⅞+	1
99⅞	88	Duke pf 8.70		z100	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞+	1
92⅞	75⅞	Duke pf 7.80		z420	88⅞	88	88⅞+	1⅞
30	25⅞	Duke pf 2.69		2	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞+	⅛
33⅞	24⅞	DunBrd 1.06	16	228	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞—	⅛
20⅞	17⅞	DuqLt 1.72	9	120	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞—	⅛
26	23	Dq 2.1pf 2.10		z600	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞—	1⅞
26⅞	24⅞	DuqL pf 2.31		z150	26	25	25 [illegible]	
12	7⅞	Dymoln .44	6	25	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	

E

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
19⅞	13⅞	EG&G .18	13	56	15⅞	14⅞	15⅞+	⅛
14⅞	10	ELT .07e	11	9	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞+	⅛
5⅞	2⅞	EMI Lt .19e	12	68	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
43⅞	21⅞	E Syst 1.60b	8	48	39⅞	38⅞	39⅞+	1⅞
39⅞	25⅞	EagleP 1.16	9	8	37⅞	37	37⅞+	⅛
22⅞	16⅞	EascoCp .60	8	51	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞+	⅛
11⅞	4⅞	EastAir Lin	67	1067	9⅞	8⅞	8⅞+	⅛
27⅞	22⅞	EastGsF .80	9	251	27⅞	26	27+	1⅞
17	14⅞	EastUtl 1.50	7	21	16⅞	16	16⅞+	⅛
120⅞	82⅞	EasKd 1.60a	22	711	86⅞	85⅞	86+	⅛
44⅞	29⅞	Eaton 2	9	202	39⅞	38⅞	39⅞+	⅛
43	30⅞	Eaton pf1.19		1	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞—	⅛
27⅞	21	Echlin .48	33	212	24⅞	23⅞	24⅞+	⅛
30	21⅞	EckrdJk .48	17	82	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞+	⅛
16	12⅞	EckrdNC .24	10	22	16	15⅞	16+	⅛
56⅞	45⅞	EdisBro 1.72	8	6	55⅞	55⅞	55⅞	
20⅞	9⅞	Edwrds .50	4	13	13⅞	12⅞	13⅞+	⅛
15⅞	11⅞	ElPaso 1.10	6	148	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞+	⅛
5⅞	2	Elect Assoc		34	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
18⅞	11⅞	EDS .60	14	8	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
3⅞	1⅞	ElMem Mg	3	67	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
17⅞	15⅞	ElginNat 1	7	15	17	16⅞	16⅞—	⅛
8⅞	4⅞	Elixir Ind	7	41	6	6	6⅞—	⅛
31⅞	24⅞	EltraCp 1.16	8	21	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞+	⅛
41⅞	34	EmerEl 1	17	157	35⅞	35	35⅞	
50⅞	31⅞	Emery 1.20	20	66	37⅞	36⅞	37+	⅛
15	8⅞	Emeryln .44	10	25	11⅞	11	11⅞—	⅛
37	26⅞	Emhart 1.30	6	227	32⅞	31⅞	32⅞+	1⅞
46	34⅞	Emhart pf		2	43	43	43+	1
15⅞	13⅞	EmpDE 1.36	10	2	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	
16	11	EmpGas .28	7	91	15⅞	14⅞	15⅞+	⅛
37⅞	22⅞	EnglhdM 1	8	75	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	
8	5⅞	EnnisB .32	5	5	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
27⅞	21⅞	Enserch 1.72	9	178	27⅞	26⅞	27+	⅛
26⅞	21⅞	Entex 1.20	9	13	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	
37⅞	17⅞	Envrtec .20e	10	47	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	
29	21⅞	Equifax 2a	9	13	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞+	⅛
11⅞	9⅞	Equimrk .88	9	2	11	11	11	
34⅞	29⅞	EquitGs 2.84	7	7	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞+	⅛
23⅞	17⅞	EquitLf 2.20e	12	48	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞+	⅛
42	30⅞	Esmark 1.76	7	78	32⅞	31⅞	31⅞+	⅛
8⅞	4⅞	Esquire .16t	16	6	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
10	5⅞	Esterline .36	7	28	7	6⅞	7+	⅛
49⅞	29⅞	Ethyl 1.50	6	8	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞+	⅛
63⅞	39⅞	Ethyl pf 2.40		5	53	53	53+	⅛
12⅞	5	EvansPd .40		435	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞—	⅛
27⅞	14⅞	ExCelO 1.10	9	37	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	
21	18	Exclsr 1.76e		3	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞—	⅛
56⅞	47⅞	Exxon 1.40t	8	1184	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞+	⅛

F

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
27⅞	19⅞	FMC 1	11	243	23	22⅞	22⅞+	⅛
39⅞	31⅞	FMC pf 2.25		11	34⅞	34	34+	⅛
8⅞	5⅞	Fabrge .40	8	16	8	7⅞	8+	⅛
11⅞	6⅞	FabriCtr .12	5	42	7	6⅞	7+	⅛
9⅞	5	Facet Entrp	10	34	5⅞	5⅞	[illegible]	
45⅞	36⅞	FairCam .80	28	152	41⅞	39⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	8⅞	FairInd .30	10	78	9⅞	9⅞	[illegible]	
17	11	FairmtF .60	6	14	11	10⅞	[illegible]	
19⅞	12⅞	Fairntof 1		2	13⅞	13⅞	[illegible]	
9	5⅞	FarWst Fnl	8	116	5⅞	5⅞	[illegible]	
13⅞	5	Farah Mfg		39	5⅞	5⅞	[illegible]	
9⅞	4	Fedders Cp		63	4⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]	
31⅞	22⅞	FedrlCo 1.60	4	7	23	[illegible]	[illegible]	
9⅞	4	Fedders Cp		42	4⅞	4	[illegible]	
31⅞	22⅞	FedrlCo 1.60	4	7	23⅞	23⅞	[illegible]	
25	12⅞	FdMogl 1.20a	7	50	22	22⅞	[illegible]	
17	13⅞	FedNMt .88	6	431	16⅞	16	[illegible]	
19⅞	16⅞	FedPaBd .90	4	25	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
24⅞	16⅞	FPap pf 1.20		8	22⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]	
15⅞	10⅞	FSignl .60e	4	27	15	14⅞	[illegible]	
60	42	FedDSt 1.34	14	1730	50⅞	50	[illegible]	
38	21⅞	Ferro 1.20	7	17	31⅞	31	[illegible]	
17⅞	8⅞	Fibrebd Co		446	10⅞	9⅞	[illegible]	
5⅞	3⅞	FidFin .30e	5	153	3⅞	5	[illegible]	
31⅞	26	FideUn 2.40	7	6	30	29⅞	[illegible]	
22⅞	15	FieldcrMl 1	5	48	16⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	7	Filtrol Cp	4	16	8⅞	8	[illegible]	
17⅞	9⅞	FinSenB .48	5	67	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	9⅞	FinlFed .40	6	748	18	16⅞	[illegible]	
26	21⅞	Firestn 1.10	9	102	23⅞	22⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	12⅞	FsChart .80t	8	348	11⅞	11⅞	[illegible]	
23⅞	15⅞	FstChic .96	7	54	18⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
46⅞	36⅞	FstInBn 1.26	10	103	38	37⅞	[illegible]	
14⅞	8⅞	FstMiss .36	10	436	13⅞	13	[illegible]	
30	22⅞	FstNBo 1.88	8	61	28⅞	23⅞	[illegible]	
24	20⅞	FstNStBn 2	8	3	22⅞	22⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	14	FstPa 1.32	43	89	14⅞	14	[illegible]	
4⅞	1⅞	FstPa Mtg		45	1⅞	2⅞	[illegible]	
12	9⅞	FstUnRl 1	14	28	11⅞	11⅞	[illegible]	
6⅞	3⅞	FstVaBk .40	6	5	5⅞	5⅞	[illegible]	
23⅞	17⅞	FWisCp 1.36	7	12	20⅞	20⅞	[illegible]	
33⅞	23⅞	FischM 1.18	9	42	27	26⅞	[illegible]	
13	8⅞	FishFds	4	139	10⅞	10⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	9⅞	FishrSci .20	6	75	17⅞	11⅞	[illegible]	
20⅞	14	FlectEnt .40	16	362	17⅞	16⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	13⅞	Fleming .80	6	28	14⅞	14⅞	[illegible]	
13⅞	8⅞	FlexiVan .20	16	229	11⅞	10⅞	[illegible]	
22	15⅞	Flintkot 1.16	10	95	21⅞	21⅞	[illegible]	
30⅞	25	Flin pfB 3.25		2	30⅞	30⅞	[illegible]	
24⅞	15⅞	FlaE Coast	12	3	20⅞	20⅞	[illegible]	
18⅞	15⅞	FlaGas 1	7	192	19⅞	18⅞	[illegible]	
22⅞	18⅞	FlaPwL 1.56	8	674	26⅞	26	[illegible]	
30⅞	25⅞	FlaPow 2.10	9	128	29⅞	28⅞	[illegible]	
29⅞	13⅞	FlaStl 1.20	11	2	23⅞	23⅞	[illegible]	
45⅞	30	FluorCp .80	10	199	35⅞	34⅞	[illegible]	
100	72⅞	FluorpfB		1	86⅞	86⅞	[illegible]	
8⅞	4⅞	FdFair .20	10	13	4⅞	4⅞	[illegible]	
14⅞	10⅞	FooteCB		3	14	13⅞	[illegible]	
62⅞	43⅞	FordM 3.20	5	421	56⅞	55⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	12⅞	ForMcK 1	7	98	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
29⅞	22⅞	FMK pf 1.80		3	25⅞	25	[illegible]	
15⅞	13⅞	FrDear 1.18		46	14⅞	14⅞	[illegible]	
40⅞	28⅞	FtHowP .64	11	65	32⅞	31⅞	[illegible]	
36⅞	27⅞	FosWh 1.10b	4	38	32	31⅞	[illegible]	
49⅞	37⅞	Foxboro 1	10	72	42⅞	40⅞	[illegible]	
35⅞	23⅞	FrnkMnt .20	10	76	27⅞	26⅞	[illegible]	
31⅞	23⅞	FrecpM 1.60	11	87	28⅞	27⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	7⅞	Frigtrnc .10e	18	11	12⅞	12⅞	[illegible]	
29	18⅞	Fruehf 1.80	7	88	25⅞	25⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	4⅞	Fuqua Ind .08a		462	11	10⅞	[illegible]	

G

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
19⅞	10⅞	GAFCp .40	7	125	11⅞	11⅞	[illegible]	
22⅞	15⅞	GAFpf 1.20		10	18	17⅞	[illegible]	
28⅞	23⅞	GATX 1.92	30	91	28	27⅞	[illegible]	
44⅞	36⅞	GATX pf2.50		2	38⅞	38⅞	[illegible]	
7⅞	4	GCA Corp	26	24	5⅞	5⅞	[illegible]	
8⅞	4⅞	GFBusn .32	70	1	4⅞	4⅞	[illegible]	
7⅞	4⅞	Gable Ind		11	6⅞	6⅞	[illegible]	
27⅞	21⅞	GamSk 1.40	5	5	22⅞	22⅞	[illegible]	
40⅞	31⅞	Gannett 1	17	144	36⅞	36⅞	[illegible]	
14	6⅞	GapStrs .15e	7	74	7⅞	7⅞	[illegible]	
31	16⅞	GardDen .76	14	186	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	13⅞	Garfink 1.04	7	17	15	14⅞	[illegible]	
13⅞	12⅞	GasSvc 1.30	10	7	12⅞	12⅞	[illegible]	
9⅞	4⅞	Gateway In	3	14	6	5⅞	[illegible]	
26	18	Gearhrt .28	11	115	23⅞	22⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	9⅞	Gemini Cap		14	16	15⅞	[illegible]	
15⅞	12⅞	Gemin 1.30a		5	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	9⅞	GAInv 1.06e		31	10⅞	10⅞	[illegible]	
61	35⅞	GnAmO 1b	18	64	60	59⅞	[illegible]	
13⅞	9⅞	GnCable .72	9	252	11⅞	11	[illegible]	
26⅞	17	GCinema .66	7	26	20⅞	20⅞	[illegible]	
6⅞	3⅞	Gen Develpt	5	12	4⅞	4⅞	[illegible]	
65	37⅞	Gen Dynam	6	193	53⅞	52⅞	[illegible]	
58⅞	46	GenEl 1.60	13	904	51⅞	51	[illegible]	
34⅞	28⅞	GnFood 1.50	8	350	30⅞	29⅞	[illegible]	
20⅞	15⅞	GnGth 1.34e	17	2	19⅞	19⅞	[illegible]	
14⅞	8⅞	GenHost .40		6	9⅞	9⅞	[illegible]	
18⅞	8⅞	GenInst .22t	17	145	16⅞	16⅞	[illegible]	
[illegible]	27⅞	GnInstr pf 3		4	34⅞	34	[illegible]	
21	13⅞	GenMed .30	9	37	16⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
34⅞	26⅞	GenMills .76	16	228	30⅞	30⅞	[illegible]	
75⅞	57⅞	GnMot 5.50e	7	1052	70	69⅞	[illegible]	
54⅞	49⅞	GMot pf 3.75		3	52⅞	52⅞	[illegible]	
73⅞	65	GnMot pf 5		1	70	70	[illegible]	
7⅞	5	GenPort Inc	18	27	5⅞	5⅞	[illegible]	
19⅞	15⅞	GPU Cp 1.68	9	409	18⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	4⅞	GenRetr .40	6	13	7	6⅞	[illegible]	
85⅞	34⅞	GnSignl 1.04	13	37	30⅞	30⅞	[illegible]	
5⅞	3⅞	Gen Steel	4	17	4⅞	4⅞	[illegible]	
30⅞	25⅞	GTelEl 2	9	375	29⅞	29	[illegible]	
35⅞	30⅞	GTIEl pf2.38		2	34⅞	34⅞	[illegible]	
28⅞	25⅞	GTIEl pf2.48		10	28⅞	27⅞	[illegible]	
16	14	GTFl pf 1.25		z200	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	14⅞	GTFl pf 1.30		z200	16	14⅞	[illegible]	
97⅞	87	GTFl pf 8.16		z50	96	96	[illegible]	
26⅞	18	GTire 1.10b	5	80	24⅞	24⅞	[illegible]	
9	4⅞	Genesco Inc	7	32	5	4⅞	[illegible]	
24⅞	18⅞	Genstar 1.40	5	8	20⅞	20⅞	[illegible]	
41⅞	33⅞	GenuPts .76	16	275	34	33⅞	[illegible]	
38	30	GaPacif .80	18	1919	37⅞	37	[illegible]	
27⅞	25⅞	GaPw pf2.52		8	26⅞	26⅞	[illegible]	
29	26	GaPw pf2.75		12	28⅞	28⅞	[illegible]	
85	68	GaPw pf7.80		102	85	84	[illegible]	
83⅞	68⅞	GaPw pf7.72		z150	81	81	[illegible]	
26⅞	19⅞	Gerber 1.30	7	5	22⅞	22⅞	[illegible]	
194⅞	152	GettyO 2.50a	14	x21	183⅞	183⅞	[illegible]	
12⅞	8⅞	GiantPC .40	7	19	9	8⅞	[illegible]	
10⅞	7⅞	Gibr Fin	7	407	10⅞	10⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	5⅞	GiddLew .40	9	25	8	7⅞	[illegible]	
15⅞	9⅞	GiffdHill .44	7	3	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
38⅞	24⅞	Gillette 1.50	10	480	28⅞	25⅞	[illegible]	
18	7⅞	Ginos Inc	6	86	8⅞	8	[illegible]	
14⅞	6⅞	GleasW .16e		11	9⅞	9⅞	[illegible]	
11⅞	6⅞	Global Mar		111	7	6⅞	[illegible]	
20⅞	16⅞	GlobeUn 1	6	24	20⅞	20	[illegible]	
20	11⅞	GoldWt Fin	5	234	19⅞	19	[illegible]	
20⅞	13⅞	GoldW pf .78		28	20⅞	19⅞	[illegible]	
29⅞	18	Goodrh 1.12	432	84	26	25⅞	[illegible]	
25⅞	20⅞	Goodyr 1.10	16	436	22⅞	22⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	9⅞	GorJwlA .40	6	15	10⅞	10⅞	[illegible]	
28⅞	22	Gould 1	8	318	25⅞	24⅞	[illegible]	
29	19⅞	Gould pf1.35		5	25⅞	25⅞	[illegible]	
33⅞	24⅞	Grace 1.70	9	141	26⅞	26	[illegible]	
34⅞	24⅞	Grainger .36	16	20	28⅞	2⅞	[illegible]	
16⅞	12⅞	GrandUn 1	5	1	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	12⅞	Granitvl .90	5	12	13⅞	13⅞	[illegible]	
19⅞	13⅞	GrayGrp .60	5	11	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
19⅞	10⅞	GtAtlPac		103	11⅞	11⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	14⅞	GtNoIr 1.25e	13	11	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
34⅞	27⅞	GtNoNk 1.10		66	31⅞	31⅞	[illegible]	
29⅞	13⅞	GtWnFin .50	9	865	22⅞	21⅞	[illegible]	
31⅞	16⅞	GtWest Unit	5	1	18⅞	18⅞	[illegible]	
20⅞	16⅞	GtWn pf 1.88		9	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
18⅞	15⅞	GrGiant 1.08	16	6	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]	
27⅞	23⅞	GrGt pf 1.76		2	25⅞	25⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	13	Greyh 1.04a	8	140	14⅞	14⅞	[illegible]	
3⅞	1⅞	Greyhnd wt		67	1⅞	1⅞	[illegible]	
3⅞	1⅞	Grolier Inc		21	1⅞	1⅞	[illegible]	
19⅞	14	Grumm .80	4	5	16⅞	16⅞	[illegible]	
17⅞	9⅞	Guardia .30	7	5	15⅞	15⅞	[illegible]	
3⅞	1	Guard Mtg		9	1⅞	1⅞	[illegible]	
20⅞	14⅞	GulfWstn .60	4	428	18⅞	18	[illegible]	
8⅞	2⅞	GlfWind wt		414	3⅞	3⅞	[illegible]	
102⅞	74	GlfWpr 3.87		1	80	80	[illegible]	
47⅞	34	GlfW pf 2.50		21	38⅞	37⅞	[illegible]	
12⅞	7⅞	GlfCHId .60	7	79	10⅞	10	[illegible]	
3⅞	1⅞	GulfMtg Rlt		10	1⅞	1⅞	[illegible]	
29⅞	20⅞	GulfOil 1.80	7	1014	26⅞	26⅞	[illegible]	
21⅞	13⅞	GulfResrc 1	7	71	16⅞	16⅞	[illegible]	
25⅞	18	GfR pfB 1.33		2	21	20⅞	[illegible]	
21⅞	19⅞	GifR pfC1.60		15	21⅞	21⅞	[illegible]	
15⅞	11⅞	GlfStUt 1.12	9	258	14⅞	14	[illegible]	
55⅞	48⅞	GlfSU pf4.40		z20	52	52	[illegible]	
62	55	GlfSU pf5.08		z290	59⅞	59	[illegible]	
6⅞	3⅞	Gullon Ind	2	3	4	3⅞	[illegible]	

H

— 1976 — High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
7⅞	3	HMW Ind	6	138	3⅞	3	3⅞	
17⅞	13⅞	HallPrt .80a	7	4	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	
69⅞	49⅞	Hallbrtn .56	14	404	65	64⅞	64⅞	
23⅞	16⅞	HamrIP 1.30	4	12	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	
7⅞	3⅞	Hammond	9	78	7⅞	7	7	
18⅞	15⅞	HanJSec 1.47e		90	17⅞	17	17⅞	
22⅞	19⅞	HanJInv 1.98e		41	21⅞	21	21⅞	
7⅞	3⅞	Handlmn .20	9	12	4	4	4	
30⅞	21⅞	HandyH 1.20	6	20	28⅞	28	28⅞	
23⅞	14⅞	HanesCp 1	5	74	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	
60⅞	45⅞	Hanna 1.80	9	1	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	
30⅞	21⅞	HarBrJ 1.32	7	20	26⅞	26	26⅞	
9⅞	6⅞	Hardees	4	56	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
22⅞	14	Harnishf .80	5	97	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	
14⅞	12	Harrah .30a	7	16	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	
38⅞	31⅞	HarrBk 1.50	6	113	32⅞	32	32⅞	

(Continued on next page.)

ADVERTISEMENT

Flash... Paris Bourse

NOV. 18, 1976 (In French Francs)

COMPANY	INDUS.	1976 HIGH-LOW	CLOS. PRICE Nov.18	MON.-TUES. HIGH-LOW	P/E	b YIELD (%)	EARN. PER SHR.— '73, '74, '75	SHRS. OUTS. (000)	LATEST COMPANY NEWS
AQUITAINE	Petrol	397 - 269	265.50	276 - 269.20	3	5.6	42.63 - 89.14 - 83.00c	9,549	Special meeting Dec. 21 to ratify Elf-Antar facilities sharing accord.
ASSUR. GROUPE PARIS	Insurance	318 - 226	229.50	230 - 227	17a	4.8	9.96 - 13.27 - —	2,384	Free share (1 for 10) Oct. '76. Same div. '77 despite new share distribution.
BSN GERVAIS DAN. ...	Glass.food	736 - 490	503	516 - 500	—	3.8	102 - 23.38 - —24.39c	2,332	Group 1976 cash flow expected to exceed that of 1975.
CHARGEURS REUNIS...	Shipping Air trans.	208 - 160.50	174.20	195 - 174.50	11	6.3	9.50 - 16.96 - 16.41	1,666	Subsidiary UTA sales, 9 months '76 = 1.5 Billion Fr. (+22% vs. 9 mos. '75).
CHIMIQUE ROUTIERE..	Public works	149 - 88	89.40	93.10 - 88	5	7.8	9.74 - 11.18 - 18.02c	1,672	S.F.E.D.T.P. subsidiary participating in Douala port works.
Cie. Gle. ELECTRICITE	Electric.	374 - 235	254	258.50 - 253.50	12	6.8	29.78 - 27.60 - 28.66c	5,844	Over 250 MF consolidated earnings expected in '76 (vs. 141 MF in '75).
CREDIT COMM. FRAN.	Bank	161.50 - 95	95.10	99.80 - 96	6	7.4	13.02 - 10.36 - 15.85	5,753	C.C.F. now listed on Brussels and Antwerp Stock Exchanges.
CREDIT INDUS. COM.	Bank	147 - 85.70	99	100.50 - 98.95	9	6.6	8.63 - 6.77 - 10.84	4,528	As of June '76, CIC Group's customer deposits exceeded Fr. 40 billion.
CREDIT DU NORD ...	Bank	95 - 61	61.60	62 - 61	9	8.9	6.72 - 5.54 - 6.64c	4,800	Deposits for the last 12-month period increased by 22%.
CREUSOT-LOIRE	Heavy Ind	173 - 90	90	93 - 90.50	9	3.9	15.98 - 28.13 - 9.62c	3,684	1st 9 months Co. turnover (ex-taxes) = 3,395 MF (+3% vs. '75). Export +16%.
EURAFRANCE	Holding	207 - 165	179	179 - 172	5	5.6	(non signific.) - 36.50	2,193	Oct. 1, '75-Sept. 30, '76 profit = 27 MF (+19.5%). Fr. 11 divid. to be proposed.
FERODO S.A.F.	Autom. Equip.	483.90 - 315	334	356 - 340	11	5.3	27.19 - 23.02 - 29.27c	1,495	1st semester '76 turnover (ex-taxes) = 819.687.000 Fr. (+30% vs. '75).
FRANÇAISE PETROLES.	Petrol.	153.50 - 89.10	98.40	99.10 - 98.20	3	9.6	41.65 - 66.21 - 34.00c	13.389	Cash flow increased from 910 MF in the first half of 1975 to 1,367 MF.
GEN. OCCIDENTALE...	Holding	192 - 155.50	149	165.50 - 155.50	6	3.0	— - — - 26.94c	2,523	Financial year consol. turnover = MF 14.495. Fr. 5.50 dividend proposed.
IMETAL	Mining	124.70 - 78.10	92.40	94 - 92	35	3.6	7.59 - 17.97 - 2.44c	7,944	1st sem. '76 consol. net profit = 65 MF compared with 19.4 MF for all '75.
MOET-HENNESSY	Beverag.	621 - 397	449.50	454 - 445	41	1.8	31.77 - — - 11.00c	3,157	'76 net dividend=Fr. 7.90 (vs. Fr. 7.20 in '75) payable as of Oct. 11.
NORD (Compagnie du).	Holding	38.20 - 20.60	20.50	21.10 - 20.60	71	6.8	2.03 - 0.18 - 0.29	13,415	Last news from Banque Rothschild and Imetal show favorable prospects.
PECHELBRONN	Hold.(fin.)	90.70 - 67	67.20	68.05 - 67	6	8.9	11.71 - 6.52 - 10.76	2,825	58.4% of capital obtained in bid for Hauts Fourneaux de Chasse (Lyons).
PECHINEY-UG.-KUHLM	Chem.min.	119 - 71.50	70.20	75.90 - 71.50	—	7.1	14.50 - 29.50 - —6.30c	25,162	Steel complex being erected in Mexico under PUK direction.
PSA PEUGEOT-CITR...	Holding	409.80 - 193	202	209 - 205.85	4	5.0	71.04 - 38.24 - 54.71c	7,518	Sept. 30 meeting approved merger, creating 1,832,304 new shares.
RAFFINAGE (Cie. Fr.)..	Petrol.	129.70 - 65.90	67.50	69.40 - 67.50	—	—	15.84 - — - —	5,430	1st sem. '76: oil tonnage refined (+ 4%); product sales (+ 5.6%).
REDOUTE	Mail order	723 - 538	577	592 - 577	19	2.6	35.94 - 35.87 - 31.18c	984	Fall-winter business indications are positive, conforming to expectations.
ROBECO	Investm. Comp.	371.30 - 310	348	339.50 - 337.40	—	3.6	(not relevant)	22,572	Rolinco dividend of 5% plus warrant to buy shares at a fixed price.
SKIS ROSSIGNOL	Ski manuf.	1980 - 1688	1835	1890 - 1790	35	1.3	84.64 - 71.76 - 82.21c	866	Period April-Sept. '76 group turnover = 190.55 MF (vs. 136.82 MF same per. '75).
SUEZ (Cie. Financ.) ...	Holding	284.60 - 195	200.90	203 - 200	5	8.8	48.76 - 84.00 - 38.80c	2,419	Expect 10% net profit increase for 1976 (possible higher dividend).

(a) P/E calculated on '77 earnings; all others on '75. (b) Tax credit not included. C: Consolidated.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

PUBLIC POWER CORPORATION

(Dimosia Epihirisis Elektrismou)

U.S. $75,000,000

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NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Nov. 18

(Continued from preceding page.)

Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
Harris 1.48	11	38	50⅞	50⅛	50⅞	+ ½
Harsco 1.40b	6	37	22¾	22⅜	22⅝	+ ⅜
HartSMx .72	8	27	11⅝	11¼	11½	+ ⅛
HarteHk .60	11	8	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	+ ½
HattSe 1.44a	23	25	17⅞	17	17⅛	— ¼
HawiEl 1.88	9	7	22⅝	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
HayesAlb 1b	6	10	16⅜	16⅛	16¼	+ ⅛
Hazeltine	4	16	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
Hecks .12	8	94	8⅞	8⅝	8¾	+ ⅛
HeclaM .30t		31	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	— ⅛
HeinzHJ 1.08	9	87	29¼	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
Heinz pf1.70		54	26½	26½	26½	
Helene Curt	6	13	5⅜	5⅝	5⅝	
HellerInt .92	8	71	20⅞	19⅝	20½	+ ⅞
HelmerP .40	10	244	41⅞	40⅞	41⅝	+ ¾
Hemisp Cap		7	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
Hercules 1	14	209	26⅞	26⅜	26⅞	+ ⅜
HershyFd 1.12	6	x57	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	+ ½
Hesston		9	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛
Hestn pf1.40		38	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	
Heublin 1.20	14	36	48⅝	48⅛	48⅛	
HewlPk .30	29	96	85⅞	83⅞	85½	+ 1¾
HighVolt .05a	20	31	6⅝	6	6⅛	+ ¼
Hillenbt .78	8	12	19¾	19⅝	19¾	+ ⅛
HiltonHtl .92	11	70	20⅞	20½	20¾	+ ¼
Hobart .92	11	31	27¼	27⅛	27¼	+ ¼
HoernW .90	9	397	22⅛	21⅞	22	+ ½
HoffEle .12e	6	18	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
Holiday .40	10	430	17¾	17⅜	17½	+ ⅛
HllyA 1.70t		3	20½	20¼	20½	+ ¼
HollyS 3.40a	3	36	34½	34⅛	34½	+ ½
Homestk 1a	18	233	36	35⅛	35⅝	— ½
Honywll 1.60	9	429	44¼	43⅝	44	+ ½
HoovBS .7	6	43	20	19¾	19⅞	+ ⅜
Horizon Cp		17	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
HospAff .32	7	3	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ¼
HospCpA .32	9	98	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝	
HostInt .40	463	197	9¼	9	9¼	+ ⅜
Houdail .60	6	13	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
HousFab .28	7	98	8⅜	7⅞	8¼	+ ⅜
HoushF 1.20	7	484	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅜
HouF pf2.37		43	43	43	43	+ ¼
HouF pf2.50		3	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
HousLP 2.76	8	489	29⅝	29⅛	29¼	+ ¼
HousNG .40	11	705	29⅝	28⅞	29⅜	+ 1⅛
HowJohn .28	9	370	11⅝	11	11¼	+ ⅛
Hubbrd 1.20		21	15	14⅞	15	+ ¼
HudsnA .80	54	8	15⅛	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
HudsnB .80	54	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ¼
HughsTl .30	12	166	36⅞	35⅞	35⅞	— ⅛
Humana .40	8	113	15⅝	15	15	
HuntCh .34	14	142	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
HuttnEF .60	4	36	15⅝	15	15⅝	+ ½
Hovck .60	12	428	11½	11⅛	11½	+ ¼
Hydromt .52	5	24	12⅛	11⅞	12	+ ⅛

I

Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
ICInds 1.48	6	105	19	18¾	19	+ ⅛
ICInd pf3.50		14	40⅞	40⅛	40⅞	+ ⅞
ICInds pf 6		1	85	85	85	+ 1½
ICN Pharm	16	64	3⅝	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
IDS Rlty		64	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	+ ⅛
INAC 2.10	14	195	42⅝	41⅞	42¼	+ ½
INAIn 1.59a		11	19⅛	19	19	
IUInt .90	10	174	10⅞	10⅜	10⅝	+ ¼
IUInt A		16	30	29	30	+ ¼
IUInt pf 1.25		10	17½	17	17⅛	
IdahoP 2.16	10	26	29⅝	29⅜	29⅝	+ ⅜
IdealBs 1.20	9	39	21⅞	21½	21⅝	+ ⅛
Ideal pf 4.75		1	93	93	93	
IdeaToy .32b	6	23	8¼	8	8⅛	
IllPowr 2.20	10	146	26⅛	26	26	— ⅛
IllPow pf2.13		z50	25	25	25	— 1
IllPow pf2.21		z50	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	+ ¼
IllPow pf3.78		z580	45½	45½	45½	+ 1
IllPow pf4.47		z100	52	52	52	
ITW .56	14	118	23	22⅝	23	+ ⅜
ImpCpA .34	6	615	17¼	16⅞	17	+ ⅜
INCO 1.60a	13	404	30⅛	29⅝	30	+ ⅜
IncmCap		65	6⅝	6¼	6¼	
IndiM pf 12		z310	116½	115½	116	— ½
IndGas 2.12	7	3	24	23¾	23¾	— ¼
IndplPL 1.82	9	82	22¼	22⅛	22¼	
IndNat 1.20	8	2	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
Inexco Oil	16	50	11⅛	11	11⅛	
IngerR 2.48	12	151	75	74¼	75	+ ½
IngR pf 2.35		11	48⅛	48	48	+ ¼
Inland Con 1	7	57	26½	26⅛	26¾	+ ⅜
InlndStl 2.60	10	91	47⅞	47⅜	47¾	+ ⅜
Inmont .50	5	139	13	12⅝	12⅞	+ ⅜
Insilco .80e	7	71	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	+ ⅜
Insil pfA1.25		3	16½	16½	16½	+ ¼
InspCop .25e		27	27¼	26⅞	27	+ ½
Instit InvTr		39	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
Integon .36	6	47	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	+ ⅛
Interco 1.66	8	28	42¾	42⅜	42⅝	
Intercti Div		5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
Interlak 2.20	5	20	35	34⅝	35	+ ½

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
288½	223⅝	IBM 9	18	735	270⅛	268	270¼	+ 2¾
26⅞	20⅞	IntFlavF .36	23	154	22	21⅞	21⅞	+ ¼
32½	22⅞	IntHarv 1.70	10	211	27⅞	27½	27⅞	— ⅛
47¼	32¾	IntMinC 2.40	5	79	39	38⅝	38⅞	— ⅛
14⅛	6½	IntMng .40e	6	24	13½	13¼	13½	+ ¼
18⅛	15⅜	IntMultf .85	7	28	16⅝	16½	16⅝	
79¼	57⅜	IntPaper 2	11	371	67⅞	66⅝	67⅜	+ 1⅜
8	5⅝	IntRectif .20		1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
33⅝	22¾	IntTT 1.76	8	964	30⅞	30⅛	30½	+ ½
62¾	44	IntTT pfH 4		2	57½	57½	57½	
57¼	41⅞	IntTT pfK 4		220	52⅝	52⅛	52⅝	+ ¾
60⅝	47	IntTT pfO 5		4	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	+ ¾
40½	27½	ITT pfN 2.25		15	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
60⅝	45⅝	ITT pfI 4.50		77	57	56½	57	+ ½
30⅞	18⅝	Intrpce 1.45	6	27	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅜
81	64	Intrpcepf 5		3	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	+ ⅝
27¼	16⅞	IntrpGp 1.60	6	83	25¾	25¼	25½	+ ⅜
15⅝	10⅝	IntrsBrd .80	7	64	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
17⅝	14⅞	IntrsPw 1.52	9	12	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
24⅝	24	IntrPw pf2.28		z200	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
7	4⅛	IntrstUn .24	18	4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
34⅝	23½	IowaBf .60e	4	136	35⅝	34	35⅛	+ 1¼
17⅞	13⅝	IowaEl 1.40	10	48	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
20⅝	17⅝	IowaIIG 1.72	9	27	20	19⅞	20	
27	24⅛	IowIll pf2.31		z200	26½	26½	26½	+ ⅜
24⅝	21⅞	IowaPwLt 2	10	16	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	+ ⅛
21⅝	17⅝	IowaPS 1.72	10	32	20⅛	19⅞	20¼	+ ¼
5⅝	3⅝	IpcoHosp .05e	7	21	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
18⅝	8⅛	Itek Corp	28	65	14⅞	14⅛	14½	+ ½
15	5⅝	ItelCorp .30	6	32	12⅞	12⅜	12⅝	+ ⅜

J - K

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
18⅝	12¼	JamesF .80	10	26	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	+ ⅛
22⅞	13⅝	Jantzen .80	5	24	16⅞	16½	16⅞	+ ¼
10⅛	7⅛	JapanF .91e		166	8½	8⅜	8½	— ⅛
32	24⅝	JeffPilot .80	11	75	29½	28⅞	29⅛	+ ⅜
99½	82	JerCe pf9.36		z410	98	97	98	+ 2
126¾	110¼	JeC pf 13.50		z220	122	121¼	122	
112½	100¼	JerCen pf 11		z100	109¼	109¼	109¼	— ¼
24⅝	19⅝	JewelC 1.30	8	14	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅝	Jewelcor	9	46	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
34	23	JhnMan 1.40	11	1367	34⅝	33⅞	34⅛	+ ¾
96⅝	79	JohnsonJn 1	24	132	83⅛	81⅞	81⅞	— ½
15⅝	12⅝	JohnsEF .80	4	61	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
25⅝	13⅝	JohnCon .90	8	387	23⅞	22	23⅛	+ 2
45	26¾	JhnCont pf 2		5	44	43	44	+ 2¾
19¾	12½	JonLogn .50	5	37	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	— ⅛
56⅝	51	JonLaupf 5		z120	54⅝	54	54	
39⅝	27⅛	Jorgen 2	5	1	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+ ⅛
18⅝	16	Jostens .80	9	25	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	
50⅞	32⅝	JoyMfg 1.30	11	141	44⅛	43⅝	44	
52⅛	29	KLM Airlin	6	5	43	42⅛	43	— ⅜
40⅛	27⅛	KaisrAl 1.20	11	73	30⅞	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
66	50⅛	KaiApf 4.12		1	54	54	54	+ ⅛
9	5⅞	KaisCem .50	16	121	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
15½	12⅝	KaiCe pf1.37		10	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	
13⅝	9⅝	Kane Mil .24	4	16	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	+ ¼
28⅝	19⅞	Kaneb 1	10	145	28⅝	27⅝	28⅛	+ ¾
29⅝	25	KCtyPL 2.36	8	28	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+ ⅜
31	15	KCSouIn 1r	6	15	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	+ ¼
20⅞	18	KanGEl 1.76	7	38	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞	
17⅝	14⅛	KanNb 1.32B	7	34	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
20	18	KanPLt 1.60	7	32	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
5⅛	3	Katy Ind		94	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
17⅝	11⅞	Kty pfB 1.46		15	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	KaufBrd .02i	29	280	9⅛	9	9⅛	— ⅛
18⅝	14¼	Kauf pf 1.50		2	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	
18	7⅛	Kawecki Brl	16	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
9⅞	4⅝	KeeneCp .30	7	12	9	8⅞	9	+ ¼
9⅝	5⅝	Keller .20	8	29	8⅝	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
27⅞	20	Kellogg 1	16	794	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	+ ¼
17⅞	12	Kelwood .80	5	18	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
36⅝	25¼	Kennct .70e	36	324	26	25⅛	26	
23⅝	20	KyUtil 1.84	7	31	21⅝	21½	21⅛	— ⅛
22	13	KerrGls .40	5	77	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ¼
82¾	60⅝	KerrMc 1.25	14	309	69⅝	67	69⅜	+ 1⅛
22⅛	16⅝	KeystCon 1a	6	16	19⅝	19	19⅜	+ ⅜
33⅝	18⅛	KiddeW 1	6	28	28	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅛
51	43	KiddepfC 4		3	48	48	48	+ ¼
47¼	36¼	KimbCl 1.80	8	180	39½	39⅛	39⅜	+ ¼
12½	8⅝	KingDSt .50	7	26	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
17⅝	12⅞	KirschCo .90	10	9	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	+ ⅛
37½	28⅞	KnigtRid .42	12	17	36	35⅛	36	+ ⅛
14	8⅛	Koehring .15e	11	24	12½	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
24	20	Koppers .90	8	256	23⅝	22⅞	23½	+ ½
7⅛	3¼	Koracrp Ind	3	39	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	— ¼
47⅛	40⅝	Kraft 2.12	8	51	44⅝	44	44	— ¼
42⅛	31⅛	KresgeS .32	20	2138	42⅛	41⅞	42⅛	+ ¼
15⅛	10	Kroehler Mf	16	4	14	13⅞	14	+ ⅛
25½	17⅛	Kroger 1.44	7	55	23⅛	22¾	22⅞	+ ⅛
22	21⅞	Kubota	21	1	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	
12½	4½	Kysor .40	11	4	11½	11½	11½	

L

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
5⅛	3¼	LFE Cp .15		2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ¼
17⅞	10	LTV Corp	5	144	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
51	42½	LTVCp pf 5		3	49	49	49	
19⅝	17½	LacGas 1.46	8	4	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅛
18⅛	12	LamSes 1.30	10	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ¼
15⅛	11¼	LaneBry .80	7	14	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	8⅛	LawtrCh .24	16	33	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	LearSieg .50	6	141	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	
35	23⅝	LearS pf2.25		7	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛	
34	24⅝	Leaswy 1.10b	9	9	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	+ ⅜
25⅞	10⅝	LeedsN .40	11	436	26⅛	24	25⅞	+ 1⅛
19⅞	12	Leesona .75	5	8	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
18⅞	10⅛	LehPCt 1	13	208	18⅛	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
2	⅞	LehVal Ind		26	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	10½	Lehmn .94e		105	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4½	Lennar Crp		12	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
26⅛	18	Lenox 1	9	13	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞	— ¼
10⅛	6⅛	LesFay .40b	5	27	7	6⅞	6⅞	
11⅞	6⅞	LevFd Cap		44	11	11	11	+ ⅛
13⅛	11	LevFin .75a		6	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ¼
24½	18⅞	LeviStra .50	6	288	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅜
8⅛	4	Levitz Furn	28	158	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	21⅞	LOF 1.88a	7	22	32⅝	32	32⅛	+ ⅛
72½	55⅛	LOF pf 4.75		1	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	— ⅛
18⅞	9⅛	Librty Cp.52	6	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	Librty Loan		25	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
6⅛	3⅝	LibrtyLn pf		6	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
36⅛	29½	LiggtGp 2.50	8	53	32⅛	32	32	— ⅜
63	45	LillyEli 1.30	17	256	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	
33⅛	24	LincNat 1.60	10	205	33	32⅛	33	+ 1
66	48	LincNtpf 3		19	65⅛	64	65⅛	+ 2
18⅝	15⅛	LincPl 1.72		30	18	17⅝	17⅞	+ ⅛
4⅞	1⅝	Lionel Corp	9	12	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
17⅛	6⅛	LittonIn .18t	19	198	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
20⅛	16⅛	Litton pfB 2		3	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Lockhd Airc	3	565	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	16⅛	Loctite .12	17	80	18	17	18	+ 1
31⅞	27	Loews 1.30	5	129	30⅛	29⅛	30⅛	+ ¼
9⅛	6	LomaFin .50	8	2068	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
17⅛	11⅛	LomM .56e	16	6	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	14	LoneStInd 1	10	185	20⅝	20	20	— ⅛
18⅛	15⅛	LngIsLt 1.56	7	135	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
93⅛	82⅛	LILpf 8.30		z10	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	
128	112	LIL pfN 13		z1630	127	127⅛	127⅛	
27⅛	24⅛	LIL pfO 2.47		17	26⅞	26⅛	26⅞	+ ¼
37⅛	27⅛	LongDrg .12e	20	175	30	29⅛	30	
16	8⅛	LoralCp .40	6	20	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ¼
30	22	LaLand 1.20	10	336	25⅞	25⅛	25⅞	
13	12	LaPacif .20b	13	403	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
26½	21⅞	LouisGs 1.92	8	23	25⅛	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
19⅛	11⅛	Lowenst .40	20	15	12½	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
44⅞	33½	Lubrizol 1.10	15	382	36⅛	34⅛	36⅛	+ 1⅛
17⅛	13	LuckyS .68b	12	635	14	13⅛	13⅞	+ ⅛
9	6⅛	Ludlow .40		19	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
29⅞	22	LukenSt 1.60	6	23	24	23⅛	23½	— ⅛
24⅛	13⅛	LykesCp .91	4	782	15⅛	15	15⅛	— ⅛
47½	28⅞	Lykes pf2.50		6	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	4	LynCSys .28	10	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	

M

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
37¼	25⅜	MCAInc 1	6	328	34⅜	34¼	34⅜	+ ⅛
5⅛	3½	MEI Cp	5	42	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	10⅛	MGICIn .10		609	17	16¾	17	+ ⅛
12	7⅛	MacAF .60b	6	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
5⅛	2⅞	MacDonel	5	5	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Macke .36	8	38	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	MacmIll .25	6	205	7⅛	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
17	11⅛	Mcml pf1.20		1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
38⅞	26⅜	Macy 1.30	8	193	33⅛	32⅞	33⅛	+ 1
55	47½	Macypf 4.25		z100	50	50	50	
13⅛	9⅛	MadisFd .40		63	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	
6⅛	4	MadSq Gar	4	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	MagicCf .32	11	26	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
37½	21⅛	Mallory 1	16	39	30⅛	30	30⅛	— ⅛
27⅞	20	MalHyde .68	10	8	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	4⅞	Manbin .20	4	36	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	+ ⅛
40⅛	29	MfrHan 1.88	7	365	33	32⅛	32⅛	
41⅞	32⅛	MAPCO .90	14	116	40⅞	40⅛	40⅞	+ ⅛
12⅛	7⅛	MaratMf .12e	2	15	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
60⅛	41¼	MarathnO 2	9	232	56⅛	56	56⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	13⅝	Maremt .60	6	27	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
13⅞	8⅛	MarMid .80		278	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	11⅛	MarionL .52	12	26	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
61⅞	26⅛	Marley 1	9	136	48	48	48	
19⅛	12⅛	Marriot .25t	13	645	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
61⅛	52⅛	MrshMcL 2	17	61	57⅛	56⅛	56⅛	
25⅛	16⅛	MarshF 1.24	10	38	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
26	16⅛	MartMa 1.40	8	135	25⅛	24⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	17⅛	MaryKay .40	15	40	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
27⅞	17	MrldCup .60	8	29	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	19	MascoCp .28	12	133	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	17	Masonite .60	17	638	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	9⅛	MasM 1.11e	13	35	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
32¼	16⅛	MassyFer 1a	4	296	22⅛	21¼	22	+ ¼
17⅛	14⅛	MasCp 1.60		17	17⅛	17¼	17¼	
11⅛	10½	MasInc .98e		50	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
25¼	19¼	MatsuE .28e	10	18	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Mattel Inc	6	282	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
34⅛	28⅛	MayDStr 1.12	11	719	34⅛	33⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
30	24⅛	MayerOsc 1	10	3	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
6⅛	2⅛	Mays JW	36	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
39	30⅛	Maytg 1.50a	14	45	35⅛	34⅛	35½	+ ⅛
17¼	13	McCord .84	5	25	13⅛	13¼	13⅛	
55¼	37⅝	McDermot 1	4	66	47⅛	46⅞	46⅞	— ½
66	48⅛	McDnld .05e	22	696	56⅝	56⅛	56⅝	
25	14¾	McDonD .44	8	150	23⅛	23½	23⅛	+ ⅛
32⅞	21¾	McGEd 1.50	10	20	28¾	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
17	12⅛	McGrwH .64	9	57	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
48½	28	McIntyr 1	27	z20	29	29	29	— ½
28⅞	13⅛	McKee .90	7	43	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ⅜
27⅝	19⅝	McLean .46	8	56	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ⅛
23¼	18¾	McLout 1.60	13	26	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
12½	9⅛	McNeil .80	7	12	12	12	12	
23	16¾	MeadCp .92	6	435	18¾	18	18⅛	+ ⅜
59	35⅛	Mea pfA2.80		1	47	47	47	+ ⅛
59½	38⅝	Mea pfB2.80		18	48	48	48	+ 1
30⅞	17	Medusa 1.60	8	6	30⅛	30	30⅛	
25¾	17⅝	Melville .68	11	182	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ¼
16¾	9⅝	Menasc .80	6	9	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
64½	42⅛	MercStr .80	9	1	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	
81½	65	Merck 1.40	21	425	69⅛	68	68	— 1
18¼	10¾	Meredith .70	4	5	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
33½	14½	MerrLyn .80	8	272	23⅛	22⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
33¾	19	MesaPet .10	20	359	32⅛	31⅞	32⅛	+ ⅜
36¾	24½	MesP pf 1.60		192	35⅛	34⅛	35⅛	+ ⅞
11⅛	6	Mesabi 1.10e	8	43	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
28	16⅞	MestaM 1.45	7	11	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
15⅝	12⅝	MGM 1r	6	48	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
30⅛	15	Metrom .80	6	61	24⅛	24	24	
14	11⅛	MichGs 1.10	7	5	13	12⅛	12⅛	— ½
24¼	17½	MichTube 1	5	1	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
29⅞	26⅝	MhWl pf2.67		6	28½	28½	28½	— ⅛
22¼	13¾	Microwave	9	29	18	17⅛	18	+ 1⅛
17⅛	12½	MidCtl 1.16	9	9	16¾	16⅛	16¾	— ⅛
16⅞	13⅞	MidSUt 1.32	10	576	16⅛	15¾	16⅛	+ ⅛
3	1	Midind Mtg		15	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
26⅝	18⅝	MidlRo 1.40	7	69	26⅛	25⅛	26	+ 1
29½	21½	MilesLb 1.28	8	17	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
22¼	15	Milgo Elect	13	153	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ½
17⅝	9⅝	MiltBrad .60	6	18	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
22⅛	21½	MinnGs 1.72	8	11	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ¼
66⅝	52⅛	MinMM 1.4	20	413	57¼	56⅞	57	+ ½
21⅞	18⅛	MinnPL 1.66	8	14	20⅛	20	20	
15¼	11⅛	MirroAl .96	9	5	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
17⅞	8	MissnEq .36	8	107	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
37¼	23⅝	MPacC 1.60	6	268	37⅛	36⅛	37⅛	+ ⅜
32⅝	17¾	MoPacR pf1		5	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
15⅞	9⅝	MoPSv 1b	7	20	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
26½	24⅝	MoPS pf2.44		7	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
63⅞	47⅝	Mobil 3.80	7	406	57⅛	56⅞	57⅛	+ ½
7	3⅛	Mobile Hom		74	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
25	15⅝	Mohasco .90	8	17	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	3	Mohk Data	27	181	6⅛	5⅛	5⅞	— ⅛
24	16¾	MohkR 1.20	4	4	19½	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
38⅛	36	Molycorp 1a	8	15	35	34⅛	35	+ ½
24	16	Monrh 1.20a	4	2	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
15¼	6⅝	Monogr .28	6	54	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	7⅝	MonrEq .20	18	22	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
100	76	Monsan 2.80	7	417	81⅛	80⅛	81⅛	+ ⅛
35	26⅛	MonDU 2.48	7	12	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
28	22⅛	MonPw 1.60	10	57	27⅛	27	27⅛	+ ⅛
23½	21¾	MontSt 1.80a		33	23	22⅛	22⅛	
11⅛	7⅝	MONY .92e	13	94	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ¼
55⅛	29¼	MooreMcC 1	5	31	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	
64⅝	50	Morgan 1.80	11	203	52⅛	51⅛	52⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	18	MorrisKnu 1	5	28	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	10⅝	MorseSh .30	4	53	12⅛	11⅛	11⅞	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅝	MtgeTr Am		65	3	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
19⅝	13⅞	MorNor .68		53	17⅛	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
59	41¼	Motorola .70	19	159	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	+ 1⅛
45⅝	30¾	MtFuel 2	10	42	40⅛	40	40⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	19	MtStTel 1.68	9	13	24⅛	24	24	— ⅛
11⅛	7	Munford .40	6	23	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	5⅛	Munfd pf .40		3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
20	14¼	Munsng 1.08	9	17	16	15⅛	16	+ ⅛
23⅞	16¾	MurphC 1.20	7	12	19⅛	16⅛	19	+ ⅛
25¼	16⅞	MurpOil .60	5	104	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
21¼	12⅝	MurryOh 1.20	6	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	14⅛	MutlOm 1.32		8	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
10	6⅛	MyersL .40		134	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛

N

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
37⅝	23⅝	NCRCp .72	13	1154	33⅝	33½	33⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	12⅛	NLInd 1	8	223	18⅛	17⅛	18	+ ⅛
23⅞	15⅝	NLTCp .64	7	86	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	
12½	6⅛	NVF 2.45r	6	26	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
47⅞	35½	Nabisco 2.40	10	23	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	
36	29½	NalcoCh .96	16	181	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
15⅞	10⅛	NarcoSci .60	6	11	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
16⅞	10⅝	NashuaC .68	11	58	16¼	15⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
18⅞	11	NatAirl .50	22	74	13	12⅛	13	+ ⅛
16⅝	11⅞	NAvia .77e		53	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	10⅛	NatCan .57	6	782	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	21	NCan pf1.50		1	23¾	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
43¼	18⅝	NtlChem .40	12	67	19	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5⅝	NtCityLn .35e	6	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
27¼	25	NatDetr 1.52	4	94	28⅛	28	28	+ ⅛
27⅛	16⅛	NatDist 1.40	6	94	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
27	21	NatFuel 2.16	7	66	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
17½	11⅛	NatGyp 1.05	10	122	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
8	3⅛	Nat Homes		52	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
11⅛	5¼	NatInd .38	4	31	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	14	NMdCare .06e	9	139	15⅛	15	15	+ ⅛
14	7⅝	NMedE .36	5	x19	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ¼
18⅞	15⅛	NMineSv .58	19	152	20⅛	19	20⅛	+ 1⅛
56⅛	36	NatPrsto 2	5	74	39⅛	39⅛	39	— ⅛
55⅛	24⅛	Nat Semicn	21	736	27	25⅛	26⅛	— 1
14⅛	9⅛	NSvcInd .78	7	44	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
18	12⅛	NStand .80	7	10	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
56⅛	44⅛	NStarch .88	13	39	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	— ⅛
62⅛	37⅛	NatStl 2.50	10	x36	45	42⅛	42⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Nat Tea		24	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
35⅛	22⅛	Natoma 1.40	7	77	34	34	34	— 1½
20	15⅛	Neptune .60	8	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	17⅛	NevPW 1.60	5	25	22	22⅛	22	+ ⅛
24⅛	21⅛	NevP pf2.30		z920	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
21⅛	20⅛	NevP pf1.95		4	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
21⅛	19	NEngEl 1.56	6	72	21	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	12⅛	NEngGE 1.32	6	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
30	26⅛	NEnP pf2.76		30	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
33	25⅛	NEngT 2.60	10	30	33⅛	32⅛	33⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	24	NYSEG 2.40	6	65	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
100	85	NYSE pf8.80		z50	100	100	100	
15⅛	11	Newhall .46	8	299	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
31	23	Newmt 1.60	13	392	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	12⅛	NiaMP 1.24	9	436	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
39	31⅛	NiaMpf 3.40		z40	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	— 1
45⅛	36	NiaMpf 3.90		z100	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	
117	104	NiM pf 11.75		z20	117	117	117	+ ⅛
4	1⅛	NiagShre .95e		4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	22⅛	Nicor 2.12	7	59	25⅛	25⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	22⅛	Nicor pf1.90		11	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
38⅛	27⅛	NorfWm 1.76	8	527	31	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	14⅛	Norlin 1.25	4	15	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
45⅛	22⅛	Norris 1.40	6	65	42⅛	41	42⅛	+ ⅛
49⅛	33	NoACoal .90	8	53	44	43⅛	43⅛	+ 1⅛
8⅛	2⅛	NoAmMt .60e		98	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
33⅛	19⅛	NoAPhl 1.20	7	16	28⅛	27⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	NoCAir .16e	5	150	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
1⅛	⅛	NoCeAir wt		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
11⅛	9⅛	NoestUt 1.02	8	433	11	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	16	NIndPS 1.48	8	78	19⅛	19	19	
53	33⅛	NorNGs 2.08	6	205	41⅛	40⅛	41	+ ⅛
90⅛	79	NoNG pf5.80		z100	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛	
101	95	NoNG pf8.48		z10	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	— 1
30	25⅛	NoStPw 1.94	10	151	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
42⅛	25⅛	NorTel .60	12	135	33	31⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
6	3⅛	Northgate	65	8	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
46	27⅛	Northrp 1.40	10	130	45⅛	44⅛	45⅛	+ ⅛
36⅛	22	NwstAirl .45	13	356	30⅛	29	30	+ ⅛
55⅛	42⅛	NwtBnc 1.80	9	72	47	45⅛	46⅛	— ⅛
32	24⅛	NwtEnrgy 2	5	34	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
31	24⅛	NwtEnr ct 2	5	10	30⅛	30	30⅛	— ⅛
49⅛	32⅛	NwtInd 2.25	4	38	45⅛	45	45⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	14⅛	Nwstind wt		20	22	22	22	+ ⅛
101⅛	73	NwtIn pf4.20		2	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	9⅛	NwsMutL 1e	15	68	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
36⅛	27⅛	NwtSW 1.20	12	4	28	27⅛	28	+ ⅛
38⅛	25⅛	Norton 1.80	7	50	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	17⅛	NorSim .60b	10	55	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
31	14⅛	NucorCo .32	6	24	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ⅛

O

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
15⅛	9⅛	OKCCo 1	5	76	15⅛	15	15	
12⅛	7⅛	OakInd .40	8	78	9⅛	8⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	12⅛	OakiteP 1	8	3	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	13⅛	OccidPet 1	11	3737	19⅛	18⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
9	5⅛	OccidPet wt		323	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
22⅛	16⅛	OccilP pf2.16		26	[illegible]	22	22⅛	[illegible]
62⅛	46	OccilP pf3.60		128	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
61	47⅛	OccidPf pf 4		35	[illegible]	60	60	[illegible]
25⅛	22⅛	OccilP pf2.50		35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
24	15⅛	Ogden 1.20	4	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	20	[illegible]
37	25⅛	Ogdn pf 1.87		4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	+ 1
20⅛	16⅛	OhioEd 1.70	10	157	[illegible]	20	[illegible]	[illegible]
61	44	OhEd pf4.44		z10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
131⅛	102⅛	OhE pf 10.45		z170	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
131⅛	112⅛	OhP pfA 14		z100	[illegible]	125	126	
130⅛	116	OhPw pf 14		270	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
22⅛	17¼	OklaGE 1.44	10	143	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10⅛	10	OkIGE pf .80		z50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
30⅛	23⅛	OklaNG 1.58	7	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
45⅛	30⅛	OlinCp 1.50	6	48	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
26⅛	26⅛	Olinkraft 1.10	8	81	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
14	9⅛	Omark .72	7	23	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
15⅛	9	Oneida .64	7	6	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
16⅛	12⅛	Opelika 1	6	20	[illegible]	16	16	+ ⅛
15⅛	13	OranRk 1.36	8	54	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
15⅛	6⅛	Orange .20b	8	65	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	[illegible]
36⅛	21⅛	OutMar 1.40	7	25	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
19⅛	12⅛	OutletCo .60	6	4	[illegible]	17	17	[illegible]
24⅛	18⅛	OvernitT .90	7	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	10⅛	OverSh .20b	5	102	20	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
63⅛	42	OwensCng	14	94	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
63⅛	50	OwenIll 1.58	8	526	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
92	81	OwnII pf4.75		[illegible]	[illegible]	83	83	— 1
25⅛	16⅛	Oxfrdind .68	4	10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

P - Q

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
7⅛	5⅛	PNBMR .40	15	10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
58⅛	35	PPGInl 2.20	7	90	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
9⅛	5⅛	PSA Inc		15	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	
14⅛	12⅛	PacAS 1.24		32	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
23⅛	20	PacG E 1.88	9	374	23	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
19⅛	16⅛	PacLtg 1.63	7	85	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
34⅛	26⅛	PacLm 1.40	16	42	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
33⅛	25⅛	PacPetrl .56	9	35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
23	20	PacPw 1.70	9	59	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PacTT 1.20	8	35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PacTin .80	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PainW .55e	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaiW pf 1.30		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PalmBc .30		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pamida .12		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PanAm Air		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PanEP 2.20	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Papcrft .60b	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pargasinc		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	ParkrDr .10e		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	ParHan 1.20	9	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	ParkPen .48		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PatrkP .60	10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaylsnW .40	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PeabGa		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PenDix .24b		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Penney	15	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPwLt 1.80	9	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPL pf 4.40		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPL pf 4.50		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPL pf 8.40		[illegible]	93	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPL pf [illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPL pf 13		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PaPL pf 8.70		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pennwlt 1.40	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Penwl pf2.50		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Penwl pf1.60		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pennzoil 1.40	9	[illegible]	[illegible]	30	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PeopDrg .20		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PeopleGas 3	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PepsiCo	15	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PerkElm .30		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Petinc 1.40		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Petinc pf .60		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PeterPl .80a	10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
80	[illegible]	PetrieSt 1.60	16	4	[illegible]	70	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Petrolan		100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Petrol pf1.57		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Petrlm 2.55e		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pfizer .88	12	503	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhelpD 2.20	15	33	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilaEl 1.64	9	253	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilE pf 3.80		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	[illegible]
77	[illegible]	PhilaEl pf 7		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
96	73	PhilE pf 8.75		z20	94	94	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	70	PhilE pf 7.85		z200	84	84	84	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilE pf 9.50		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilE pf 7.80		z100	83	83	83	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilaSub .80	7	19	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilMorr 1.30	15	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Phillips Ind	23	134	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilpInd pf		[illegible]	[illegible]	4	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilPet 1.80	12	254	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PhilVnH .60	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pickwick .20	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PiedNG 1.44		9	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pier1 Imprt		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pillsbury 1.16	10	56	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pioneer 1.44	8	395	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PitneyB .58	10	130	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PitFrg .80b	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pittstn .80a	6	672	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PizzaHt .09e	15	365	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	3	Plan Resrch		40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Playboy .12	11	168	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Plessey .26e		8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pneumo		20	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Polaroid .30	15	493	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ponderosa		24	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PopeTal .60	16	20	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Portec .80	9	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PortGE 1.64	9	196	20	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	102	PoG pf 11.50		bk	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PortG pf2.60		[illegible]	[illegible]	23	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Potlch 1.68	11	20	[illegible]	66	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PotmEl 1.06	9	206	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	30	PotEl pf 2.44		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
53	43	PotEl pf 4.50		z100	51	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	40	PotEl pf 4.04		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PotEl pf 5.46		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PotEl pf 5.50		z30	59	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	Premier .40	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	ProctrG 2.20	18	401	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	5	ProdRsh .48		3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	27	Proler .40		[illegible]	[illegible]	30	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSvCol 1.46	8	85	13	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSvcIn 1.90	10	290	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	103	PSInd pf9.44		z10	[illegible]	[illegible]	110	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSInd pf8.52		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSvNH 1.68		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
30	[illegible]	PSNH pf2.75		z80	29	29	29	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSvNM 1.52	10	49	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSvEG 1.80	9	390	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSEG pf 1.40		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	40	PSEG pf4.18		z100	44	48	48	
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSEG pf5.05		z100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	52	PSEG pf5.28		z200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	24	PSEG pf2.17		5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	65	PSEG pf6.80		z 0	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	25	PSEG pf2.43		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	PSE pf 10.25		z490	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	75	PSEG pf7.70		z140	87	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	75	PSEG pf7.80		z100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	71	PSEG pf7.52		z4000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

(Continued on next page.)

Tokyo Exchange

Nov. 18, 1976

Prev. Price Yen	Stock	Price Yen
510	Matsu E. Wks.	625
504	Mitsubi Hvy. Ind.	116
470	Mitsubi Corp.	422
280	Mitsui Co.	426
652	Mitsukoshi	435
186	Nippon Elec.	199
401	Sharp	343
281	Shiseido	1,270
2,000	Sony Corp.	2,250
670	Sumitomo Bank	289
616	Taisho Marine	300
352	Takeda Chem.	216
272	Teijin	123
320	Tokio Marine	645
566	Toray	121
	Toyota Motor	871

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

	Dollar	German Mark	Swiss Franc	Sterling
7 D.	4½-5½	3⅝-4⅛	¾-1	15½-16½
1 M.	5 -5⅛	4 -4⅛	1½-1⅞	14⅝-15
3 M.	5⅛-5⅛	4⅛-4⅛	2⅛-2⅛	14⅝-15¼
6 M.	5⅛-5⅛	4⅛-4⅛	2⅛-2⅛	15⅛-15⅛
1 Y.	6⅛-6⅛	4⅛-5⅛	2¾-3	15 -15¾

European Gold Markets

Nov. 18, 1976

	Open	Close	N.C.
London	129.10	128.65	—2.60
Zurich	129.75	128.25	—2.25
Paris (12.5 kilo)	130.86	131.85	—1.22

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Selected Over-the-Counter Stocks

Closing Prices Nov. 18, 1976

NEW YORK (AP) — The following list is a selected National Securities Dealers Assn., over the counter Bank, insurance & Industrial stocks.

Stock	Bid	Ask
AEL Ind	2⅛	2⅝
AFA PrS	4⅛	5⅛
AID Inc	7	7
AVM Cp	⅛	1⅛
Addisn W	6⅛	6⅝
Adv Ros	2⅛	2⅝
Alberts	5⅛	6½
Allco Inc	8⅛	8⅛
Allers Ph	23½	24⅛
Allyn Bac	6½	7
Am Exp	38⅛	39⅛
Am Finl	9½	9⅞
Am Furn	2	2⅛
Am Greet	9⅛	9⅝
A Micro	6⅛	7
Am Telev	19⅛	20
Am Weld	10½	11½
Amtr Dv	11-16	15-16
Anadite	6⅛	7⅛
Anheus B	24⅛	25
Ard May	1⅛	1½
ArkWIG	21¼	22
AsCC Bot	12⅛	13⅛
AtlGas Lt	13⅞	14⅛
Baird At	3⅛	3⅝
Bang Hy	13½	14
Bkam Rlt	8	8½
Bassett F	17⅛	18
Bayls Mk	8⅛	8⅝
Beciine F	5⅞	6⅛
Betz Lab	29½	30½
Bibb Co	7⅛	8⅛
Bird Son	34½	36
Birtchr	1	1⅛
Bick Hills	18⅛	18⅛
Bonza Inf	2⅛	2⅛
Braden	7	7½
Brinks	7	7½
Brks Sca	20	20¾
Brwning	3⅛	3⅛
Buckb M	3½	3⅞
Buckeyeln	8	8½
Burn Sim	3½	3⅞
CalWSv	31	32½
Campl Ch	3½	3⅞
Canrad H	2⅝	3⅛
Cap Swst	3⅞	4⅛
Capln Air	1⅛	2⅛
Cap Tec	2⅛	2⅝
Care Cp	2⅞	3⅛
CenVt PS	14⅛	14⅝
Chm Lea	10½	11½
Chesa Ut	11¼	12¾
Chf Brids	54½	56½
Chltn Cp	5	5½
ChrisSe	116	120
Circle F	4	4½
CitznUt A	30⅛	34⅛
CiznUt B	31⅛	31⅞
Clark Mt	28½	29⅛
Clow Cp	6⅛	6⅛
Colu Vent	⅞	1½
Com Clr	12	12⅛
Comi Sh	25	26½
Comw Pa	27½	28
Con Pap	29	30
Craw Co	9	9⅞
Crete Co	18⅛	19
Cullr Fed	1⅞	2⅛
Danly M	8⅛	9⅛
Data Dgn	4⅛	4⅞
Data 100	6⅝	7⅛
Davt Inc	27	28⅛
Decor In	1⅞	2⅛
DeKlb Ag	30⅞	31⅞
Delbl Oil	3⅛	4⅛
DeLux C	22	22⅛
Det CanT	12⅛	13⅛
Det IntBr	29½	30½
Dewey El	1	1½
Diam Cry	15¾	16
Dixn Cru	17⅛	18
Docutel	6	6⅝
Dollar G	8⅞	9⅛
Dorch G	10⅛	10⅛
Doyle DB	14⅛	15⅛
Dunkin D	5⅛	5⅛
Durlron	13⅛	14
Eberle In	3⅛	4⅛
Econ Lab	26⅞	27⅛
ElPas El	11⅞	11⅞
Elder Be	6	6⅛
Elec Nucl	5⅛	6
Elec Mod	1⅛	2⅛
Energy C	23⅛	24⅛
Entwistl	5⅛	6
Equty Oil	29⅛	29⅞
Ethan Al	18⅛	19⅛
Fab Tek	⅝	1⅛
FidUn Lf	21	21½
Fingrhf	4⅞	5⅛
FtBkSys	37⅛	38⅛
Fst Bost	19½	20⅛
FtEmpSt	7½	8
FtWnFn	1⅞	2⅛
Fickngr	11⅛	12
Fla WatU	⅛	⅛
Forest O	19⅛	19⅞
Frmlsli	⅝	1⅛
Fotomat	12⅝	13⅛
Frkln Cp	5½	5⅞
Frnkin El	8⅞	9⅛
Frnd Ice	15¾	16½
Gen RlEs	3	4
G Reinsu	182	186
Gov EFIn	9	9⅝
Graph Cn	16½	17
Green Mt	11⅛	12⅛
Grey Adv	14⅛	15⅛
Gulf Intst	16¼	16⅛
Gyrodn	2½	3⅛
Harper R	7½	8
Hartf NC	11⅛	12⅛
Henred F	15⅛	16⅛
Holobm	1⅞	2⅛
Hoover	10½	10⅝
Hortz Res	⅛	1⅛
Huds Pap	24⅛	25⅛
Hyatt Cp	5⅛	6
Hyatl Inf	3½	4
Ind Nuclr	2⅛	2½
Infra Ind	2	2½
Intel Cp	49½	51
Interc En	8⅛	9⅜
Intrmk In	2⅛	3⅛
Intrmt G	14⅛	15⅛
InBk Wsh	3⅞	4⅛
IaSou Ut	22⅛	22⅞
Jamsby	12½	13⅛
Jiffy Fds	⅞	1⅛
Joslyn M	13⅛	14⅛
Kalar Sil	29½	30½
KaisStl pf	18⅞	19⅞
Kalvar	1⅝	1⅞
Kaman A	18	16⅛
Kampg A	6⅛	6⅝
Kate Gra	⅞	⅞
Kaysam	2⅞	3⅛
Kear Tr	7⅛	7⅞
K ellySvc	38	18⅛
Keuff Ess	10	11
Kaye Flb	13⅛	14
Key CusF	6⅛	7⅛
Keys Int	16½	17⅛
King Int	1⅛	1⅞
Knap Vog	15⅛	16⅛
Lance In	20½	21⅛
Land Res	⅞	1⅛
Lane Co	17½	18⅛
Lin Bcast	15⅛	15⅛
Log Etrn	3⅛	4
Madian G	14½	15
Mal Rlty	9-16	⅛
Malikrt	39	40
Manor C	4	4½
Maul LP	11⅛	11⅞
McCorm	32⅛	33⅛
McQuay	14½	15⅛
Measur	9½	10
Medtrn	22⅛	23
Merid In	1⅛	2⅛
Mdisx W	17½	18⅛
Midld Ca	2⅛	2⅞
Midl Bks	20½	21½
Midw Gf	13⅛	14⅛
Millipr	22⅛	23⅛
Miner In	1⅛	1⅛
MissVl G	14⅛	14⅞
Monf Col	4⅛	4⅛
Moore S	11	11½
Moore P	7½	8½
Morg Res	1⅛	1⅛
Mostek	16⅛	16⅞
Motch M	4	5
Mot Club	3⅛	3⅞
Mueller	14⅛	15½
Naras Cp	9⅛	10⅛
Nat G&O	12	12⅛
Nat Lib	4⅞	5⅛
N SecRsh	4	4½
Natnw Rl	4½	5½
NJNat G	13½	14⅛
Nielsn A	19⅛	20⅛
Nielsn B	20⅛	20⅞
NoCar Gs	11⅛	12
NoEOl un	27	27⅛
Nortrp Kl	19⅛	20⅛
NW NatG	9	9⅛
NW PuSv	17½	18
Noxel Cp	15⅛	15⅞
Ogilvy M	26⅛	27
Ohio Ferr	16⅛	17¼
Ormont	18	18⅛
Otter TP	19⅛	20⅛
Ovar NA	4⅛	4⅛
Pabst Br	21⅛	22⅛
PacGa R	22¼	23
Pakco	⅞	1½
Parks H	4⅛	4⅞
Pauley P	5½	6⅛
Peerl Mf	13	14
Pa Enter	16⅛	17⅛
PnzlOff B	13⅛	13⅞
Pepsi BW	12⅛	13⅛
Petrsn H	10⅛	11½
Petrolit	36¼	37¼
Pettibon	20⅛	21⅛
Pledmt A	4⅛	5⅛
Pinkrtn	31½	32⅛
Plon HIB	20	20½
Pistilin	3⅛	4⅛
Possis Cp	1	1½
Progrp	1⅛	1⅞
PubS NC	11⅛	12
P Bennet	16⅛	17
PutO Cap	5⅛	6
Qual Inns	1⅛	1⅞
Ragen Pr	2½	3
Rahall C	7½	7⅞
Raych Cp	101	105
Raymnd	11½	12⅛
Recog Eq	8⅛	9⅛
Road Ex	36½	37⅛
Robin M	15⅛	16⅛
Roselon	4	4½
Rouse	4½	4⅞
Rus Stov	16⅛	18
Sadlier	2	2½
Scan Dat	1⅛	1½
Scripps H	31	33
Sels Delf	1⅝	2
Seneca F	2⅞	3⅛
SevenUp	32	32⅛
Shaw Cp	19⅛	20⅛
Snap Th	32⅛	33⅛
SolidSt Sc	7⅛	8⅛
S CalWat	13⅛	14
SwGs Cp	10⅞	10⅞
SwEl Sv	15⅛	16⅛
Standyn	19	19⅛
Sld Regis	17½	18⅛
Stan HPd	14⅛	16⅛
Sterlg Str	4⅛	5
Strawb Cl	24½	26
Super El	4⅛	4⅞
TIME DC	3⅛	4⅛
Tampax	35⅛	36⅛
Taylr Wl	19½	20
Tech Pub	12	13
Tecum P	45	47
Tennant	25	27
Tiffny Co	9	9⅛
ToscoCp	3⅛	3½
Transo O	11½	12
Trico Pd	34⅛	35⅛
Trim OG	3⅞	3⅞
Tymshr	16⅛	17½
Tyson F	12⅛	13½
Un McGll	12	13
US Surg	9⅛	10⅛
US TrkLn	13⅛	14⅛
UVa Bks	17½	18
UpPen P	19	19
Valley Gs	10⅞	10⅞
VanD Air	9	9
Vance S	4⅛	4⅛
Velcro	7	8⅛
Ventron	43	44
VaN Bnk	18	19
Wads Pu	7	8⅛
Wsh NG	13⅞	14⅛
Webb Re	9⅛	10¼
Weco Dvl	3⅛	3½
Weight W	7⅛	7⅞
Weldtrn	1⅛	2⅛
Welling M	7⅛	7⅛
Well Gar	4	4
Welsbch	4½	5
Wstn Mtg	1⅛	1⅛
Westmd	62	63
Wdwrd L	24	24½
Wright W	3	4⅛
ZionUt B	34	35

International Stock Indexes

Yest.	Prev.	1976 High	1976 Low
95.40	94.60	105.60	80.60
98.90	98.45	132.02	98.13
134.44	134.06	150.66	130.87
317.00	311.10	430.80	265.30
146.13	142.94	185.00	125.80
67.68	66.00	91.17	64.98
76.90	77.10	112.10	75.80
413.16	414.68	532.63	413.16
313.16	346.09	359.61	326.88
4459.91	4514.19	4836.55	4459.91
281.10	280.30	304.00	250.50

... for Old.

European Markets

Yesterday's closing prices (local currencies)

Amsterdam

Stock	Price
Gold Fields	1.56
Gt Un Sl	1.47
Guinness	1.09
Hawker-Sidd	3.99
Hudson Bay	13.25
Imp Chem	3.09
Imps	0.56
Mark&Spen	0.88
Metal Box	2.37
Nichols	0.76
Plessey	0.50
Rand Mines	1.68
Rank Org	1.18
Royal Dutch	37⅞
R.T.Z.	1.59
Shell	4.12
Thorn (A)	1.68
Tube Invest	2.80
Union Carb	2.45
Vickers	1.90
War L3½	23 9/16
West Deep	8.10
West Drief.	20.25
West Hold	15.25
West Mln	1.45
Woolworth	0.38
ZCI	0.16½

Column of prices for Amsterdam/Brussels (left margin, partly cut off): 26.10, 85, 279, 63.80, 50, 28.30, 144, 33.70, 87, 39.40, 188.60, 82.40, 61.50, 86.40, 174.80, 134.50, 113.40, 113, 171, 78.70; Brussels: 3,190, 1,760, 568, 5,890, 1,474, 3,100, 4,110, 1,860, 2,120, 2,320, 1,000.

Milan

Stock	Price
Bastogi	847
Erba	1,505
Erc Marelli	335
Fiat	1,610
Finsider	226
Generali	36,990
IFI	1,813
Italgas	745
Italsider	310
LaRinas	46
Montedis	275.50
Olivetti	1,080
Pirelli	1,730
Snia Visco	990
Terni	269

Frankfurt (left margin, partly cut off): 80.20, 149.60, 129.30, 180.49, 69, 336, 146, 281, 219.50, 132.30, 73.50, 49.50, 331, 224.50, 139, 92, 334, 210, 43, 158.40, 780, 252.70, 107.50, 311.30, 136.30

Paris

Stock	Price
Air Liquide	325.50
Alimentaire	95
BSN	503
Carrefour	1,310
Cim Lafarge	185
Citroën	40
Cie Bancaire	269.90
CFP	98.40
CGE	254
CCF	95.10
Ferodo	354
Imétal	92.40
L'Oréal	881
Mach Bull	27
Michelin	1,131
Moët-Henn.	449.50
Moulinex	196.10
Paribas	158.30
PUK	70.20
Penarroya	42
Perrier	83
Peugeot	302
Rh Poulenc	70.60
Sacilor	29.40
St Gobain	110
Suez	200.90
Télémécan	557
Thomson	165
Usinor	35

Left margin (partly cut off): 2.49, 20.00, 2.28, 3.38, 8.89, 1.01, 1.48, 2.61, 0.58, 7.12, 6.33, 0.32, 1.31, 0.86, 2.03, 2.14, 1.85, 8.73, 2.13, 1.36, 11.50, 2.40, 3.71

Zurich

Stock	Price
Alusuisse	1,205
Buerhle	1,005
B Boveri	1,473
Ciba Geigy	1,245
Cr Suisse	2,550
Fischer	580
HoffRochN	7,825
Nestlé	3,195
Sandoz	4,825
Sté B Suisse	392
Sulzer	2,720
U.B. Suisse	3,130

This financing having been completed, the following appears for information purposes only.

Cinnaminson Mall Shopping Center
Cinnaminson, New Jersey

A Preferential Equity Interest In This Property Was Placed By:

AMIVEST AG
ZURICH, SWITZERLAND

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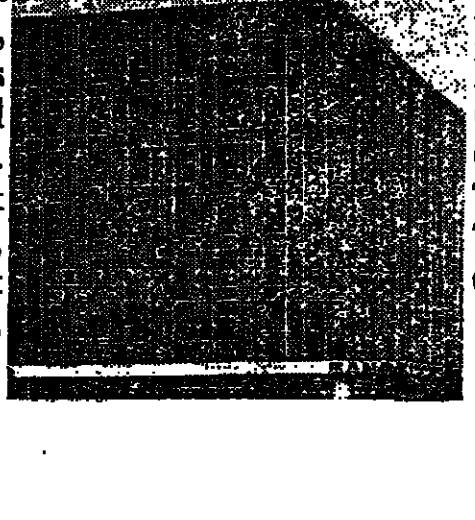
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AMIVEST AG • ZELTWEG 48 • CH 8032 ZURICH, SWITZERLAND
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البنك السعودي

أهلاً وسهلاً في داركم

The doors to the Middle East
and, more particularly,
that of Saudi Arabia are at
51, avenue George V, in Paris,
opening up a market of 7 thousand
million dollars of imports in 1975,
and 142 thousand million dollars
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over the next five years.
As the first Saudi private bank
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هكذا في الأصل

Quotations in Canadian funds.
Quotations in cents unless marked $

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
6450	Abitibi	$9½	9¼	9⅜	
700	Acklands	$11½	11½	11½	
5900	Agnico E	415	390	390	—25
300	Agra Ind A	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
2036	Alta Gas A	$12⅞	12¾	12¾	
510	Algo Cent	$11½	11½	11½	
1300	Alminex	$6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
306	Andres W	$8½	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
47012	Bell Canad	$46½	45½	46⅛	+1⅛
858	BP Can	$7¾	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
7540	Bank N S	$41	40½	41	+ ½
1306	Beth Cop A	$11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
10500	Block Bros	450	440	450	+ 5
1200	Bovis Cor	62	62	62	

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices Nov. 18, 1976

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
1850	Bralor Res	285	280	285	+ 5
200	Bramalea	$5⅝	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
4600	Bramada	99	95	95	— 5
1500	Brenda M	57	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
4500	Bridger	$6½	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
100	BCFP	$22¾	22¾	22¾	+ ⅜
280	BC Phone	$12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅜
4800	Brunswk	490	485	490	+ 5
2300	Budd Auto	$5½	5½	5½	
1500	Cad Fry	$9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	
4515	Cal Pow A	$29¾	29⅜	29½	
6700	Camflo	$9	8¾	8¾	— ⅜
1260	Campau A	385	380	385	+ 5
9385	C Nor West	$7½	7⅛	7½	+ ½
100	C Pakrs C	$17¾	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
5750	Can Perm	$15¼	14⅞	15	— ⅛
653	Can Trust A	$19⅞	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
5200	Cdn Cel	$6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
11260	CI Bk Com	$23⅞	23⅝	23¾	+ ⅛
1224	Cdn Tire A	$38	37½	38	+ 1
3020	C Ulities	$12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
100	Candel Oil	$11½	11½	11½	+ ½
970	Cassiar	$5¾	5⅝	5¾	+ ⅛
4000	Celanesa	320	305	305	—10
9140	Chieftan D	$11	10¾	10⅞	+ ⅜
26	CHUM	$7¼	7¼	7¼	+ 1
1800	C Holiday I	350	350	350	
3200	Con Bldg	235	233	233	— 7
1010	Con Distrb	365	360	360	—10
12200	Cons Gas	$12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
1200	Con Fardy	289	281	289	+ 6
1000	Conwest	300	300	300	
500	Craigmt	$5¾	5⅝	5¾	+ ⅛
400	Crush Intl	$8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
1350	Cyprus	$8⅞	8¾	8⅞	+ ⅛
2205	Denison	$52	51¾	52	
7900	Dickson	395	360	375	—25
7015	Dofasco A	$24¾	24½	24¾	+ ⅜
13700	Dom Store	$14	13⅞	13⅞	
1600	Du Pont	$12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
401	East Mal	175	175	175	— 5
950	Electro A	340	330	330	—10
300	Emco	$5½	5½	5½	
3250	Falcon C	$5¾	5⅝	5¾	— ⅛
1150	Falcon	$32¾	32	32½	— ½
200	Fed Ind A	55	5	5	
5	Ford Cnda	$89½	89½	89½	+ 2
11000	Gnt Mascot	131	124	131	+10
400	Gibraltar	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
2500	Graft G	$25	25	25	— 1
1700	Granduc 7 100 9m GL Paper 28				
329	Gt W Life $46 [illegible] Greyhnd				
3100	Guar Trst	$5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
230	Hambro C	280	280	280	
400	H Group A	320	320	320	
2124	Hawker A	470	465	470	+ 5
6000	H Bay Co	16	15⅝	16	
21940	IAC	15¼	15	15	— ⅛
300	Indal	13⅞	13¾	13⅞	+ ⅛
400	Indusmin	10¼	10¼	10¼	
500	Ingils	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
100	Inland Gas	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
3050	Inter-City	$5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
200	Int Mogul	280	280	280	—15
31720	Int Pipe A	$13¾	12⅞	13⅜	+ ⅜
4529	Inv Grp A	$6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	+ ⅛
1293	Jannock	6¾	6¾	6¾	
850	Kaiser Re	$12⅜	12¼	12¼	
3600	Kaps Tran	58	54	55	+ 4
1450	Kerr A A	12½	12¼	12⅜	+ ⅛
275	Koffler A	460	450	450	—15
4105	Labatt A	$16⅜	16	16⅜	+ ⅛
2720	Lab Min	$32	32	32	
1675	Lacana	345	340	340	+ 5
200	LL Lac	150	150	150	
500	Lob Co A	305	300	300	— 5
3305	Lob Co B	300	285	290	—15
400	Loeb M	265	260	260	+ 5
300	MICC	$8¼	8¼	8¼	
200	Mclan H A	$6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
5600	MB Ltd	$20⅝	20⅛	20½	+ ⅜
250	M Lf Mills	$29	29	29	
1470	Malgmt A	$14½	14½	14½	
4920	Moore	$33	32⅞	33	+ ⅛
5300	Murphy	$6½	6½	6½	+ ⅛
5450	Neonex	175	168	168	— 7
12856	Noranda A	$30	29¾	30	+ ¼
32760	Norcen	$10⅝	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
19050	NTecm B w	$12	11	12	+1½
2100	Nowsco W	$16⅛	16½	16½	
1300	OSF Ind	316	305	315	+ 5
1250	Orchan A	230	220	220	— 5
8015	Oshawa A	350	340	350	
1800	Pamour A	305	300	300	—10
1300	PenCan P	$21¾	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
4605	Pine Point	$31⅜	31	31⅛	— ⅛
3378	Placer	$19½	19	19	
1730	Redpath A	$25	25	25	— ½
1675	Reed Oslr A	$6⅞	6½	6⅞	+ ⅛
11900	Revnu Prp	66	65	65	— 1
8580	Shell Can	$13⅞	13⅛	13⅞	+ ⅜
4955	Sharritt A	$6½	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅜
350	Siebens	$12½	12⅜	12⅜	
4606	Simpsons	$5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
37	Simpson S	$9	9	9	
400	Slater Stl	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
870	Talcorp	$11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
1920	Southm A	$19½	19¼	19	— ⅛
200	St Brodcst	$7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
4490	Stelco A	$24⅞	23⅞	24	+ ⅛
1300	Steep R	180	180	180	
715	Teck Cor A	475	475	475	
4053	Teck Cor B	425	420	425	
660	Tex Can	$22¼	22	22¼	+ ¼
15330	Tor Dm Bk	$19⅛	18	18½	+ ⅛
610	Tor Star B	14	13⅞	13⅞	+ ⅛
266	Traders A	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
2520	Trns Mt A	$9⅛	8⅞	9	
6570	TrCan PL	$12¼	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
150	Un Carbid	$18¼	18¼	18¼	
18490	UGas A	$9⅛	8	8	— ⅛
700	Union Oil	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
1900	U Keno	$6¾	6½	6½	+ ⅛
1150	U Siscoe	$5⅞	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
1303	Upp Can	95	95	95	— 5
1100	Van Der	225	225	225	
800	Voyager P	15⅛	15	15	
600	Weldwod	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
300	Walburne	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
1051	West Mine	487	485	485	
457	Westmhse	$21	20⅞	21	
1800	Weston	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
400	Woodwd A-	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
20	Yk Bear	265	265	265	— 5
1000	Yukon C	145	144	144	+ 1

Total sales 2,098,587 shares

Market Summary

NYSE Most Actives

Nov. 18, 1976
(4 p.m. closing prices)

	Sales	Close	Ch
Occidan Pet	554,600	19⅝	+1⅛
Kresge SS	250,900	40⅞	+ ⅞
GaPacif	246,500	37⅛	+ ⅛
AtlRichfl	228,300	56⅞	+ ⅜
LomN Fin	221,600	9⅛	+ ⅛
FederDStr	201,100	50⅝	+ ⅝
DigitalEq	194,400	53⅞	+1½
UAL Inc	188,900	25	+ ⅞
Woolworth	182,800	25⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Motors	173,400	71⅞	+2
Texaco Inc	173,100	26	+ ¼
Am Tel&Tel	166,100	61⅛	+ ⅜
SEDCO Inc	155,000	27½	— ½
Richmnd Cp	153,300	20½	
Dow Ch	146,300	40	+ ⅛

	Today NYSE Close	Prev. Nationw Close
Volume (in millions)	24.0	19.90
Advances	1166	963
Declines	351	469
Unchanged	384	434
Total issues	1901	1866
New 1976 highs	76	49
New 1976 lows	8	21

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
30 Ind	938.41	953.46	935.51	950.13	+12.05
20 Trn	218.36	222.76	218.04	221.99	+ 3.59
15 Utl	99.05	100.65	98.96	100.40	+ 1.35
65 Stk	301.39	307.05	301.14	306.03	+ 4.18

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials	114.11	112.18	113.74	+1.44
60 Utilities	51.03	50.26	50.81	+0.38
Finance	11.66	11.43	11.63	+0.18
Transport	14.28	13.90	14.21	+0.18
500 Stocks	102.22	100.49	101.89	+1.28

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	54.55	54.03	54.55	+0.70
Industrials	59.92	59.39	59.92	+0.81
Transportation	40.08	39.55	40.08	+0.73
Utilities	38.86	38.66	38.86	+0.34
Finance	53.64	53.12	53.64	+0.73

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Shares Buy	Sales	*Short
Nov. 17	119,245	264,432	1,503
Nov. 16	136,631	297,349	1,216
Nov. 15	125,612	272,401	1,951
Nov. 12	118,531	223,520	1,393
Nov. 11	74,337	197,559	1,722

* These totals are included in the sales figures

American Most Actives

	Sales	Close	Ch
GiBas Pet	194,500	5⅛	+ ¼
Tesylar Cp	89,500	6⅛	— ⅝
Kewanee In	74,300	31	+2
Syntex Corp	66,100	21⅛	+1¼
Shenan Oil	58,500	26	+ ½
HartzMt Cp	56,200	11⅜	— ⅛
Ryan Hom	55,200	20⅞	+ ½
CdnEx GO	45,700	6⅛	
FlyDia Oil	45,000	18¾	+1⅜
PGE 8.16pf	41,300	23⅞	— ⅛

Approx. final total 2,658,000
Stock sales year ago 1,523,265

Exchange Index:

High	Low	Close	Chg.
99.[illegible]	96.[illegible]	99.41	+1.12

Montreal Stocks

Quotations in Canadian funds.
Quotations in cents unless marked $.

Sales	Stock		High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
100	Algoma	$	20½	20½	20½	— ¼
425	Asbestos	$	24	23¾	23¾	—1¼
16086	Bank Mont	$	14¼	14	14¼	+ ⅛
300	CAE Ind	$	8¾	8½	8¾	— ⅛
1400	Cdn Inf Pow	$	14⅞	14¼	14⅞	+ ⅛
700	Canron	$	20¾	20¼	20½	—1⅛
1670	Con Bath	$	27⅞	27⅝	27½	+ ½
19950	Dom Bridge	$	17½	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
3650	Dom Text	$	7½	7¼	7½	
440	Fncl Col		156	155	156	
800	Imasco	$	20¾	20¾	20¾	— ¾
150	Laur Fin	$	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
2050	Molson B	$	15	14½	15	— ¾
100	Mont Trust	$	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
208	Price Co	$	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
3445	Royal Bank	$	26⅛	25½	25½	— ¼
760	Roy Trust A	$	17¼	16¾	17	+ ½
21000	Steinberg A	$	13⅝	13½	13½	— ⅛

Total sales 524,469 shares.

U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Thur.	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accra, lb.	*1.56	*.68½
Coffee 4 Santos, lb.	*1.75	Unq.
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½, yd.	.38	.38½
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.), ton.	212.00	212.00
Iron 2, Fdry, Phila., ton.	210.19	213.92
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt	65.66	59-60
Lead, spot., lb.	25.50-26	.20
Copper elec., lb.	70⅝	63½-65
Tin (Straits), lb.	4.1176	3.31
Zinc, E. St. L. basis, lb.	.37	.38½-.39
Silver N.Y., oz.	4.300	4.34
Gold N.Y., oz.	126.85	142.30
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	818.30	758.70

* Nominal.

NEW YORK FUTURES

Nov. 18, 1976

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
SUGAR NO. 11 (50 tons)					
Jan	8.20	8.30	8.20	b8.30	8.44
Mar	8.74	8.83	8.68	8.77	878
May	895	9.01	8.86	9.00	9.03
Jul	9.13	9.15	9.08	9.13	9.15
Sep	915	9.20	9.11	9.15	9.18
Oct	916	9.22	9.12	9.16	9.18
Mar	9.41	9.50	9.41	9.45	9.47
Sales 1,593					
WOOL (6,000 lbs)					
No trades.					
COCOA (30,000 lbs)					
Dec	143.80	144.75	143.75	143.75s	147.75
Mar	138.05	139.30	138.05	138.05s	142.05
May	132.30	133.50	132.50	132.50s	136.50
Jul	127.75	127.80	127.75	127.75s	131.75
Sep	122.20	123.00	122.00	122.00s	126.00
Dec	110.00	110.60	109.50	109.50s	113.50
Mar	105.00	105.10	104.10	104.10s	108.10
Sales: 2,254.					
COPPER (25,000 lbs)					
Dec	58.70	59.20	58.40	59.00s	59.30
Jan	59.20	59.60	58.90	59.50s	59.70
Mar	60.00	60.70	59.80	60.50s	60.70
May	61.10	61.70	60.80	61.50s	61.70
Jul	62.10	62.50	61.80	62.40s	62.70
Sep	62.90	63.30	62.60	63.20s	63.50
Dec	64.10	64.20	63.60	64.30s	64.60
Estimated Sales: 2,960.					
MAINE RED POTATOES (50,000 lbs)					
Mar	6.16	6.26	6.11	6.21	6.20
Apr	7.10	7.30	7.07	7.20	7.10
May	8.40	8.50	8.40	b8.41	b8.35
Sales: 758					
ROUND WHITE POTATOES					
May	8.13	8.48	8.07	8.26	8.20
Nov	5.43	5.43	5.35	5.40	5.45
Sales: 639.					
COTTON, NO. 2 (50,000 lbs)					
Dec	77.95	79.20	77.02	79.00	77.67
Mar	78.90	80.46	78.10	80.20	78.46
May	79.00	8050	78.16	80.00	78.71
Jul	77.50	78.65	76.71	78.20	77.22
Oct	71.00	71.00	70.25	70.90	70.80
Dec	66.81	66.90	66.40	66.90	66.87
Mar				b67.00	67.00
Sales: 6,250.					
ORANGE JUICE (15,000 lbs)					
Jan	47.95	48.00	47.65	47.70	47.90
Mar	49.00	49.00	48.80	48.80	b48.90
Jul	51.00	51.00	50.90	b50.85	590b.5
Sep	52.00	52.00	52.00	b51.95	52.00
Sales: 160. b-bid.					
N.Y. SILVER (5,000 troy oz)					
Nov	431.00	431.00	431.00	431.40s	432.50
Dec	430.10	433.90	428.00	432.30s	433.20
Jan	432.00	434.50	430.50	434.00s	4350
Mar	437.0	439.50	434.00	437.90s	438.90
May	44000	443.30	437.50	441.80s	443.10
Jul	443.50	448.00	443.10	446.20s	447.50
Sep	44850	441.00	447.50	450.60s	451.90
Dec	455.50	459.30	455.00	458.30s	459.60
Jan	45750	461.80	458.30	460.70s	462.10
Mar	463.50	466.00	463.50	466.00s	467.40
Sales estimated 29,350					
GOLD (100 troy oz)					
Nov	128.80	128.80	128.30	128.20s	131.40
Dec	129.00	130.00	128.00	128.60s	13180
Feb	12950	131.00	128.60	129.30s	132.60
Apr	13.00	131.50	129.60	130.30s	133.60
Jun	13100	132.50	130.50	131.20s	134.60
Aug	131.50	133.20	131.50	132.30s	135.70
Oct	13380	134.50	132.60	133.50s	136.90
Dec	135.00	135.70	133.80	134.70s	138.10
Feb	13620	136.70	135.00	135.90s	139.30
Sales: 3,449.					

CHICAGO FUTURES

Nov. 18, 1976

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
WHEAT (5,000 bu)					
Dec	2.58¾	2.61	2.56¾	2.59	2.60½
Mar	2.68½	2.70¼	2.67	2.68½	2.69½
May	2.69	2.73	2.69	2.71½	2.72
Jul	2.72	2.75	2.69½	2.75	2.73
Sep	2.74½	2.78½	2.74½	2.78½	2.76½
Dec	2.83	2.87	2.83	2.87	2.85
CORN (5,000 bu)					
Dec	2.39½	2.40½	2.37¼	2.38	2.40½
Mar	2.47½	2.48½	2.45½	2.46¼	2.48½
May	2.51¼	2.52¾	2.50	2.51	2.52½
Jul	2.54	2.55½	2.53½	2.54½	2.54¾
Sep	2.54½	2.55	2.53¼	2.53¾	2.53¾
Dec	2.49	2.51	2.49	2.49¾	2.48½
SOYBEANS (5,000 bu)					
Nov	6.68	6.76	6.59	6.61	6.71
Jan	6.67	6.74½	6.58	6.66	6.67
Mar	6.69	6.74½	6.61½	6.70	6.70
May	6.61	6.65	6.53½	6.63	6.62
Jul	6.49	6.55	6.45	6.50	6.52
Aug	6.39	6.44	6.35	6.44	6.39
Sep	6.03	6.06	5.97	6.03	6.03
Nov	5.86	5.91	5.81	5.90	5.86
SOYBEAN OIL (60,000 lbs)					
Mar	21.80	22.1p	21.75	22.10	21.80
May	21.65	22.15	21.65	22.15	21.75
Jul	21.50	22.15	21.50	22.15	21.55
Aug	21.00	21.60	21.00	21.60	21.00
Sep	20.60	20.80	20.50	20.80	20.50
SOYBEAN MEAL (100 tons)					
Dec	187.50	188.90	184.50	187.50	188.00
Jan	187.50	191.00	186.50	188.50	190.00
Mar	190.00	192.00	187.50	189.50	191.00
May	188.00	188.50	185.50	187.50	187.50
Jul	183.50	185.00	182.00	184.00	185.50
Aug	179.50	180.50	178.50	178.50	180.00
Sep	173.50	176.00	173.50	176.00	175.00
SILVER (5,000 troy oz)					
Nov	—	—	—	430.50	432.50
Dec	428.00	433.50	428.00	432.50	433.50
Jan	432.00	434.00	431.50	434.00	439.50
Feb	433.50	437.00	432.30	435.50	437.50
Apr	436.00	441.50	435.50	439.00	441.00
Jun	441.00	444.50	440.00	443.50	446.00
Aug	445.00	449.00	445.00	448.50	450.50
Oct	449.70	453.50	449.70	453.00	455.50
Dec	454.00	458.00	454.00	457.50	460.50
Feb	463.90	463.90	461.00	462.50	465.50
Apr	467.50	467.50	466.50	467.50	470.50
Jun	474.00	474.00	472.00	473.20	476.50
LIVE BEEF CATTLE (40,000 lbs)					
Dec	40.80	41.17	40.65	40.75	40.90
Feb	39.95	40.15	39.32	39.45	40.40
Apr	39.62	39.75	38.95	39.00	39.65
Jun	41.85	42.00	41.40	41.40	41.95
Aug	42.15	42.47	41.82	41.82	42.40
Oct	42.55	42.75	42.15	42.15	42.75
Dec	43.10	43.12	42.75	b42.90	a43.00

Sales: Dec 4660; Feb 3750; April 1918; June 505; Aug 151; Oct 26; Dec 24.
Open interest: Dec 11524; Feb 14757; April 8584; June 3546; Aug 1068; Oct 318; Dec 57.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
LIVE HOGS (30,000 lbs)					
Dec	33.65	34.30	33.62	34.20	33.72
Feb	32.90	33.45	32.70	33.50	33.00
Apr	31.10	31.52	30.65	31.35	30.85
Jun	33.40	33.80	33.15	33.55	33.45
Jul	34.45	34.45	34.20	34.40	b34.25
Aug	34.00	34.00	33.30	b33.40	33.60
Oct	33.10	33.50	32.95	a33.10	b33.20
Dec	34.40	34.40	34.05	a34.05	34.30

Sales: Dec 1218; Feb 1913; April 632; June 81; July 12; Aug 14; Oct 12; Dec 3.
Open interest: Dec 3391; Feb 3215; April 2266; June 756; July 667; Aug 547; Oct ewr; Dec 121.

SHELL EGGS (22,500 doz)				hq	hq
Nov	65.00	70.00	67.00	a67.00	a69.00
Dec	66.25	68.05	66.25	66.80	66.25
Jan	61.00	62.85	61.00	a62.05	61.05
Feb	57.25	57.55	57.00	57.55	57.05
Mar	54.00	54.00	54.00	54.00	54.50
Apr	—	—	—	n52.80	n52.80
May	—	—	—	n51.00	n51.00

Sales: Nov 49; Dec 396; Jan 128; Feb 13g March 7; April 0; May 0.
Open interest: Nov 49; Dec 1465; Jan 739; Feb 279; March 37; April 14; May 2.

PORK BELLIES (36,000 lbs)					
Feb	50.40	51.30	50.65	51.10	50.55
Mar	50.15	50.80	49.75	50.80	50.20
May	50.80	51.50	50.30	51.40	50.60
Jul	51.25	52.05	50.90	51.80	b50.95
Aug	49.95	50.50	49.50	50.50	49.70
Feb	—	—	—	b55.50	b54.60
Mar	—	—	—	b54.90	54.00

Sales: Feb 4018; March 366; May 145; July 66; Aug 38; Feb 0; March 0.
Open interest: Feb 4715; March 2299; May 1458; July 726; Aug 427; Feb 60; March 62.
b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal

London Commodities

Nov. 18, 1976

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)	Previous (Close)
SUGAR				
Dec	128	125.85	126.75-126.80	127.50-128
Mar	136.25	134	134.95-135	136.25-136.50
May	141	138.50	139.60-139.80	140.80-141
Aug	143.50	142	142.85-143	144.25-144.50
Oct	147	145.50	146.50-146.70	147.75-148
Dec	150	149	149.25-149.50	151.05-151.25
Mar	153.50	152.25	152.10-152.90	154.10-154.25
Lots: 1,489.				
COCOA				
Dec	2077	1995	1994½-1996	2070 -2071
Mar	2000	1903	1908 -1909	1990½-1992
May	1939	1850	1857 -1858	1930½-1931
Jul	1890	1809	1809 -1811	1883 -1890
Sep	1835	1750	1755 -1759	1832 -1839
Dec	1670	1608	1606 -1608	1667 -1670
Mar		1625	1565 -1570	1622 -1624
Lots: 12,231.				
COFFEE				
Nov	2192	2156	2188 -2190	2205 -2225
Jan	2228	2160	2225 -2228	2250 -2235
Mar	2235	2170	2226 -2230	2235 -2240
May	2235	2175	2232 -2235	2237 -2240
Jul	2235	2175	2235 -2238	2248 -2249
Sep	2238	2195	2241 -2245	2246 -2250
Nov		2195	2225 -2239	2246 -2250
Lots: 5,923.				

London Metal Markets

Nov. 18, 1976

	Today Bid-Asked	Previous Bid-Asked
Copper wire bars:		
spot	773 - 774	782.50- 783.50
3 months	808.50- 809	818 - 818.50
Cathodes: spot	761 - 761.50	770 - 771
3 months	794 - 795	804.50- 805
Tin: spot	4,920 -4,925	4,920 -4,925
3 months	5,095 -5,100	5,058 -5,090
Lead: spot	273.50- 279	279 - 279.50
3 months	292.75- 293	292.75- 293
Zinc: spot	363.50- 365	365 - 366
3 months	381.50- 382	382 - 382.50
Silver: spot	258.10- 258.50	262.90- 263
3 months	266.20- 268.50	273.10- 273.20

Paris Commodities

Nov. 18, 1976

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)	Previous
SUGAR				
SUGAR				
Jan			1 265-1,275	— 5
Mar	1,295	1,285	1,288-1,290	+ 3
May			1,310-1,320	— 5
Jul			1,312-1,324	—13
Aug			1,320-1,340	—10
Oct			1,325-1,335	—15
Nov			1,330-1,340	—15
Dec			—-1,345	— 5
Jan			—-1,355	— 5
Lots: 145.				
COCOA				
Dec	1,685	1,625	1,643-1,654	—54
Mar	1,665	1,582	1,604-1,605	—66
May	1,643	1,585	1,590-1,600	—45
Jul	—	—	—	—
Sep			1,455- —	—
Dec	1,330	1,325	1,300-1,330	—45
Lots: 267.				

Thursday's New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS— 76

AhmanHF	ImpCpAm	Philip Morr
Amstar n	Iowa Beef	PubSvc EG
Best Prod	Ins Manv	PSEG 5.05pf
BlueBell	Kais CemG	SCM Corp
Cabot Corp	Kaneb	SeaContain
Cinn Bell	Katy Ind	Shapell Ind
CinnGas El	Kresge SS	Soo Line
City Invest	Leeds North	Sparton Cp
Contill Prop	LeviStrauss	Stanray
Daytn Hud	Linc Nat	Suburb Pro
Deseret Ph	May DStr	SunComp
DeSoto Inc	Melville Cp	SuperVal
DigitalEq	MoPac Cp	SprmktG pf
EquitLfe A	NatDetroit	UnPac Corp
Fidelity Fin	NtMineSv	UnitFinl Cal
FinlSanta B	Natomas	Utdllum pf
Finl Feder	NewEng TT	US FidelGty
Fst Chart	NiagM Pow	Utah PwLt
Fla Gas	NiM 11.75pf	VaEP 2.90pf
Gibralt Fin	NorfkWrn	VaEP 7.20pf
GlobeUni	Occiden ccl 3	Wall Murr
GoldWIF pf	OccidP 4pf	WallMurr pf
GlWnFinl	Pach.kq	Wn Bancorp
Hilton Hotel	PanhEPL	WinnDix B
Hoern Wald	Peoples Gas	

NEW LOWS— 8

Buttes Gas	Fairmont	Seagram Co
CampTagg	Hercule Inc	Stop Shop
Charter Co	HudsBay A	

Foreign Cars Get 28 Per Cent of French Market

PARIS, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).—Penetration of the French auto market by foreign manufacturers in September jumped to 28.02 per cent from 21.53 per cent in the same month last year, with imports totalling 38,830 units compared with 24,532, industry figures released today reveal.

For the first nine months of this year, the 300,225 imported vehicles accounted for 22.46 per cent of sales on the French market, well up from 210,883, or 20.35 per cent, during the same period last year.

The Fiat group retained its place as the biggest importer, with 54,132 vehicles sold in France over September, 1975. Ford moved into second place from third position in September, 1975, while General Motors moved up to fourth place from being fifth.

Imports of Japanese vehicles continued to increase in the first nine month, accounting for 12.3 per cent of French sales.

Japan Wholesale Prices

TOKYO, Nov. 18 (AP-DJ).—Japanese wholesale prices rose 0.2 per cent in the first 10 days of November from the prior 10-day period in October, the Bank of Japan announced.

Currency Rates

November 18, 1976

By reading across this table of yesterday's closing inter-bank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers. These rates do not take onto account bank service charges.

	$	£	DM	FF	L.It.	Gldr.	BF com.	SwissF.	Dan.Kr.
Amsterdam	2.5310	4.2070	104.53*	50.64*	29.26y	—	6.3190*	103.48*	42.77*
Brussels (c)	37.115	61.65	15.323	7.421	4.20*	14.658	—	15.18	6.27
Frankfurt	2.4220	4.0326	—	48.43*	2.738x	95.57*	6.522*	99.06*	40.395*
London (z)	1.6615	—	4.0255	8.3125	1440.5	4.2065	61.70	4.0625	9.8425
Milan	865.40	1,437	357.26	173.02	—	341.85	23.33	353.90	146.17
Paris	5.0050	8.3175	206.575*	—	5.77875x	197.675*	13.4775*	204.575*	84.500*
Zurich	2.4452	4.0707	100.96*	48.86*	0.2825*	96.59*	6.59*	—	41.30*

The following are dollar values only: Danish krone: 5.92375; Escudo: 31.465; [illegible] £ [illegible]; Peseta: 68.455; Schilling: 17.21; Sw. krona: 4.22575; Yen: 295.10; Nor. krone: 5.28575; Fin mark: 3.8385; Belgian financial franc: 37.175; Hong Kong $: 4.7615, Singapore $: 2.4560. The Canadian dollar is worth U.S. $1.0199.

(c) Commercial franc. (*) Units of 100 (x) Units of 1,000. (y) Units of 10,000. (z) Amounts needed to buy one pound.

ADVERTISEMENT

CAVENHAM LIMITED
CDRs

The undersigned announces that as from 29th November, 1976, at Kas-Associatie N.V., Spuistraat 172, Amsterdam, div. cp. No. 7 of the CDRs Cavenham Ltd., each repr. 50 shs. will be payable with Dfls. 5.43 (re Final dividend for the year ended 3rd April 1976). Tax credit £—.743 = Dfls. 2.96 per CDR.

Non-residents of the United Kingdom can only claim this tax credit when the relevant tax treaty meets this facility.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

Amsterdam, 16th November, 1976.

ADVERTISEMENT

GRAND METROPOLITAN LIMITED
CDRs

The undersigned announces that as from November 19, 1976, at Kas-Associatie N.V., Spuistraat 172, Amsterdam, div. cp. No. 9 of the CDRs Grand Metropolitan Ltd., each repr. 50 shs., will be payable with Dfls. 2.79 (re Interim dividend: 1.4 p. p.sh.).
Tax credit £—.3769 = Dfls. 1.50 per CDR.
Non-residents of the United Kingdom can only claim this tax credit when the relevant tax treaty meets this facility.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

Amsterdam, 16th November, 1976.

PRINCIPALITY OF MONACO
For Sale
BUILDING TOTALLY UNOCCUPIED
4,300 sq.m. with garages
New construction on important Boulevard
SEASHORE - NEW CENTER
Suitable for company headquarters
with numerous advantages.
OR return assured by individual rental.
PRICE: F.Fr. 31,000,000.
PASQUIER CONSTRUCTEUR
12 Rue Princesse Caroline,
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The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.
U.S. $40,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1980
For the six months
November 19th, 1976 to May 19th, 1977
the Notes will carry an
interest rate of 8% per annum.
Listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.
By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, London
Agent Bank

NYSE Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Nov. 18

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
(Continued from preceding page.)								
6⅛	4	Pubicor Ind		14	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	
4⅞	2½	Pueblo Inf		30	2½	2½	2½	
5½	2¾	PuerRi Cem		8	3	3	3	
30¾	25⅞	PugSPL 2.36	9	42	29⅝	29	29⅝	+ ⅛
38⅞	27⅞	Pullmn 1.32	9	19	33⅞	33	33⅞	+ ½
17¾	14¾	PurexCp 1.08	9	89	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	+ ¼
24	19	Purex pf1.35		7	22	22	22	+ 1
6⅛	2½	Puritn Fash	4	78	2⅝	2½	2½	
45½	23⅝	Purolir 1.12	9	8	26¼	26⅛	26¼	
28⅝	20⅞	QuakOat .92	10	105	24⅝	23⅞	24⅛	+ ⅜
70	56½	QukOat pf 3		1	60	60	60	+ ½
20¼	15	QuakSIO .28	11	79	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅜
7½	5¼	Questor .05r	8	13	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	
R - S - T								
30⅞	19⅞	RCA 1	12	430	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	+ ⅛
47	38⅝	RCApf 3.50		z50	42	42	42	— ½
71¼	52	RCAcvpf 4		6	66	65	65	
9	4⅝	RTE .20	11	18	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝	
53⅞	46½	RalstonPu 1	14	245	49⅞	49⅝	49⅞	+ ⅜
6⅛	3⅛	Ramada	113	227	3½	3¼	3⅜	+ ⅛
15⅛	7	Rancoln .64	7	44	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	+ ⅜
8⅝	3	Rapid Am		142	5	4⅝	4⅞	— ⅛
26	18½	Rap Jrpf2.25		1	21	21	21	— ½
30¾	24¼	RapAm pf 3		6	25½	24½	24½	— 1
35½	26⅝	Raybst 1.50b	6	2	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	— ¼
24¼	15¾	Raymint .80	6	13	20⅝	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
67⅝	44⅝	Raythn 1.20	14	273	60½	60⅛	60⅜	+ ⅜
23	15⅛	ReadBat .40	3	165	16½	16¼	16½	+ ¼
5¾	2½	Redmen Ind		239	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	9⅞	ReeceCp .74	9	92	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	
21¾	16⅝	ReevesBro	5	21	19⅞	19⅜	19⅝	+ ¼
18⅝	11⅝	ReichCh .24	7	63	17½	17¼	17⅝	+ ¼
11	7	ReliabSt .64	5	7	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	
35	16	ReliancEl 1.10	10	50	28⅝	28⅛	28¼	+ ½
19	6	Relian Grp	56	102	18⅝	18	18	
33⅞	12	RelGrp pfB		1	32½	32½	32½	+ ¼
25	8½	RelGrp p.C		15	24⅝	24⅛	24½	+ ⅛
25¼	25½	Relin pf2.68		25	26½	26¼	25⅝	+ ⅛
9⅞	6½	Republic Co	10	7	6⅞	6⅜	6⅝	— ⅛
18½	10	RepFinS .80	5	5	16⅜	16⅛	16⅛	
3⅝	1	RepMtg Inv		46	1⅛	1	1⅛	
40⅝	27⅛	RepStl 1.60	8	67	31⅝	31	31⅛	+ ⅛
31½	27⅞	RepTex 1.20	7	27	29½	29½	29½	
17⅞	7⅛	ResrvOil .16	13	506	16⅝	15⅞	16⅛	— ⅛
23¼	17⅞	RevcoDS .28	16	61	23½	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
12½	7⅝	Rever Copp		32	9⅛	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
45	42¼	Revlon [illegible]	17	185	44¼	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅛
10⅛	7⅛	Rexham .40	7	35	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
39½	20½	Rexnrd 1.32	7	28	31⅜	31¼	31⅜	+ ⅛
68⅛	55	Reynln 3.38	9	203	65⅝	64⅞	65⅛	+ ⅜
42⅝	22⅛	ReyMet 1.20	8	153	36½	36	36⅛	+ ⅜
15¾	8¾	ReynSe .40a	7	19	11½	11⅛	11⅜	+ ⅛
13⅞	9⅛	Richardsn 1	8	5	12½	12⅜	12⅜	—
27⅞	21⅛	RichMer .70	10	56	23	22½	23	+ ¼
21⅞	10½	Richmnd .80	9	1600	20⅝	20⅛	20½	+ ½
20¼	14⅜	RiegelT 1.30	5	31	20	19⅝	19⅞	+ ⅛
26⅜	15	RioGran .20	6	36	19¼	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅛
13⅝	9½	RioGr pf .80		39	11⅝	11½	11⅝	+ ⅛
20⅝	13½	RiteAid .24	12	166	16⅝	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
23⅝	18⅝	Robshaw .90	6	10	19½	19¼	19½	
27¼	21	Robrtsn 1.50	5	7	22	22	22	+ ¼
12⅞	9½	Robins .28a	9	115	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ¼
18½	15½	RochG 1.28b	9	23	17⅝	17½	17⅝	+ ⅛
115	107	RochG pf 11		z10	113	113	113	+ ¾
15⅞	12¼	RochTel .88a	7	175	14	13⅞	13⅞	—
13½	9⅞	Rockowr .76	6	84	12⅝	11⅞	12⅛	+ ¼
33½	23⅝	RockwlInt 2	8	104	28⅛	28	28	
81	57	RkInt pf 4.75		10	69½	69½	69½	— ¼
29½	20⅝	RkInt pf 1.35		13	25½	25⅜	25¼	
76⅛	46	RohmH 1.28	19	60	47½	47	47½	+ ½
8⅛	4	Rohr Ind		41	5	4⅞	5	+ ¼
27⅞	20	Rollins .36	13	16	21½	21⅛	21⅛	+ ¼
6	3⅝	Ronson Cp		10	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—
20⅛	16⅛	Roper 1.20	6	36	18	18	18	
25	17	RorerA .84	10	38	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
31⅞	18⅛	Rosario .40b	11	38	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞	—
33⅞	22⅜	Rowan .20	4	44	28	27¾	27¾	—
23⅝	14½	RoyCCol .80	8	36	16	15¾	15⅞	—
50⅛	41⅞	RoylD 3.26e	5	217	45⅛	44⅞	45⅛	+ ⅜
10⅝	4½	RoyInd .20e	7	382	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
29⅞	22½	Rubbrm .4	13	14	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	+ ¼
29¾	15⅛	Rucker .28	7	76	27⅞	27¼	27¾	+ ⅜
14⅞	9⅞	RussTog .76	7	37	11¼	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
15½	9	RyderSys .05e	8	258	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	16⅞	SCMCp .80	5	770	20⅝	19½	20⅝	+ 1½
14⅞	8¼	SOSCon .40	6	5	13¼	13⅛	13¼	+ ⅛
57	35	SabineR 1	4	13	54⅛	53¾	53¾	—
5¼	2¼	Safgu n .?Ge	8	24	4½	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
49⅝	29¾	Safeway 2.20	10	365	45⅝	45⅛	45⅝	+ ⅜
15	8	SagaCp .28	7	44	10⅛	10¼	10¼	
50	33½	StJoMin 1.30	12	132	38⅞	38⅛	38⅞	+ ⅜
15½	11	StJoLtP 1.12	8	17	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
40⅝	23¼	StLSaF 2.50	9	x10	33⅝	33	33¼	+ ⅛
12¼	10⅝	StPaus .76e		55	12¼	12	12¼	+ ⅛
50½	33⅛	StRegP .6-	8	114	36⅛	35⅞	36	+ ½
9⅛	5⅛	Salant .24r	5	36	6⅝	6⅛	6½	
19⅞	12¾	Sambos .32	9	142	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ¼
14⅞	11⅛	SanDGs 1.20	7	90	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
11	7¼	SJuanR .991	6	6	9	8⅞	8⅞	
11⅞	6⅛	Sanders	10	122	8½	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
40⅛	30⅝	SFeInd 2	8	233	35½	35¼	35⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	20⅞	SanFeInt .30	8	183	35⅞	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
14	9⅛	SargtWel .50	6	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
4½	2⅝	Saul REst		491	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	SavA Stop	15	7	3½	3⅜	3⅜	
11¼	5⅛	SavOnDr .20	7	52	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	8	SavEIP .60	5	50	9½	9¼	9¼	
14¼	12⅝	SavnEA 1.24		1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
13¼	11	SavEl pf1.28		24	13	13	13	—
16⅛	6⅞	SavinBM .05e	10	112	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
8⅞	3¼	Saxon Ind	9	163	4⅛	4	4	
10⅛	3	Schaefer Co		24	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
60⅛	42	SchergPl 1	16	884	43⅞	43⅛	43⅛	+ ⅛
24	15⅜	SchlitzBr .68	9	21	16⅛	16	16⅛	
100	70	Schlumb .90	20	381	96½	95⅛	96⅛	+ ½
16⅞	11⅛	SCOAIn .80	5	7	13	12	13	+ ½
7¼	5⅛	ScotLad .36	10	36	5⅞	5¼	5⅞	+ ⅛
22⅞	16	ScotFet 1.20	8	5	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
19⅞	13⅛	ScottFor .4	7	14	18	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
24⅛	14⅛	ScottPap .76	8	316	17½	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	7	Scottys .16	13	55	9⅛	8⅞	9	
21⅞	11¼	ScovillMfg 1.20		144	21	20⅛	20⅞	— ⅛
51½	29½	Scovi pf .50		10	50	49⅝	49½	
7¼	4¼	ScudDuoV	19	33	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
9	7⅛	Scudd pf.8se		3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
27⅞	18¼	SeaCont .25	6	163	23½	22¾	23	+ ⅛
30¼	20	SeabC 1.60	5	204	29⅝	29⅛	29⅛	+ 1
6½	3⅛	SeabWA .22r		72	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
31½	21½	Seagram .80	9	153	21⅞	21⅛	21⅞	— ⅛
7¼	4⅞	Seagrv .05e	5	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
16⅛	14¼	SealPw .80	6	14	14⅛	14⅛	14½	
18	10⅞	SearleG .52	8	470	11½	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
79⅛	61½	Sears 1.60a	19	782	69⅝	68	69⅝	+ 1⅛
8¼	2⅝	Seatrain Lin	12	335	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
33⅛	22	Sedcolnc .40	6	1531	27¾	26⅛	27⅛	—
23⅞	13½	SeligLtr 1.20b	5	31	16⅛	16	16⅛	
6⅛	2¼	SvcCpInt .20	4	57	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
17	11½	Servomt .76		29	16¼	15¾	16⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	5⅛	Shakspre .40	5	31	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	
19⅛	11⅛	Shapell .10	7	100	19½	18⅞	19⅛	+ ½
77⅛	47⅞	ShellOil 2	8	177	77⅛	77	77⅛	+ ⅜
33⅛	22½	ShellT 1.01e	6	2	27	27	27	— ⅛
14½	10⅞	ShellrGl .60a	4	96	12⅝	11½	12⅝	+ ⅛
23	18⅛	ShlGl pf1.35		41	19½	19	19⅛	+ ⅜
13½	15⅛	ShlGl pfl.40		5	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
47⅜	39⅝	ShellGl pf 3		2	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	+ ⅜
47⅞	33¾	SherwW 2.20	12	37	37⅞	37½	37⅞	
71	57½	ShrW pf 4.40		z150	68⅛	68	68	+ ¾
13⅞	10	SierrPac 1	8	58	13⅛	13	13	—
24⅛	15⅜	Signal .10	11	245	23⅝	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅝
23	15	Signal pf		3	22	21⅞	21⅞	+ ⅛
54	34	Signal pf2.20		3	51⅞	50⅝	51⅛	+ 3¼
42⅜	32	Signode 1.20	12	4	38	38	38	
9⅛	5	SimPrec .16	7	24	6	5⅞	6	+ ⅜
24½	17⅝	Simm .88z	10	4	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
23½	11⅝	SimpPat .50	14	914	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
26	8⅝	Singer Co .10r		196	18	17⅝	17⅞	+ ⅛
45⅞	24½	Singr pf 3.50		9	41	40½	40½	— ⅛
22	19⅞	Skaggs .50	11	115	22⅞	21⅝	22	+ ¼
120½	66	Skelly 1.60e	11	x30	103½	103⅛	103⅛	+ ¼
10⅞	7⅞	Skil Corp	8	1	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
22⅛	15⅛	Skyline .32	23	748	18⅞	18⅛	18½	+ ⅛
18⅛	9⅞	SmithAO .70	20	11	10⅞	13	13	
47⅛	28⅛	SmithInt .52	8	237	34⅛	33¾	34	
87½	59½	Smithkline 2	17	176	79⅞	78⅝	79⅞	+ 2
19⅞	13	SmithTr .6	5	4	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
20	15⅝	Smucker .90	7	1	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
12⅛	11	SolaBas n.60	8	323	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	
6⅛	2¼	Sonesta Int	17	22	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	+ ⅛
10⅛	7⅝	SonyCp [illegible]	18	312	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
35¼	27⅞	SooLin 2.45e	5	28	36⅛	35¾	36	+ ⅛

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
18¼	15¾	SCarEG 1.52	9	72	17⅞	17¾	17⅝	
30	25	SCEG pf2.50		1	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	+ ⅛
19	14⅛	SoJerIn 1.5	6	14	18½	16⅝	18⅛	+ ⅛
15	9⅛	Southwn .6	5	10	13⅛	12⅛	12⅝	— ⅛
27	23¼	Sdwn pf 1.80		5	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
14⅛	9½	SoestBk .60	9	8	9⅝	9½	9½	
9	5	SoeakPS .371	3	6	8	7⅝	8	+ ⅛
23½	18⅝	SoCalE 1.68	7	292	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	13⅛	SouthCo 1.46	9	927	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	
38⅛	31⅛	SoInGE 2.52	7	3	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	—
58⅛	46⅝	SoNRes 1.85	6	118	49⅛	48⅛	49⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	32⅛	SoNwEnTl 3	9	25	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	30	SouPac 2.24	8	167	35½	34⅞	35⅛	+ ⅜
42⅛	50⅛	SouRy 2.?	10	7	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	
6⅛	5⅛	SouRy p .5		8	6	6	6	
40⅛	27½	SoUnCo 1.84	8	74	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	20	Southind .50b	12	9	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
74⅛	40⅝	SouRoyl 1.20	14	102	68⅛	67¾	68⅛	+ ⅝
34⅛	34	SouRoyl wi		137	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
34⅛	17⅛	SwtBksh .96	7	75	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	6⅛	SwstFor .20	36	86	9½	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	16⅛	SwiFI pf1.90		24	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	SwPbSv 1.10	9	8	14⅛	13⅛	14	+ ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	SprtnFd	6	3	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Spartor .40	5	41	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	10	SperryHut 1	6	41	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
51⅛	38⅛	SperryR .92	12	266	45⅛	44⅛	45	+ ⅛
19⅛	6⅛	Sprague El		600	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
15⅛	10⅛	SpringM	7	15	12	11⅛	12	+ ⅛
29⅛	20⅛	SquarD 1.16	14	339	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	28⅛	Squibb .96	13	104	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
31⅛	18⅛	StaleyMfg 1	5	33	19⅛	19	19	— ⅛
24⅛	21⅛	StPoor 1.90a		16	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	
40⅛	27	StBrand 1.28	11	98	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
49⅛	34⅛	StBPaint .40	24	87	41⅛	40⅛	41	+ ⅛
39⅛	29⅛	StdOilCl 2.20	7	1333	35⅛	34⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
57⅛	40⅛	StOilInd 2.30	9	475	55⅛	52⅛	53⅛	+ ⅛
79⅛	61⅛	StOilOh 1.36	23	325	77⅛	75	77	+ 2
59⅛	46	SOOh pf 3.75		230	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	
9⅛	5⅛	StdPress .40		400	8⅛	8	8⅛	+
7	5⅛	StdPrud .66	12	6	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
18⅛	9⅛	Standex .80	7	17	18	17⅛	17⅛	
33⅛	21	StanWk 1.12	8	33	29⅛	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Stanray .80	10	39	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	10⅛	StaMSe 1.05		70	12⅛	12	12	
43⅛	41⅛	StaufCh 1.44	9	12	45	44⅛	45	+ 1⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Sterchi .48	6	9	8	7⅛	7⅛	—
21	15⅛	SterDrug .70	17	323	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
6⅛	4⅛	SterlPre .11f	6	19	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
16	8⅛	Sterndnt .40	8	17	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	17⅛	StevenJ 1.20	5	195	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
34⅛	23⅛	StewWa 1.96	7	14	31⅛	31	31⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	18⅛	StokVC 1.20	10	29	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
63⅛	48⅛	StoneW 2.50	7	14	56⅛	55⅛	56⅛	+ ⅛
21	14⅛	StopShop 1	4	67	15⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— 1
13⅛	9	StorTec .671	7	42	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
24⅛	21⅛	StorerB .25	6	25	23	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	10⅛	StridRite .60	6	10	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
45⅛	36⅛	StuWor 1.32	4	132	39⅛	38⅛	39⅛	+ 1⅛
6⅛	3⅛	SuavShe .03e	4	5	4	4	4	
21⅛	14⅛	SubPrG 1.08	8	22	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	SunChm .40	6	17	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
42	26⅛	SunCo 2	6	171	42	41	41⅛	+ ⅛
43⅛	31⅛	SunCo pf2.25		72	43⅛	42⅛	43⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	20⅛	Sunbm 1.08	10	20	24⅛	23⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
37⅛	17	Sundstr 1	8	125	31⅛	30⅛	31⅛	+ 1⅛
51⅛	35⅛	Sunds pf3.50		13	49	47⅛	49	+ 1⅛
13⅛	9⅛	SunsMg .18f	32	32	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	16⅛	SuperVal .66	10	103	21	20⅛	21	+ ⅛
232	149	SuprOil 1.80	18	38	208	205	206	— 3
7⅛	5⅛	SupmkG .24	6	34	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	14⅛	Supm pf 1.30		5	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
40⅛	16	Superscoe	7	81	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛	+ 1⅛
7⅛	4	Sutro Mtg		12	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
19⅛	10⅛	Swank	7	92	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	—
22⅛	16⅛	Sybron .84	8	129	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
43	33⅛	Sybrn pf2.40		145	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Systron		5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	12⅛	Ticor 1	8	95	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	TRE Corp	12	89	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	26⅛	TRWIn 1.40	8	196	32	31⅛	32	+ ⅛
86⅛	63⅛	TRW pf 4.40		9	76⅛	75⅛	75⅛	—
78	58	TRW pf 4.50		3	67⅛	66⅛	67⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	23⅛	TaftBrd .80	9	16	28⅛	27⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
8	1⅛	Talcott Nat		17	5	4⅛	4⅛	—
11	6⅛	Talley .60	5	47	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	8⅛	TalleypfB 1		34	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
20	15⅛	TampEl 1.12	8	282	19⅛	18⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
47⅛	26⅛	Tandy Corp	9	1199	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	11⅛	Tandycrft	7	110	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	+ 1⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Tappan .20	8	24	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
49⅛	38	Technicr .20	13	103	42⅛	41⅛	42⅛	+ ⅛
7	4⅛	Technicolr		27	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	9	Technicon	10	11	10	9⅛	10	
66⅛	44⅛	Tektronx .30	16	39	61	60	61	+ 1
10⅛	5⅛	Telcoor .30	5	41	6⅛	5⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
80⅛	22⅛	Teledn 1.451		433	65⅛	63⅛	65⅛	+ 2⅛
11⅛	5⅛	Teleprmpt		1282	8⅛	7⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	1⅛	Telex Co	10	81	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
35	26	Tenneco 1.88	9	983	32⅛	31⅛	32⅛	+ ⅛
130	97⅛	Tennc pf5.50		1	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	—
18⅛	13⅛	TesoroPet 1	6	245	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	25⅛	Tesor pf 2.16		62	26⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	23⅛	Texaco 2	8	1230	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	
43⅛	34⅛	TexCom 1.70	12	91	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	
39⅛	28⅛	TexEst 1.85	8	39	36	36	36	— ⅛
31	27⅛	TxET pf 2.87		15	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	
45⅛	29	TexGsT 2	9	191	42	41	42	+ 1⅛
15⅛	11⅛	TexInd 1b	13	12	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—
129⅛	93⅛	TexInst 1	26	433	99⅛	97⅛	99	+ 1⅛
8⅛	5⅛	TexInt	11	229	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
25⅛	13⅛	TexOGs .20	10	32	25	24⅛	24⅛	
22⅛	17	TexUtil 1.32	9	1030	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
37⅛	28	Texsgif 1.20	10	202	29⅛	28⅛	29⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	3	Textf Ind		14	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
31⅛	20⅛	Textron 1.20	8	41	26	25⅛	25⅛	
31⅛	20⅛	Textron 1.30	8	41	26			
37⅛	26⅛	Textr pf 2.08		7	20⅛	29⅛	29⅛	—
28⅛	19⅛	Textr pf 1.40		2	24⅛	23⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	12⅛	Thiokol .84	6	30	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
43	33	ThomBet .88	18	42	38⅛	37⅛	38⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	7⅛	Thomin .43	8	31	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	ThomJW .50	6	20	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	ThrifDg .40	9	401	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	16	TidwtMr	5	22	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	10⅛	TigerInt .40	8	209	12	11⅛	12	+ ⅛
34⅛	31⅛	Timeinc 1.15	12	27	32⅛	33⅛	33⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	18⅛	TimeMir .60	11	16	20⅛	20	20	
59⅛	36⅛	Timkn 2.70a	9	136	50	49⅛	50	+ ⅛
6⅛	4⅛	TobinP .15e		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
14	7⅛	Todd Shipyd		7	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
25⅛	22⅛	ToiEdis 2.10	8	56	24	23⅛	24	+ ⅛
19⅛	10⅛	TonkaCp .48	4	23	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
8⅛	6⅛	ToolRoi .40b	5	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
14⅛	4⅛	Tracor .20	7	29	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	19⅛	TraneCo 1.08	10	38	34⅛	33⅛	34	— ⅛
36	29	TranUn 1.76	10	9	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	
15⅛	7⅛	TransW Air	26	695	12⅛	11⅛	12	+ ⅛
19⅛	11⅛	TWApf 2		11	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Transam .66	9	1303	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
97⅛	65	Trans pf4.50		3	97⅛	97	97⅛	+ 2⅛
23⅛	20⅛	TranInc 1.92		31	22⅛	22	22	— ⅛
17⅛	9⅛	Transcp .90	7	255	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	—
13⅛	8	Transcn .45	7	16	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
27	25⅛	TrGPL pf 2.50		12	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
12	6⅛	TranOhF .20	5	60	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	16⅛	Tranwy 1.40	6	25	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	25	Travlrs 1.08	12	129	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
44⅛	32⅛	Travler pf 2		2	42	42	42	— ⅛
21⅛	1⅛	TriCon 1.53e		58	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
32⅛	29⅛	TriCn pf 2.50		8	31	30⅛	30⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1	TriSou Mtge		27	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—
15⅛	8	TrianInd .90i		29	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	6⅛	TrianePc .40e	17	2	13	13	13	— ⅛
23	15⅛	Trintyin .56	5	38	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
30⅛	24⅛	Tropican .30	17	49	29⅛	29	29	— ⅛
15⅛	11⅛	TucsonG 1.08	9	215	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
15	8⅛	TwenCen .50	8	41	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	—
17⅛	11⅛	TycoLab .40	9	93	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
21⅛	16	TylerCorp .50	6	87	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
U - V								
29⅛	21⅛	UALInc .60		1851	25	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	13½	UGICp 1.40	8	16	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
30	27	UGI pf 2.75		z270	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	—
15⅛	10⅛	UMCInd 1	8	37	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	⅛	UMET Tr		10	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15⅛	10	UOP .22e		30	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
35⅛	19⅛	UVInd 1.50	4	26	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	
25⅛	18⅛	UARCO 1.30	7	8	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
11⅛	7⅛	Unarco .60	5	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
49	39⅛	UniNV 2.86e	7	1	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	+ 1⅛

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High
10⅞	8½	UnBancp .84	11	32	10⅛
67⅞	58½	UCamp 1.60	12	201	67⅛
75¼	55½	UnCarb 2.60	8	743	56⅝
9⅞	6	Un Commrc		47	6⅛
10⅞	7⅞	Union Corp	11	63	7⅞
16	12½	UnElec 1.36	8	476	15⅝
	26¼	UnEl pf 2.72		7	28
80	76	UnElpf 8		1	80
6	3½	Un Fidelity	7	6	4⅛
55⅛	40½	UnOCal 2.10	7	371	53⅛
71	57	UOCal pf2.50		1	61
98	75	UPacCp 2.00	13	305	96
16⅛	13⅛	UnPac pf 47		1	16⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Uniona Inc			1⅛
10⅛	7½	Uniroyal .50	158	80	7⅛
85⅛	71	Unirvl pf 8		230	86⅛
11⅛	5⅛	Unit Brands	9	30	7⅛
12	6⅛	UnBrnd pfA		10	10⅛
18⅛	7⅛	UnitCo .87e		61	9⅛
24⅛	14	UnEnRs 1.32	4	394	22⅛
12⅛	5⅛	UFinCol .24	7	169	12⅛
13⅛	7⅛	Un. Gsarny	14	130	13⅛
26	22⅛	UIllum 2.32	9	89	23⅛
24⅛	24⅛	UIllum pf2.70		z310	27⅛
21⅛	9⅛	UnitInd .40b	7	4	20⅛
12⅛	6⅛	UnIlin pf .42		1	12
7⅛	4⅛	UnitInn .10	5	28	4⅛
19⅛	9⅛	UJerBk 1.64	8	15	12⅛
18⅛	11⅛	UnitMM .80		334	12⅛
41⅛	15⅛	Un Nucir	71	209	31⅛
3⅛	1⅛	UnitPk Min	48	44	3
17⅛	10⅛	UnitRefg .36	8	19	16⅛
19	15	USFoS 1.11e		9	16⅛
49⅛	32⅛	USFidG 2.48	11	331	50⅛
26⅛	16⅛	USGyps 1.60	12	198	25⅛
28⅛	22⅛	USGy pf 1.80		11	23⅛
10⅛	5⅛	USHom .16	13	129	8⅛
7⅛	3⅛	USInd .40	9	356	6⅛
12⅛	6⅛	USLeasg .32	4	51	8⅛
3⅛	1⅛	US Rityinv		9	1⅛
38⅛	19⅛	USShoe 1.05	7	79	34⅛
57⅛	45⅛	US Steel 2.20	8	571	46⅛
28⅛	19⅛	USTobac 1	12	56	24⅛
37⅛	30⅛	UnTech 1.50	7	559	34⅛
168½	113½	UnTech pf 8		15	156
109	104	UnTch pf2.32		304	106
19	14	UnTel 1.20	9	x279	16⅛
24⅛	11⅛	UnTel wi		17	17⅛
28	21⅛	UnTel pf1.50		30	22⅛
23⅛	18⅛	UnTl 2pf1.20		83	22⅛
9⅛	4⅛	UnitIrod .50e	9	34	6⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Univar .56	5	34	9⅛
30⅛	18⅛	UnLeaf 1.37	7	1	28⅛
49⅛	36⅛	Upjohn 1.08	14	188	37⅛
19⅛	11⅛	USLIFE .40	6	130	14⅛
12	9⅛	USlifeF .96a		24	11⅛
65	46	UtahInt 1.20a	13	370	63⅛
39	27⅛	UtahPL 2.60	8	253	38⅛
32⅛	29⅛	UtPL pf 2.90		16	32⅛
28⅛	16⅛	VFCp 1.10	7	22	19⅛
20⅛	11⅛	VSICorp .88	6	3	17⅛
9⅛	6	Valleyin .40	7	16	8⅛
17⅛	12	Varian .20	11	63	13⅛
		Varo Inc	4	792	7⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Vendo Co		78	6⅛
7	3⅛	Venice .20	5	31	
14⅛	12⅛	VestSe 1.31e		79	14⅛
31	16⅛	Vetco .10e	6	238	16⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Viacom Int	10	81	9⅛
8	3⅛	Victor Comp		19	6⅛
15⅛	12⅛	VaEPw 1.24	9	313	14⅛
55⅛	49	VaEP pf 5		z100	53⅛
87	72⅛	VaEP pf7.72		z30	83⅛
31⅛	27⅛	VaEP pf2.90		15	31⅛
80⅛	67⅛	VaEP pf7.20		z9500	81
84⅛	72⅛	VaEP pf7.45		z120	81
8⅛	4⅛	Vornado Inc	5	63	5⅛
29⅛	18⅛	Vulcan Mtr 1	10	49	26⅛
W - X - Y - Z					
50	42¼	WabR pf4.50		z280	49⅛
23	16⅛	Wachova .50	10	48	20⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Wach Rity		39	3⅛
17⅛	11⅛	WalMart .10	15	94	16⅛
15⅛	12⅛	Walgrn 1.10	7	26	15⅛
33⅛	27⅛	WlkrA 1.40a	9	48	27⅛
24⅛	18⅛	WallBus .6	9	3	21⅛
20	11⅛	WallMu 1	7	71	20⅛
33⅛	22⅛	WalM pf1.70		3	35
44⅛	29⅛	WaltJim 1.20	10	330	39⅛
48	31⅛	WaltJ pf1.60		3	42⅛
10⅛	5⅛	WardFd .471	13	12	9⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Warneco .40i		36	5⅛
50⅛	16⅛	WarnS 1.20	14	25	25⅛
25⅛	17⅛	WrnCom .80	7	274	23⅛
51	35	WrnC pf 1.25		3	46
35⅛	26⅛	WarnerL 1	13	440	29⅛
29⅛	15	WashGs 1.36	15	28	19⅛
17	10⅛	WashNat .80	6	1	17
24⅛	19⅛	WashWat 1.76	7	55	23⅛
11⅛	6⅛	WasteM .10e	10	175	11⅛
32⅛	14	WatkinJ .32	17	10	32⅛
	4⅛	WayGos .48	8	14	7⅛
	4	Wean Unit	8	4	4⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Weathrd .40	6	13	8⅛
7⅛	3⅛	WebbDel E	10	638	7⅛
26	19⅛	WelsMkt .72	9	3	24⅛
26⅛	15⅛	WellsFrge 1	7	942	23⅛
5⅛	5⅛	WellFM .13e	29	24	5⅛
56	47⅛	WtPP pf4.50		z20	52⅛
42⅛	33⅛	WtPtPep 1.80		14	33⅛
27⅛	21⅛	WstcrTr 1.94	8		25⅛
13⅛	7⅛	WnAirL .40t	12	741	10⅛
26⅛	17⅛	WnBnc 1.40	6	n43	27⅛
15⅛	11⅛	WnNorA .40b	5	14	13⅛
14⅛	6	WnPac Ind	6	185	14⅛
14⅛	12⅛	WnPubl .80b		4	12⅛
20⅛	15⅛	WUnion 1.30	10	95	17⅛
51⅛	44	WnUn pf4.60		1	51
	25	WnUn pf2.56		14	
19⅛	13	WestgEl .97	6	851	16⅛
28	24⅛	Wstvaco 1.10	9	20	27⅛
49⅛	31	Weyerhr .80	27	389	44
69⅛	55⅛	Weyr pf 2.80		107	65
24⅛	18	WheelFr .60	11	51	23⅛
22⅛	16	WheePit Stl	9	6	17⅛
59⅛	53	WheePit pf 7		z50	59
50	44⅛	WhePit pf 5		z20	47
32⅛	22	Whirlpol .80	14	183	27⅛
25⅛	19⅛	WhiteCons 1a	6	231	24⅛
35⅛	35	WhiCn pfA 3		1	33⅛
37⅛	34⅛	WhitC pfC 3		1	37
9⅛	3⅛	White Mot	18	262	5⅛
31⅛	14⅛	Whiting 1.50	5	10	24⅛
		Whiting wi		4	25⅛
		Whittaker	10	43	5⅛
10⅛	9⅛	Wickes .20		181	13
6⅛	4	WiebdlSt .32	6	6	5⅛
29	20	WillmCos 1	9	359	22⅛
7⅛	5⅛	WilshrO .12e	7	68	6
43⅛	36⅛	WinnDx 1.56	10	69	42⅛
55⅛	48⅛	WinnDx B			55⅛
9⅛	4⅛	Winnebago	18	126	5⅛
17	13⅛	WinterJ .80a	8	11	16⅛
30⅛	24⅛	WiscElPw 2	10	73	29⅛
19⅛	17	WisGas 1.70	13	31	19
28⅛	25⅛	WisG pf 2.55		4	20⅛
27⅛	16⅛	WiscPL 1.60	10	42	26⅛
22	15⅛	WiscPS 1.45	8	34	21⅛
29⅛	20⅛	Witco 1.40	6	47	26
21⅛	10	WitrD .50	4	48	14⅛
6⅛	3⅛	WolvrW .12e	6	7	4⅛
15⅛	10⅛	Wometco .48	7	58	12⅛
10⅛	5⅛	WoodCp .10e	4	4	7⅛
19⅛	15⅛	WoodPet .20	10	52	17⅛
27⅛	20⅛	Wolwth 1.20	7	1722	25
39⅛	31⅛	Wolw pf 2.20		92	32
6⅛	3⅛	WorldAir	23	33	3⅛
56⅛	42⅛	Wrigly 2.40a	9	7	73
17⅛	5⅛	Wurlitzer .40	5	6	11⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Wylain .60	11	35	9⅛
6⅛	1⅛	Wyly Corp		190	1⅛
65⅛	48⅛	XeroxCp 1.20	14	544	58⅛
14⅛	7⅛	Xtra Inc	19	8	12
12⅛	6⅛	Yates Ind	3	176	9⅛
25⅛	11⅛	ZaleCorp .88	6	293	23⅛
20⅛	11	ZalepfA .80		2	12⅛
16	10⅛	Zapata .3b0	3	81	11⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Zayre Corp	6	35	6⅛
40⅛	23⅛	ZenithRad 1	13	285	26⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Zurnind .40	8	36	12⅛

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Sweden (air) S.Kr.	232.00	127.00
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Thailand (air) $	136.50	75.00
Tunisia (air) $	62.00	34.50
Turkey (air) $	59.00	33.00
U.A.R. (air) $	85.50	47.00
U.S.S.R. (air) $	59.00	33.00
U.S.A. (air) $	97.50	54.00
Vietnam (air) $	136.50	75.00
Yugoslavia (air) $	59.00	33.00
Zaire (air) $	114.00	63.00

19-11-76

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune
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Amex Nationwide Trading (3 O'clock) Nov. 18

Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
A&EPlast P	4	53	5¼	5	5¼+	⅛
AARCp .30	10	12	14⅛	14	14⅛	
AAVCos .32	4	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
AIC Photo		5	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
APS Inc .25	7	4	7½	7½	7½	
ASPRO .56	6	5	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝+	⅛
ATI Inc		11	11-16	11-16	11-16—	1-16
AVCCp .40	3	9	8⅝	8½	8½+	⅛
AVXCp .25e	8	2	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	⅛
AbrdAif .40b	13	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+	⅛
Acme Haml		44	1¾	1½	1⅝+	⅛
Action .15e	5	11	6½	6½	6½+	⅛
ActonCp	10	12	3⅞	3⅝	3¾	
Adam Russl	8	13	3⅝	3	3⅝+	⅛
AdobeOil .16	20	75	12	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
Aegis Corp	6	68	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
AeroFlo .15e	3	7	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
Aeronca Inc		23	2	2	2 +	⅛
AffilCap .08t	3	4	3⅛	3	3⅛+	⅛
AffilHsp .24	5	4	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
AfterSix .20	5	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
Alan Wood		5	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+	⅛
Alaska Airl	2	x32	5⅛	5	5⅛+	⅛
AlbaWa .05e	12	7	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
Alcolac .15e	5	8	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
AllegCp wt		25	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+	⅛
Allghy Airl	23	93	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+	⅛
AllegAir wiD		3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
AlldArt Ind		56	1	1	1	
Alld Thrm.80	6	1	15	15	15 +	½
Alliamil .10e	4	1	5	5	5	
Alltec Corp		11	¾	13-16	¾+1-16	
AlterFds .50	13	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
Alcoa pf 3.75		z100	47¼	47¼	47¼—	½
AMAX wt		7	9⅝	8⅝	9⅛+	⅛
AmBrid wt		157	17½	17	17⅜+	⅜
AmBusP .36		18	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
Am Fletch		6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛+	⅛
AGerPd .34		3	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞+	⅛
Amer Pict	3	5	4½	4½	4½	
AIsrael .41r	5	29	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
AMaizeA .40	4	28	8	7⅞	7⅞—	
AMaizeB .40	4	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
AmMot Inns	28	41	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
AmPetrof 2.20	7	3	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛—	⅛
APrecs .30e	6	10	7½	7⅜	7⅜+	⅛
ASafEq .11t	3	31	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	
AmSciE .04e	14	45	9⅝	9	9⅝+	⅛
AmUtiS .82s		1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
AMIC Corp.05e	7	55	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
AndeaR .87	12	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
Ankon .20	6	13	6½	6⅜	6½+	⅛
Anthony .19t	4	10	6½	6⅜	6⅜—	⅛
Appld Data	5	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
ApldDev		10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
AquitCa .30	11	4	15⅛	15	15⅛+	⅛
ArizCL .10e	9	39	4	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
ArzCol pf.48		3	5	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛
ArmtnCp .12	3	47	6⅞	6½	6⅝+	⅛
Arrow Elect	16	3	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
Arundel		4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
Asamera .25	9	97	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
AshlOC .30e		3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
Askla Svc	10	4	4	4	4	
Atco Ind		4	¾	11-16	11-16	
Atlcoltq wt		10	5-16	5-16	5-16+1-16	
AtlRicht wt		28	7-16	7-16	7-16+1-16	
AtlasCM B	7	30	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
AtlasCp wt		64	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛
Augatinc .15	18	6	14½	14	14½+	½
Austral Oil	28	36	15⅜	15	15⅜+	⅛
AutoTrn .70t	27	2	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞+	⅛
Auto Sldg	7	7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
Autmat Rad	7	7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
AutoSw .88	12	1	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝—	⅛
AVEMC .16	7	38	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
Avondal 1.20	7	1	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	
Aydin Cp	8	47	6⅝	6⅝	6½+	⅛
B						
BRT RI .80e		5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
BTU Eng		2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
BaldorEl .34	6	33	10	9⅝	10	⅛
BangPun wt		1	⅞	⅞	⅞—1-16	
BanistCd .20e	6	32	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
Banner .06	4	24	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
BarcoCa .12	6	11	3	3	3 —	⅛
Barnwl .18e	29	7	8¼	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
BarryR .09e	5	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
BarryWr .44	6	13	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
BarthSp .20	6	5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
Baruch Post		1	1½	1½	1½	
Belfind .08A	6	77	4⅝	4½	4⅝+	⅛
BenStMg wt		1	3-16	3-16	3-16	
Benrus Crp	4	10	3⅝	3⅛	3⅛	
Berg Ent	32	14	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞+	⅛
Berg Bruns	7	13	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
BrgB pf 1.15		2	13	13	13 +	½
BernzOma		16	2⅛	2	2⅛+	⅛
Bertea .14	8	4	5⅛	5	5 —	⅛
BervenC .04	81	39	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
BethCp .20e		1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
Beverly Ent		55	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
BicPen .36	9	12	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
BigDad .30e	5	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
BigVSup .26	4	2	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
BinnySm .80	6	8	14⅛	14	14⅛+	⅛
Blessng .30	5	2	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
Blount .30	4	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
BodinAp .40	12	21	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
BolBer .20		2	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
BowVall .10	163	19	19⅝	19½	19⅝	
Bowne .30b	6	2	11	11	11	
BradfdN .20	10	88	8⅝	8	8⅛+	⅛
BranifAr wt		11	8⅝	8½	8⅝+	⅛
BrascanA 1	3	50	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
Breeze Corp		3	3½	3½	3½	
BrewerC .80		19	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝+	⅛
BrooksP .40	4	14	9⅝	9	9⅝+	⅛
BrownCo wt		5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛
BrnFA .60	9	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
BrnFB .60	9	24	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
Buehler Cp	5	4	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
Bundy 1.08	6	16	15⅞	15⅜	15⅝+	⅛
Burgess Ind	5	39	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
BurlngFd .55e	5	9	13⅝	13	13⅝+	⅛
Burnsint .60	7	36	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
Butlerint .50	4	1	9	9	9	
C						
CKPet .20e	12	166	18⅛	17⅝	18⅛+	⅛
CHB Food	3	16	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
CHCCp .08r	6	6	6½	6⅜	6⅜	
CMIgwt A		11	1-16	1-16	1-16	
CMI Corp	5	14	2⅝	2½	2⅝+	⅛
CSECp .32	5	2	11½	11½	11½	
CWTran .40	5	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
Cabicom Gp	5	16	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝+	⅛
CasleA .15	3	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	⅛
Caldor	10	9	14	13⅝	14	
Calcomp		28	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
CelPriCm 1	9	9	16⅛	16½	16½	
Camco Inc	15	32	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
CaChbA .25e		186	3 3-16	3	3	
CdnExp .05e	12	439	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
Cdn Homstd	15	9	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
CdnPA 1.50	5	38	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
Cdn Merrill	17	8	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
Cdn SuprOil	30	3	39½	39	39½+	½
Capehart Cp		12	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛
Capital Res		18	3	3	3 +	
CapitlFd .20	4	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
Carbon .60e	11	101	35⅛	34⅝	34⅞+	⅛
Caresa .30	5	33	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
Carnat 1.40	14	74	23	22⅞	23 +	¼
CaroPlpl .16	7	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
Carrols Dev		16	4	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
Castleton In		31	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝+	⅛
CenMA pf3.50		z10	39½	39½	39½	
CenMA pf2.25		13	22⅛	22	22	
Certified Co		3	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
Certron Co		1	⅝	⅝	⅝	
Cetec Corp	7	10	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛
Champ Hom		286	4⅛	4	4⅛	
Charir Med	5	19	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	
Chem Exp	5	31	3	2⅞	3 +	⅛
ChlRivt 1.60a	8	1	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞+	⅛
Chiefm Dev	12	33	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝+	⅛
Child World	8	10	14	13⅞	13⅞—	⅛
Christiana .38e	9	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
Cinerama		5	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
CircleK .42	8	72	8⅛	7⅞	8 +	⅛
Citation .40b		1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
CityGsFl .56	5	5	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝+	⅛
ClarkC .10e	6	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
Clarkson .20	6	6	8⅝	8	8	
Clarostat	6	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
Clausing .44	7	5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
Coachmn	6	114	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
Cohulec .121	16	7	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛
Coleman .68	7	194	14	13⅝	14 +	⅛
Colon Coml		28	4	3⅝	4 +	⅛
ColwellC .32	4	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	⅛
Cominco 2	10	35	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝—	⅛
ComGrp .14		4	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
ComMtl .60b	5	4	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
Comodrint	3	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
CoPsycC .20a	7	43	10	10	10	
ComPS 1.62	7	7	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
Compac Cp	313	83	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
Compo Ind	17	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
CompuDyn	6	18	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
Comput Inst		9	15-16	15-16	15-16	
Comput Inv	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
Conchem .40	5	15	10⅛	9⅝	10⅛+	½
Concrd Fab	2	21	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞+	⅛
Conroy .10e	6	1	3½	3½	3½	
ConOil Gas	11	47	10⅛	10	10⅛	
Consyne Cp	10	97	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞+	⅛
Cont Mater	12	2	15-16	15-16	15-16+1-16	
Cookind .40	10	12	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
CookPV .40a	7	5	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
Cooper Jar	4	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
Cordon Intl	9	18	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
Core Labs.10e	6	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝+	⅛
Cornelius .40	9	16	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
CoxCbl Com	16	6	16⅞	15⅞	15⅞+	⅛
Crompton .25e	5	x1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝+	⅛
CrossAT 1.12	12	12	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛—	⅛
CrwnCPT .40r	3	45	27⅞	26⅞	27⅛+	⅛
CrawnCr	6	4	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
Crownin .20	7	2	4	4	4	
CrutcR .36	12	15	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
CrystlO .40e		72	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝+	⅛
CubicCp .28	6	16	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
CurtisMat .15e	8	3	4	4	4	
D						
DCL Inc	5	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
DWG Cp .50t	3	18	3⅛	3	3	
Damon Cre	18	10	3	3	3	
Damson Oil	16	13	6	6	6 +	⅛
Daniel .18e	8	32	19	18⅝	18 +	⅛
Dataprod	9	99	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛+	⅛
DayMin .20e	14	37	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
DelLabs .32	7	1	14	14	14	
DenTal Er	9	41	8	7⅞	8 +	⅛
Depsitr 1.52	6	7	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛—	⅛
Designcr Jw		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
DevCp Am	8	12	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
Dieboid VC		15	6⅝	6½	6½—	⅛
Digicon Inc	40	11	3⅝	3½	3⅝+	⅛
Diodes Inc		5	13-16	13-16	13-16+1-16	
DisFab .10	6	6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
Diversey .56	8	59	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛+	⅛
Dorklyn .40e	3	16	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
Dome Petrl	8	8	35⅞	35	35⅝+	⅛
Domtar .80	10	2	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
Donkeny .24	3	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
Downey .13e	5	70	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝+	⅛
DrexUtl 1.32		4	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
Driver Harr		3	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
DuplxPd .50	4	8	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
DurTst .30b	9	6	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
Dynictn .06e	7	16	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
5½	3⅛	DynAmer	6	70	5½	5	5½+	½
11⅛	6⅛	DynellEl	19	11	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
E								
3⅛	1⅛	EAC In	5	51	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛
42¼	17¼	EDG Inc 25c	4	2	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝—	⅛
2⅛	1	Eagle Cloth		266	1⅛	⅞	⅞—	⅛
19⅛	13⅛	EarthRes 1	6	65	17	16⅝	16⅝—	⅛
45⅛	30⅝	EasonO .20b	15	6	41⅞	41¼	41⅝+	⅛
25	17	EstrnC 1.40a	7	z10	25	24⅞	24⅞	
6	3⅛	EazorE .24	4	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
11	6	Ecodyne .10e	6	5	9	8⅝	9	
4⅝	1⅛	Edmos Cp		7	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
11	7⅛	EDO Corp.10e	6	2	9	9	9 —	⅛
7⅛	3⅛	EganM .40	6	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
9⅛	4⅛	ElcorCp .10	7	9	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
7	4½	ElHose .10r	12	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	ElAudD .21t	7	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
12⅞	7⅛	ElecEng .28	6	4	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
18⅛	12⅝	ElectrnicA 1	9	4	14⅞	14½	14½—	⅛
7⅛	4½	EnrgyRes	5	14	5⅛	4⅞	5	
9⅛	6½	ErnstEC .64	5	20	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Ero Ind	14	10	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝+	⅛
7	4⅛	Espey Mfg	5	7	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛
8⅞	6⅛	EssexCh .32	5	8	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
3	1⅞	EtzLav	3	2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
F								
5⅛	2	FDIInc .01e	96	5	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞+	⅛
7⅛	4	Fablnd .10a	3	4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
5⅛	1⅛	Fairfld Nob		22	2	1⅞	1⅞—	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	FairmC .14e	7	5	3	3	3 —	⅛
32⅝	20⅝	FalconS .60	8	106	32½	32	32¼+	¼
8⅛	4½	FamDolr .16	6	24	5⅛	5	5⅛+	⅛
2¼	1⅛	Family Rec	3	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛
2⅛	1	Fash Fabric	17	4	1	1	1	
14⅛	7⅛	FayDrg .10e	11	29	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
16⅛	12⅛	FedMart .60	5	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
14⅛	11	FedRlty 1.24	12	9	13	13	13	
6⅛	4	Fed Resrces		20	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
15⅛	8	Felmnt .12e	17	116	15⅞	14½	15⅞+	1
9⅛	5	Felsway .36	5	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Fibrebrd wt		189	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
5⅛	1⅛	Fidelco Gth		15	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
5⅛	1⅛	FilmCp Am	3	11	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
10⅛	5⅛	Filmwy .85t	5	6	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
8⅛	5⅛	FtComm	9	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
2⅛	15-16	Fst Hartfrd		1	1	1	1	
9⅛	5⅛	FstSLSh .12	27	11	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝+	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Fstmrk .06t		7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
17⅛	9⅛	FischrP .48t	5	13	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	⅛
6⅛	2⅛	Flagstaff	5	54	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
10⅛	8	FlightSf .06e	8	105	10	9⅞	10 +	⅛
4⅛	1⅞	Fla Capital	5	7	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
3⅛	2⅛	FlaRck	12	11	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
19⅛	9⅛	Flowers .94	5	x66	14⅛	14	14⅛+	⅛
16⅛	13⅛	FlukeJ	9	5	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
20	13⅛	FlyDla Oil	7	364	18⅞	17⅛	18⅛+	1⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Foodrm .20e	4	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
93	72⅛	FordCan 5a	5	z240	91	90	90 +	1
8⅛	4	Forest City	12	8	[illegible]	8⅛	8⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	Forest Labs	6	49	3	2⅞	3 +	⅛
12⅛	8⅛	ForStaP .50	9	10	9⅛	9	9⅛+	⅛
4	1⅛	Franklin Rl		7	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
23⅛	15⅛	Fresnillo .40	69	15	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Friedm .24b	5	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
10⅛	6⅞	Frigtmp .55t	6	35	8	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Frischs .30b	7	1	7½	7⅛	7⅛	
8⅛	5⅛	Frontier Air	5	24	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	
3⅛	1⅛	FrontAir wt		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
G								
4	1	GIT Ind		2	1	1	1	
8⅛	2	GRICp		65	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
1½	1⅛	GSCEn .48c	11	4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
2⅛	⅞	GTI Corp		17	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
11⅛	5⅛	Gabriel .30	4	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
7⅛	4	Galaxy Cpt	8	5	4½	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
11⅛	7	Garan .44a	4	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Garcia Corp		7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Garland Cp	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
10⅛	8⅛	GatesLrJet	3	5	8⅛	8½	8⅛	
5⅛	1⅛	Gaylord .85e	3	17	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
3⅛	½	Gaynor Stat		14	9-16	½	9-16—1-16	
3⅛	1⅛	GnEmp .04e		20	2	1⅞	2 +	⅛
6½	3⅛	Genl Explor	6	24	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	G Housewar	4	10	2	2	2 —	⅛
2⅛	¾	Gen Recrat		11	1	1	1 —	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	Geon Ind		88	1½	1½	1½	
6	2½	Gerber Sci	10	2	4	4	4 +	⅛
17⅛	13⅛	GiantFd 1a	5	4	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
8⅛	3⅛	GiantYel .10j	84	68	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
10⅛	2½	Gladding Cp		53	3⅛	3	3⅛+	⅛
5⅛	2½	Glasrock Pr		2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
33⅛	26⅛	Glatflr 1.52	5	1	30	30	30 +	⅛
5½	3⅛	GlenGer .16	5	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
13⅛	6⅛	GlenDis .44t	6	9	10½	10⅛	10½+	⅛
15⅛	10⅛	Globelnd .60	4	3	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛+	⅛
15	9½	Globeset .30	5	7	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
16⅛	7⅛	Golden Cycl	61	11	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
12	4⅛	GoldnW .31e	6	39	9	8⅞	8⅞	
1⅛	⅞	Goldfield Cp		33	15-16	15-16	15-16—1-16	
8⅞	2⅛	Goodrich wt		65	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	GouldT .14l	138	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
9	5⅛	GrandAu .20	4	x5	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
7⅛	7	GrndCtl n.30	6	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
5⅛	2⅛	GtAm Ind	3	16	5	4⅞	5	
5	2⅛	GtBasin Pet	57	1838	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
37⅛	25⅛	GtLkCh .28	12	25	29⅛	29	29⅛+	⅛
6⅛	2⅛	Greenman	4	4	3⅛	3	3	
6⅛	4⅛	GreerHy .12	4	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
7⅛	4⅛	GREIT .40	4	10	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
12⅛	8	GrossTic 1	7	7	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
10	6⅛	GrowC .32b	6	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
2⅛	⅞	Gruen Ind	94	5	15-16	15-16	15-16—1-16	
9⅛	4⅛	GuardCh .48b	7	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Guilford .20	3	5	4⅛	4½	4½—	⅛
H								
10⅛	6⅛	HallsMot .50	4	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
5⅛	3⅛	HampD .15e	6	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
8⅛	3⅛	Hampto Ind	2	14	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
11⅛	10⅛	Hannfrd .60	4	16	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
12⅛	8⅛	HanvrSh .60	4	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
21⅛	16	Harland .48	9	7	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝—	⅛
27	14⅛	Harmn .40b	6	52	23⅛	22	23 +	1
7⅛	3⅛	Harltd Zdy		61	4⅛	4	4⅛	
14⅛	10	HartzM .32e	11	554	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
1⅛	⅝	Harvey Grp	4	7	⅝	⅝	⅝+1-16	
3⅛	3⅛	Hasbro Ind	4	34	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Hasting .40a	5	6	8½	8⅛	8⅛	
4⅛	3	HewaiA .10r	4	2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞+	⅛
12	5	Health Chm	10	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	Helnick .05e	6	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1	Helmn Mfg		110	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
18⅛	1⅛	HenMal .72	6	8	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞	
7⅛	3⅛	Highlnd Cap		2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	HillBavn .32	5	19	6⅛	6	6⅛+	⅛
13⅛	5½	Hiptrnic .20	9	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
2⅛	1⅛	Holmn Ind		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
39⅛	27½	HolngA 1.80	11	8	31	31	31 —	1
3⅛	2	Holly Corp	5	33	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
21⅛	16⅛	HormelG 1	9	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛+	⅛
6⅛	3⅛	Horn Hardrt		6	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
8⅛	5⅛	HospM .40e	22	1	5½	5½	5½	
5-16	1-16	HospMtg wt		2	1-16	1-16	1-16	
14⅛	11⅛	Hotelin 1.40	12	13	13	12⅞	12⅞—	⅛
7⅛	4	HouseVl .32	9	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
11⅛	6⅛	HospMtr In	29	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	
73⅛	32⅛	HouOilM .80	32	181	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	
36⅛	32⅛	HousOM wt		92	35⅛	34⅛	34⅞+	⅛
22⅛	12⅛	HowelC .40e	5	4	18⅛	13⅛	13⅛+	⅛
7⅛	3	Howell .15e	3	8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
4	1⅛	Hudson Gen		7	4	4	4	
11⅛	6	Huffman .40a	4	32	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
3⅛	2	HuntHlf .05r	5	13	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛+	⅛
6⅛	3	Hycel Inc	16	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
I								
10⅛	3⅛	ICMR .50l		58	3⅞	3⅛	3⅞	
4⅛	3⅛	ISCFinl .20	14	22	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
1⅛	½	ITI Corp		2	½	½	½	
4⅛	1⅛	Imper Ind		26	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
26⅛	19⅛	ImpOilA .80	11	233	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝+	⅛
20⅛	8⅛	Incoterm A	11	12	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
2⅛	1	InFlight Svc		6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	Inotex Corp		9	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5⅛	3½	Instron .20		9	4⅛	4½	4½	
2½	11-16	Instrum Sys		90	15-16	15-16	15-16	
24	7⅛	InsSy pf .25e		2	8	8	8 +	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Integrt Res	3	15	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
6⅛	2⅛	Intrmedco	6	12	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
12⅛	5⅛	IntlAlum .50	6	10	10⅛	10	10⅛+	⅛
2½	1⅛	Intl Banknor	5	47	2	1⅞	1⅞	
23	11⅛	IntCour .24	9	8	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛+	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	InFuneralS	5	11	2	1⅞	1⅞	
12⅛	8	IntGenin .70	4	7	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
4	1⅛	Int Proteins	5	66	3⅛	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
7⅛	4⅛	IntSeaw .25e	3	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
4⅛	1⅛	Int Stretch		7	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞—	⅛
36	25⅛	IntSvCon .25	10	10	29⅛	29	29⅛+	⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Interpool	9	27	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛+	⅛
12⅛	5	Interway Cp		17	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
2⅛	1	Investm Fla		8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
16	9⅛	InvDivers A	4	85	15⅛	15	15⅛+	⅛
3⅛	2⅛	InvDivers B	4	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
5⅛	2⅛	InvestRlt Tr		32	3⅛	3	3⅛+	⅛
1⅛	13	Ionics Inc	10	5	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞+	⅛
9⅛	6⅛	IroqBrd .20		13	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
15⅛	13⅛	IroqBrnd pf		14	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Irvintnd .16t	3	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
J - K								
11⅛	6⅛	Jaclyn .40a	4	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
10½	7⅛	Jacobs .70e	5	x23	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛+	1
8½	4½	Jamswy .11t	4	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
10⅛	8⅛	Jeannet .20	6	25	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛+	⅛
5⅞	2	Jetronic Ind	4	5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
29⅛	7⅛	JohnPd .30	8	29	8	7⅛	7⅞—	⅛
4⅛	2½	Juniper Pet	9	58	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
5⅞	2⅛	Jupiter Ind	5	6	6	5⅞	6 +	⅛
16⅛	8	Kaiarind .26	7	180	10⅛	12⅛	13 +	⅛
⅛	¼	KaneMill wt		12	5	5	5 +	⅛
54⅛	45	KnGE pf4.50		200	53	53	53	
5⅛	2⅛	KayCp .07e	20	17	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
6⅛	4⅛	Kenwins .34	4	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Ketchm .10r	5	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
32⅛	12⅛	Kewanee .72	8	670	31½	29⅛	30⅛+	1½
4	¾	Kidde wt		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
2	1⅛	KinArk Crp	6	4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
4	1⅛	King Opticl		20	1½	1⅛	1½+	⅛
11	6⅛	KingRd .15e	9	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
8⅛	4⅛	Kingstip .20	4	12	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
13⅛	9⅛	KirbyExp		38	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
5⅛	1⅛	Klt Mfg	30	10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	KleerVu Ind	4	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
10⅛	4⅛	Kleinerts		69	7⅛	7	7⅛+	⅛
25⅛	13⅛	KnickToy .15	9	81	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛+	⅛
30	16⅛	Kollmor .30	10	29	30⅛	30	30⅛+	⅛
L								
4	2⅛	LSBInd .10r	5	3	3	3	3 —	⅛
2⅛	½	LTVCorp wt		12	11-16	⅝	⅝—1-16	
4⅛	2⅛	LaBarge .05	10	35	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
6⅛	3⅛	LaMaur .20	7	15	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
6½	5⅛	LaPoint .30e	10	1	5½	5½	5½	
9⅛	5⅛	LaQuintaM	6	5	8	8	8	
11⅛	7	LafyRad .26	6	225	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Lake Shore	4	6	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16+1-16	
2⅛	1⅛	Lndmrk Ld		4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	Lanaco .08e	5	10	3	3	3	
2⅛	1⅛	LaTour Bck	10	3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
10⅛	6⅛	LeeRon .28a	5	8	7½	7⅛	7⅛	
10⅛	7⅛	LeathCo .50	5	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
17⅛	15	LeeEntr .52	9	9	16⅛	17⅛	17⅛+	⅛
2⅛	1½	Lee Natl		8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5⅛	3	Lee Pharm		25	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
4	6⅛	LeighPr .60	5	4	10½	10½	10½	
4	3	Leisure Tec		8	2	2	2	
9	6⅛	Levitt .24	5	4	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	⅛
7⅛	5½	LewisBF .24	6	8	6	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛

1976 High	1976 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	3 p.m. Quot.	Ch'ge prev. Close
7⅛	4	LilliAnn .22	7	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Lincoln Am	16	17	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
11⅛	4	Lloyds Elec	6	26	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
19⅛	12⅛	Lohmn .80a	6	5	16	16	16	
8⅛	4⅛	LoewThe wt		102	6⅛	6¼	6⅛—	⅛
5⅛	4⅛	Logicon	5	15	5	5	5	
27	19⅛	LouisCe 1.32	6	8	24⅛	24	24⅛+	⅛
7⅛	1	Lynch Corp		22	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
3⅛	1	Lynnwear		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
M								
1⅛	½	Macrol Ind	3	33	15-16	15-16	15-16+1-16	
1⅛	½	Macrod Ind	3	33	15-16	15-16	15-16+1-16	
4⅛	2⅛	Mamm Mrt	9	12	4	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
4⅛	3⅛	ManhLfe .28	8	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
3⅛	3⅛	MansfT .07r	7	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
2	⅞	Marindu B	106	41	1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16+0-16	
26⅛	18	MarkCtl .28	6	3	23⅛	23	23⅛+	⅛
10⅛	4⅛	Marlene Ind	3	15	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Marshal Ind	4	4	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
32⅛	18⅛	MartPr .50a	8	72	24⅛	24	24⅛+	⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Masind .40a	4	34	8⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
39⅛	23⅛	Masnelln .30	6	2	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛+	⅛
12⅛	4⅛	MaterRs .24	9	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
7⅛	4	MaulBro .14b	7	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
5⅛	2⅛	McCulO .21t	18	251	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
29⅛	13⅛	McDonh .0	5	20	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛+	⅛
16⅛	6⅛	McIntsh .70	7	16	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
8	5⅛	Medalst .44	5	1	7	7	7	
4⅛	1⅛	Medco Jwly	17	2	2	2	2	
9⅛	5⅛	Medenco .20	5	16	7	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
8⅛	2⅛	Medfield Cp	5	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
19⅛	14⅛	MediaGn .40	8	10	16½	16½	16½	
17	13⅛	Magolnt .20	6	103	16	14⅛	15⅛+	⅛
16⅛	10⅛	MEMCo	6	3	16⅛	16	16⅛+	⅛
12⅛	9½	Metex .16e	4	20	11⅛	11	11⅛+	⅛
2⅛	⅝	Motrocare		1	1	1	1 +1-16	
7⅛	⅞	Metro Grtg		3	1	1	1 +1-16	
3⅛	1⅛	Mich Genl	3	16	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
19⅛	9⅛	MichSugar 1	4	17	10½	10¼	10⅛—	⅛
8	3⅛	MiddICo .70	7	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
20⅛	13⅛	MillerWo .40	9	86	21⅛	20⅛	21⅛+	⅛
23⅛	16⅛	MitRoy .25	7	3	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Mission IT		7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
41⅛	24⅛	MitchIE	10	43	35⅛	35	35⅛—	⅛
6⅛	3½	MiteCp .20	5	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
23⅛	6⅛	Mohycrp wt		18	20⅛	19⅞	20 +	⅛
6	4⅛	MonMgt .40	5	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
13⅛	8⅛	Moog .60	6	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
5⅛	3⅛	MtgGth .46e		3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
7⅛	4⅛	MortonS .32	3	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
6⅛	3⅛	MottsSup .14	5	19	4	3⅞	4	
21⅛	14⅛	MtVMil 1.20	12	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
8⅛	4⅛	MovStar .58	5	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
8⅛	3½	MultiAm .20	7	3	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
N								
7⅛	3⅛	Napco .10e	7	28	7⅛	7	7⅛—	⅛
5⅛	3⅛	NardaM .23	33	8	3	3	3 —	⅛
25	17⅛	Nat CSS .20	8	176	18⅛	18	18⅛+	⅛
7⅛	5	NDistr .34	4	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	NatHlth Enf	7	9	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
2⅛	⅝	Natind wt		73	11-16	11-16	11-16+1-16	
2⅛	1⅛	NKinney Cp		15	1½	1½	1½—	⅛
12	6	Nat Paragn.20	5	19	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
13	6⅛	Nat Patent	57	96	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Nat Spmrg		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Nat System	7	6	3⅛	3	3⅛	
19⅛	10⅛	NatwHo .32	8	7	10⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
2⅛	1⅛	NestLM		28	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
34½	21⅛	NENucir .40	10	4	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛+	⅛
14	10⅛	NHamp .40a	10	36	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛+	⅛
1⅛	½	New Idria.04e	6	12	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
26	15⅛	NMex Ariz	42	7	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛+	⅛
16⅛	9⅛	NProc .82e	9	34	10⅛	10⅛	11⅛+	⅛
17⅛	11⅛	NYTimes .60	11	109	14⅛	14	14	
9⅛	6⅛	NewbEn .20	3	6	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
24⅛	14	Newcor 1b	5	6	19⅛	19	19 —	⅛
4⅛	3⅛	NewparkRs	5	17	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
16⅛	11⅛	NiagFSv .56	5	5	14	14	14 +	⅛
5	2⅛	Nichols SE.27t	3	15	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
12⅛	3⅛	Nolex Cp	25	13	4	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Nortek .04	11	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
13-16	3-16	NoAmMt wt		10	⅛	⅛	⅛	
13⅛	8	NorAmR .10	9	20	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
9⅛	4 3-16	NorCdn Oils	10	10	7	7	7	
5⅛	2⅛	Novo Corp	7	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	⅛
8⅛	3	Nuclear Dat	20	5	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
O								
13⅛	8⅛	OakwdHom .06r	4	12	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
21	13½	Offshore Co	3	4	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛—	⅛
39⅛	28⅛	OhioB 1.40a	4	8	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛+	⅛
12⅛	6⅛	OhSealy .40	7	9	7⅛	7	7⅛	
10⅛	4⅛	Oilalnd .20e	7	3	7⅛	7	7 +	⅛
22⅛	14⅛	OnLine Sys	15	36	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛—	⅛
51	33	OOklep Cop	20	2150	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	
10⅛	4	OrioleHo .16l		14	9	8⅛	8⅛	
2⅛	1	Ormand Ind	15	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
7⅛	3⅛	Outdr Sport.10e	10	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
11⅛	6⅛	OverhDr .50	8	24	10⅛	11	11⅛—	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	OzarkA .10e	5	22	3½	3⅛	3½+	⅛
P - Q								
3½	1⅛	P&F Indust		19	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
7-16	⅛	PNBMR wt		5	⅛	⅛	⅛	
18⅛	16½	PGE6pf 1.50		37	17⅛	16⅛	17⅛+	⅛
16½	14⅛	PGE pf 1.37		2	15½	15½	15½—	⅛
15⅛	12½	PGRd pf1.25		2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
15⅛	13	PGptA 1.25		2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛
14⅛	12⅛	PG 4.8pf1.20		6	14	13½	13½	
29⅛	26⅛	P 10.18pf2.54		46	28⅛	28	28 —	⅛
30⅛	26⅛	P 10.46pf2.62		72	29⅛	28½	28½—	⅛
13⅛	11⅛	PG 4.5pf1.12		23	13⅛	13	13 +	⅛
29	24⅛	PG 9.4pf2.37		178	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛—	⅛
24	21⅛	PG 8.2pf2.05		5	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛—	⅛
23⅛	20⅛	PGE pf 2		11	23	22⅛	23	
25⅛	20⅛	PG 7.8pf1.96		1	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛+	⅛
24⅛	21⅛	PG 8.1pf2.04		413	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛—	⅛
13½	11⅛	PG 4.3pf1.09		1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
19	14½	PNwTel 1.32	9	13	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛+	⅛
33⅛	22⅛	PallCorp .40	12	29	27	27	27 +	⅛
7½	3⅛	Pandl Bradf	3	26	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
5	3	Pantast .20	5	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
8⅛	4⅛	ParaPk .20a	4	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
2⅛	1⅛	ParkEl .10e		2	2	2	2	⅛
26⅛	18⅛	ParsonsR .80	5	35	21⅛	20⅛	21⅛+	1
4⅛	2⅛	Pat Fashion	4	16	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
7⅛	3⅛	PatoG wt	3	11	6½	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
7	4	PeerTu .20a	8	11	6⅛	6	6⅛+	⅛
5⅛	4½	Pemcor	4	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	PennDix wt		12	1⅛	1½	1½+	⅛
9⅛	6⅛	PenEnM .60a	6	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
7	3⅛	PECp .68t	4	18	3⅛	3½	3½	
12⅛	9⅛	PenRIE 1.15	7	3	12½	12½	12½+	⅛
5⅛	2⅛	PenobS .20e	4	x1	4½	4½	4½—	⅛
1½	⅝	Pentron Ind	5	8	1	1	1 —	⅛
25½	17⅛	PepBoys 1b	5	7	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛+	⅛
15⅛	11	PepCom .60	3	6	14	13⅛	13⅛+	⅛
8⅛	4⅛	PeriniCp .30	3	7	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
8⅛	3⅛	PerfecCmp	6	16	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
13⅛	6⅛	Petro Lewis	15	7	12⅛	12	12⅛+	⅛
4⅛	2½	Phoenix Sil		53	2⅛	2½	2½—	⅛
11⅛	7⅛	PicNPay .20	6	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
2½	11-16	Pioneer Sys		8	1⅛	1⅛	1½+	⅛
8⅛	6	PionTex .80	3	7	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
6⅛	5⅛	PittWVa .56a	10	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
42⅛	26⅛	Pittway .90	10	25	31⅛	30⅛	31⅛+	1⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Plant Ind		79	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
26	15⅛	Planinnc .12	14	1	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛—	⅛
4½	2⅛	PlyGem .5ll	6	4	4	4	4	
4⅛	1½	PlymRub A		14	2¼	2⅛	2¼+	¼
2⅛	1⅛	PlymRub B		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛+	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	Poloron Pd		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
7⅛	5⅛	Polychr .29t	7	4	6⅛	6	6	
8⅛	3⅛	Prairie Oil	14	19	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
14⅛	10	PrattLmb 1	6	6	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛+	⅛
6	4½	PrattRd .30	6	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
26⅛	19⅛	PrenHa 1.12	12	14	22⅛	21⅛	22 +	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	PresReall B		2	2	2	2 +	⅛
20⅛	6	Presley Cos	12	39	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
18½	13⅛	Preston .70	9	8	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
5⅛	2⅛	PrimMt .12t	10	4	3	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
11⅛	8⅛	PrpCT 1.20e	9	4	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
9⅛	8⅛	ProvGas .80	9	2	9⅛	9	9⅛+	⅛
2½	1⅛	PrdRIE .15e		3	1⅛	1½	1½	
5	2⅛	PrudBdg .24	4	13	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
7	2⅛	Pulte Hmes	7	20	6	6	6	
5	2½	PuntaGrd Is	11	10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
R								
8⅛	4⅛	RB Ind	5	23	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	
2⅛	1⅛	REDM Cp	5	4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
1⅛	1⅛	RETInc Fd		8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
42⅛	35	RET pf 4.38		1	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛+	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	RHMed Svc	5	3	3	3	3	
2½	1⅛	RSC Indust	8	4	1½	1½	1½	
10⅛	5	RLC Corp.08c	4	14	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
17⅛	6⅛	RaganB .15e	4	20	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
22⅛	13½	Ranchrs Ex	23	45	16	15⅛	16 +	⅛
19⅛	12⅛	RangrO Can	52	6	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛+	⅛
16½	10⅛	Ransbrg .80	5	8	11⅛	11	11 —	⅛
1⅛	⅛	RapdAm wt		22	15-16	⅞	15-16+1-16	
4½	2⅛	Rath Pack		35	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
25	13⅛	RaymPr .40	22	1	22½	22½	22½—	⅛
18	14⅛	RealEsl 1.40	13	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
10⅛	5½	RlIncT .90e		7	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
19⅛	12⅛	RIRef 2.10e	1	3	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛+	⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Redlaw Ent	23	3	2½	2½	2½	
2⅛	1⅛	Reeves Telc		2	2	2	2 —	⅛
1⅛	⅝	RelGrp wt		21	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
14	11⅛	RemAr .80a	6	1	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
1⅛	3-32	RepMtg wt		7	⅛	⅛	⅛+1-32	
26⅛	18⅛	RepNY .8	5	4	26	25⅛	25⅛—	⅛
18⅛	13⅛	ReschCtl .08	15	75	17	16⅛	16⅞+	⅛
24⅛	14	Resistfix .50	6	3	17	17	17	
12⅛	2	ResrtsIntl A	22	187	10⅛	9⅛	10 +	¼
22⅛	2⅛	ResrtsIntl B	36	z2100	17	16⅛	16⅛	
2⅛	1	RestAssoc		5	1½	1½	1½—	⅛
2⅛	⅞	Rex Noreco		10	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5⅛	2⅛	RibletProd	10	85	4⅛	4	4⅛+	⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Richton .18a	3	4	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞+	⅛
18	10⅛	Riley Co	4	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
37½	26⅛	RioAlgm 1	11	35	26½	26½	26½—	⅛
21⅛	6½	RisdonM .36	9	11	17⅛	16⅞	17⅛—	⅛
29⅛	11⅛	Robintech		27	17	16⅞	16⅞—	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Roblin Ind	3	x8	4	4	4	
11⅛	8⅛	Rockway .96	6	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
4½	2⅛	Rocor Intl		5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
15⅛	8⅛	Rogers Corp		2	11	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Ronco Telep	4	8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
2½	1	Rusco Ind		31	1½	1½	1½	
10	7	Russell Cp.40	4	22	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
25⅛	15⅛	RyanH .50	12	550	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛+	⅛
S								
9	5⅛	SGLIn .16r	6	4	7⅛	7½	7½	
2⅛	1⅛	SGSec .51e		47	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	SMD Ind	4	8	2½	2½	2½	
6⅛	4⅛	SSPInd .24	23	21	4½	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
12⅛	7⅛	STPCp .80	10	6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
8	3⅛	SaffranSy A	5	6	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+	⅛
15⅛	9⅛	Salem .89t	4	9	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
10⅛	8⅛	SDieG pf .88		6	10	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
28⅛	25	SDge pf 2.68		1	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛—	⅛
9	3½	SanFr RE	56	13	9	8⅛	9	
37⅛	30⅛	SanJW 2.40	7	8	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	Sargent Ind	5	6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
10⅛	5⅛	SaundrL .24	4	3	8½	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
9⅛	6⅛	SchelbE .54	9	15	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
8⅛	6⅛	Schenuit .60a	4	4	8	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
6	2½	Schiller Ind	34	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Schrader .30	8	20	7⅛	7	7⅛+	⅛
19⅛	10⅛	SciAtlanta	12	33	17⅛	17½	17⅛+	⅛
17	10¼	Scrivner .70	4	3	12½	12⅛	12⅛+	⅛
21⅛	12⅛	Scorry Rain	11	2	18⅛	18	18 —	⅛
5½	2⅛	Sealectr Cp	14	2	21	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
1⅛	½	Seaport Cp	2	10	⅞	⅞	⅞	
4⅛	2	Seers Ind		11	2	2	2 —	⅛
10	7½	SeesnAll .20	7	19	10	9⅛	10 +	½
2	13-16	SecMtg Inv		18	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
8½	4⅛	SelasCp .22a	5	6	5	4⅞	5	
6⅛	3½	Servisco .30	6	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	SheerS .15e	5	10	3	3	3 +	⅛
14½	10⅛	SharonStl 1	6	4	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛+	⅛
12⅛	7⅛	Shawin .50b	9	10	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
13⅛	4⅛	ShearH .20e	3	49	8⅛	7⅛	8⅛+	⅛
4⅛	2	Shelter Res		21	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
	3⅛	ShndCp .24t	6	42	8	8	8 +	⅛
33	20½	Shnandh Oil	32	545	26⅛	25	25⅞+	⅛
19⅛	10⅛	Sherwd Med	14	10	19	18⅛	19 +	⅛
15	12⅛	Showbot .80	6	27	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Sierrcn .30	7	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
4½	2⅛	SikesCp A		5	3	3	3	
6⅛	3⅛	Silo Inc	4	16	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
10⅛	6	Simkins .60	4	24	8⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
3⅛	1½	Simplex Ind		4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
12	7⅛	SkyCity .15r	7	7	12	12	12	
4⅛	1⅛	Solitron		15	2	2	2	
14⅛	6⅛	Sonder Brdc.12e	4	4	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
6½	3⅛	Sorg Paper		1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
13⅛	12	Soundsn .10e	6	137	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛+	⅛
12½	10⅛	SC4.0pf 1.02		22	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
14	11⅛	SC4.3pf 1.08		2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛+	⅛
15	12½	SC4.7pf 1.19		2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
18	15⅛	SC5.8pf 1.45		6	17	15⅛	17 +	⅛
28⅛	24⅛	SC9.2pf 2.30		5	27	27	27 +	⅛
25⅛	23⅛	SC8.8pf 2.21		5	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛+	⅛
20	9	SwstAir .05e	5	56	18	17⅛	17⅛+	⅛
4½	2⅛	SwtGFin .10	6	22	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
10	5	Spartck .40	6	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
8½	5⅛	Spector .10e		10	6⅛	6	6⅛+	⅛
2	⅝	Spelzmn Ind		16	11-16	⅝	11-16+1-16	
8⅛	3⅛	Spencer .05e	7	58	4⅛	3⅛	4⅛+	⅛
9⅛	5⅛	SpencrF .32	2	5	7⅛	7	7⅛+	⅛
7⅛	4½	Splentex .49	5	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
8⅛	4⅛	Statld Lowd	4	13	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
7⅛	4⅛	StdCcnt .14r	3	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛+	⅛
17⅛	13½	StdCoosa .90	5	16	17⅛	16⅛	17⅛+	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	StdMetl .50t	7	3	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
14⅛	9	StdMotA .48	5	8	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
9½	3⅛	StdPac Corp	5	124	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
1	½	StdPrud wt		12	⅞	⅞	⅞	
27⅛	21⅛	StdShrs .40r		13	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛+	⅛
15	8⅛	Stange .12	21	6	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
13⅛	10⅛	StarSup .76	4	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
2⅛	1	Stardust Inc		1	1	1	1	
19	11½	StarrlHe .30	6	20	14⅛	13⅛	14½+	⅛
12⅛	7⅛	Steelmt .25r	4	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
19⅛	12	StepnCh .60	7	8	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
2⅛	13-16	Sterl Electr	10	2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
6⅛	2½	Stevcoknit	4	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
10⅛	6⅛	StrutW .20b	7	8	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
7⅛	5	SueAnn .36	7	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
1⅛	⅝	Summit Org	5	2	⅞	⅞	⅞	
18⅛	13½	SunElec .48	8	4	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+	⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Sunair .45e	6	17	9	8⅛	9	⅛
16⅛	8⅛	Sundanc .20b	6	7	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	Supercr .10e	4	1	4	4	4	
2⅛	1⅛	Susquhana		6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
10½	6⅛	Susquhan pf		4	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
7	4⅛	Synaloy .20b	4	21	5⅛	4⅛	5⅛+	⅛
36⅛	20	Syntex .50	9	474	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛+	⅛
19⅛	12⅛	SyscoCp .28	7	42	16⅛	15⅛	16 +	⅛
10⅛	4⅛	System Eng	26	59	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
T								
2⅛	1⅛	TFICo Inc		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
4	3⅛	Talleyin wt		5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
15½	10⅛	Tandy Brnd	4	10	10	10	10	
1½	⅝	Tech Sym		3	⅞	⅞	⅞	
5	2⅛	Techd Oper		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3⅛	1⅛	Technl Tape	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
5⅛	2½	Techirl	3	[illegible]	3⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	
19⅛	15⅛	TejonR .20a	19	[illegible]	16	15⅛	[illegible]	
8⅛	3⅛	TeleCm .20e	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
7⅛	2⅛	Tenna Corp	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
8½	4⅛	Tenneco wt		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3	1	Tenney Eng		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
2⅛	⅝	Tensor Co	100	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
13½	9	TerraC .60a	3	23	10⅛	10	10	
57	53	TxPL pf 4.56		z25	55	55	55	
6⅛	2⅛	Texstar .22t	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3⅛	2⅛	Thorol Mkt	26	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
9	6⅛	Thriftimt A		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
4⅛	2	Tidwell Ind		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
11	5½	Tiffanyl .20	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
6⅛	3	Timpte Ind		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
18½	11⅛	Tokheim .60	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
103	99	TolEd pf 10		z100	105	105	105	
9⅛	6⅛	ToppsGu .28	5	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
6⅛	4⅛	TotalPtl NA		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3 5-16	5-16	TotalPtl wt		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
16⅛	10⅛	Total pf .70		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3⅛	1⅛	Town Cntry		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
3⅛	1⅛	Trans Lux		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
4⅛	2⅛	Treadway .16t		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
7⅛	3⅛	Trico Ind.05e	7	10	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
4⅛	1⅛	TubosM		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
6⅛	3	Tuftco .20e	5	[illegible]	5⅛	5⅛	[illegible]	
20⅛	16	TurnrC 1.44	5	[illegible]	20	20	20 +	⅛
5⅛	3	TwinFair		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
U								
19½	14⅛	U&I 1.20a	3	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
2⅛	1	UDS Inc		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	UNA Corp		5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
6⅛	2⅛	UVInd wt		24	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Unimax Grp	16	[illegible]	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
4	1⅛	UnimaxG pf		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
5⅛	3½	Un Asbestos		5	4⅛	3 15-16	3 15-16	3 15-16+1-16
14½	12⅛	UnCosFn .50	7	4	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1	Unit Foods		64	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
1⅛	½	UnNat Corp		4	⅝	⅝	⅝	
7⅛	3⅛	UPiece Dy		2	3½	3½	3½	
7⅛	5⅛	USBan Trst		1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
12	8⅛	USFiltr .24	7	120	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
7⅛	5⅛	UnRIT .65e	13	43	7⅛	7	7⅛+	⅛
3-16	1-16	UnRIT wt		25	⅛	⅛	⅛	
5⅛	3½	USNat Rsrc	4	20	4⅛	4	4	
2⅛	1⅛	US Radium	129	[illegible]	2⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	
13½	7	USRBR .55e	7	[illegible]	13⅛	13	13	
32⅛	18	Unitek .24	15	71	22⅛	21⅛	22	
15⅛	7⅛	UnityBuy .5	4	7	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	
2⅛	⅞	Univ Contnr		5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
13⅛	4⅛	UnivRs .05e	13	23	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
10⅛	6⅛	UnivRun .44	4	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
11⅛	5⅛	UnvSav .48	5	28	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
V								
9⅛	6⅛	VallesSt .62r	7	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
13⅛	8⅛	Valmac .70	7	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	VLDvC .02e		7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅛	5⅛	VanDorn .44	5	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
5	3⅛	Veril Ind	5	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Vernitron	6	12	4	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Viatech Inc		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
4⅛	3	Vintage Ent		1	3	3	3	
3⅛	2⅛	VisualGr	5	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅛	1⅛	Vulcan Corp		4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
16⅛	11	Vulclncpf 1		1	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
W								
6	3⅛	WTC Inc .10	21	66	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
21⅛	15⅛	WUIInc .80	6	7	18⅛	18	18⅛	
9⅛	5⅛	Wabash .25e	6	26	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Wacknht .40	6	27	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
4 13-16	2⅛	Wainoco Oil	12	150	5⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
4⅛	2⅛	WallisS .20e	6	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
20	13⅛	WangLb .12	15	7	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛—	⅛
19⅛	9⅛	WangLB .22	15	1	17	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
7⅛	1⅛	WardFds wt		35	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
7⅛	3	WarC pfC.05		23	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
47⅛	21⅛	WasPstB .60	8	2	42	42	42 —	⅛
27⅛	14⅛	WRIT 1.24	14	2	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛—	⅛
5	2⅛	Watsco .20	11	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Weiman Co	9	1	2	2	2	
8⅛	5⅛	WeldTu Am	5	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
11⅛	7⅛	WesChP .40	5	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
14⅛	9	Westats Pll	20	105	9	9⅛	9⅛	
9⅛	6⅛	WstFinl .35a	5	47	7⅛	7	7⅛—	⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Whippny .60	9	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
8⅛	4⅛	Whitaker .43	3	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
5⅛	1⅛	Whitehal Co	5	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
1⅛	⅝	Whittakr wt		10	⅝	⅝	⅝	
3⅛	1⅛	Wichita Ind	6	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅛	2⅛	Wimnbys .13	3	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	WilsonBr .20	4	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
7⅛	5⅛	Wolf HowB		8	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
7⅛	5⅛	Worcest Ctl	20	6	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
12⅛	4⅛	WorldWr .60	6	3	5⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	
6⅛	3⅛	Wrather Cp 3e	12	4	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
1⅛	11-16	Wright Hor	12	22	⅞	15-16	15-16—1-16	
4⅛	2⅛	Wurlsub .39	5	145	5⅛	4⅛	5 +	⅛
1⅛	⅝	Wynnip .15e	3	3	⅞	⅞	⅞	
12	9⅛	WymBn .36	5	14	11	11	11	
Z								
8⅛	7⅛	ZeroMfg .20	5	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
12	4⅛	Zimmer .06e	11	20	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛

Sales figures are unofficial.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. f—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full.

cld—Called. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex distribution.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Bond	Bid	Asked
Air France 9½-82	102¾	103¾
Ashland 8-87	97	98
Aust.R.D. 9¼-80	103	104
Aust-Swiss 8-87	96	97
Bell Cdna 8¾-86	102½	103½
BFCE 8¾-83	103	101
B.N.P 9½-81	104½	105¼
Bras Can 9¾-82	101½	102½
British Gas 9-81	100½	101½
Broken Hill 9½-81	104	105
Carrier 8-87	95½	96¾
Charbogas 8⅝-87	100¾	101¾
CNE 9¼-85	100½	101½
CN Refine 10-80/8	104	105
Cons Food 7½-91	93½	94½
Conoco 8-86	100	101
Cont Tel 8¼-86	101½	102½
Cut Ham 8-87	96½	97½
Denmark 7½-90	87	88
Dow Corn 8½-86	103¼	104¼
Dupont 7½-78	101½	102½
EEC 8¼-82	100	100¾
ECS 8¾-81	101½	102½
ECS 9¼-86	101	102
EIB 9½-85	103¾	104¾
Erap 9¼-85	102	103
Esso 8-86 Nov	102	103
Eurofima 8½-83	100¾	101¾
First Chic 7-80	99¼	100¼
Gen Mot 8¼-36	105	106½
Gould 9¾-83	102½	104½
Gulf Westn 9¼-82	102	103
Home Oil 9½-86	102½	103½
I.D.B.J. 9½-82	102½	103½
Intl Util 8¼-82	99¾	100¾
ISE Canada 9-82	102¾	103¾
Manitoba 8¾-83	103¼	104¼
Michelin 9¼-86	100¾	101¾
Modo 9½-83	103½	101½
Montreal 9¾-81	102½	103½
Montreal 9½-83	101½	102½
Motorola 8-87	101½	102½
Nor Finsr 10-81	101¾	102¾
NatWest 9-86	99½	100½
New Brunsw 9-83	102½	103½
N Zealand 9¼-82	103¾	104¾
N Zealand 8½-83	102½	103½
NrgKomBk 7½-87	94½	95½
Norpipes 9½-86	101¾	102½
NorskHydr 9½-85	104	105
NorthAMR 7¾-79	100½	101½
Norway 9-80	104¾	105¾
Norway 8½-81	102½	103½
Occidental 9¾-83	102	103
Ontario 9-83	104	105
Oslo 9-88	100½	101½
Pac Light 9¼-81	103¼	104¼
Pennwalt 8-87	97¾	98¾
QuebProv 8½-81	101	102
QuebProv 9-83	101½	102½
QuebProv 7½-88	93	94
Ralston 7½-87	97¼	98¼
ReadBates 9½-82	101	102
Sandvik 9½-86	109¾	101¾
S.A.S. 8-85	94½	95½
Seagram 9-83	103	104
SFE 9-83	101	102
Shell 8-86	100½	101½
Shell 7½-87	97	98
SNCF 9¼-81	102½	103½
St Ind 8⅝-80	105	104
St Ind 8½-88	103½	104½
S Handels 9¼-86	102	103
Tenneco 7½-79	101	102
Tenneco 7⅝-87	95½	96½
Textron 7¾-87	94¾	95¾
Transocean 8-86	101¾	102¾
Transocean 7½-87	98½	99½
Union Oil 7-79	101	102
Union Oil 7½-87	98	99
Utah 8-87	98¼	99½
Volvo 9½-85	102	103
Carnation 4-88	81½	83½
Chevron 5-88	108	110
Chrysler 4¾-88	61	63
Chrysler 5-88	67	69
Cont Tel 5½-88	81	83
Cumm In 6¼-88	95	97
Dart Ind 4¾-87	63	65
EastKodak 4½-88	104	105
Econ Lab 4½-87	74	76
Firestone 5-88	86	88
Ford 6-86	95	97
Ford 5-88	83½	85½
Gen Elec 4¼-87	82½	84½
Gen Food 4½-82	90½	92½
Gillette 4¾-82	85	87
Gillette 4¾-87	71½	73½
Gould 5-87	97½	99½
Gulf West 5-88	89	91
Honeywell 6-86	63	65
I.S.E. 6¼-89	65	67
ITT 4¾-87	76½	78½
Komatsu 7½-90	100	101½
Matsushita 6¾-90	106	108
Mitsui 7¼-90	101	102½
McDerm 4¾-87	136½	140½
Morgan JP 4¼-87	108	110
Nabisco 5¼-88	94	96
Owens Ill 4½-87	112½	114½
Penney JC 4½-87	64½	66½
Phil Lamb 4¾-83	93½	95½
P.C.A. 5-87	77	79
Revlon 4⅞-83	128	130
Revlon 4⅝-87	110½	112½
Sperry 4½-88	94½	96½
Squibb Intl 4½-87	77½	79½
Texaco 4½-88	76½	78½
UnCarb 4¾-82	103	105
WarnLam 4½-87	80	82
WarnLam 4½-88	77	79
Xerox 5-88	77½	79½

Convertible Bonds

Bond	Bid	Asked
Amexco 4¼-87	81½	83½
Ashland 5-88	84	86
Beatrice 6¼-91	118	120
Beatrice 4½-92	99½	101½
Borden 6⅝-91	112	114
Borden 5-92	101	103
BroadHale 4⅝-87	78	80

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

	Med.	Long	Conv.
Yesterday	101.44	92.94	104.44
Previous	101.44	92.91	104.53

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as Receiver

In the Matter of American Bank & Trust Company

NOTICE
Pursuant to Section 623 of the New York Banking Law

WHEREAS, on September 15, 1976, the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York took possession of the business and property of AMERICAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY, pursuant to Section 606 of the New York Banking Law, and appointed the FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION as Receiver of the Bank, pursuant to Section 624 of the New York Banking Law, for the purpose of liquidating the affairs of the Bank.

WHEREAS, pursuant to a Purchase and Assumption Agreement dated September 15, 1976, between the FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION, as Receiver, and Bank Leumi Trust Company of New York, all demand, time and savings deposits up and to the extent shown on the books of AMERICAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY at September 15, 1976 have been assumed by Bank Leumi Trust Company of New York and said assuming bank undertook to pay, perform, fulfill and discharge all such liabilities.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against AMERICAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY, with its main office at 60 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, and branch offices in the counties of New York, Kings and Bronx, to present such claims to the FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION, as Receiver, and make proper proof thereof, by filing a proof of claim, on the required form, with:

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
as Receiver of American Bank & Trust Company
P. O. Box 5032
F.D.R. Station
New York, New York 10022.

Copies of the required form of proof of claim can be obtained upon written request therefor sent to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as Receiver, at the address specified above or, after November 15, 1976, at the office of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as Receiver, 170 Park Avenue, New York, New York. All written requests for the form of proof of claim must be received no later than February 28, 1977.

All claims must be presented, and proof thereof made, no later than March 31, 1977. No claim presented after such date can be accepted. Failure to timely present a claim and make proof thereof may result in waiver of the claim and forfeiture of the right to assert same.

All persons having claims for priority of payment shall make demand in writing for priority in the proof of their claims. Failure to so demand shall be deemed a waiver and abandonment of any right to such priority of payment.

Dated: October 28, 1976.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION,
as Receiver of AMERICAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY
By: R. H. Hoffman, Liquidator-in-Charge.

Invest in a spread of German Companies

Shares in German companies make an attractive investment prospect just now. The reasons are there for all to see:-

- The economy is on an upward trend.
- Conditions are good for increased company earnings.
- There is ample scope for share price increases.
- A country with a strong currency offers foreign investors excellent opportunities:

through CONCENTRA
Mutual Fund

CONCENTRA is a large German mutual fund offering the benefits of a wide spread of investment in shares. Launched in 1956 it invests in leading German companies such as AEG, BASF, Bayer, Hoechst, Daimler-Benz, Karstadt, Kaufhof, Mannesmann, VW, Siemens, Thyssen. Its objectives are income and long-term growth.

Performance
Since its inception in 1956, the Fund has achieved a growth of over 405%. The past decade has seen a gain of 93.4%. Foreign investors have fared even better due to the continuous strength of the DM as is shown by the following examples of 10 year performances:
–US $ investors: 205.3%
–£ Sterling investors: 379.6%
–FF investors: 205.8%

The Management
The Fund is managed by Deutscher Investment-Trust, Frankfurt a.M., which has 20 years of experience and almost 4,000 million DM under management. Depositary bank is Dresdner Bank AG, also of Frankfurt a.M.
CONCENTRA makes a yearly distribution, which in 1976 amounted to DM 1.80 per Unit. The current offering price is DM 21.00 (approx.). The net assets amount to almost DM 1,700 million.

CONCENTRA-Units
Units of the Fund, which come in bearer form, can be purchased and redeemed at any time. They are listed on the stock exchanges of Amsterdam, Dublin, London, Luxembourg and Vienna.

CONCENTRA Charges
Loading 6%. Management 0.125% quarterly. Depositary Bank (additional to usual safe custody fee) 0.01% quarterly.
As a German Mutual Fund, CONCENTRA is subject to the German Investment Institutions Act.

Where to purchase CONCENTRA-Units
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Belgium: Banque Bruxelles Lambert–Société Générale de Banque–Kredietbank–Banque de Commerce–Crédit du Nord Belge–Banque Belge pour l'Industrie–Banque Brugeoise.
France: Banque Nationale de Paris.
Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana–Banca Nazionale del Lavoro–Credito Italiano–Banco di Roma–Banca Popolare di Novara–Banca Provinciale Lombarda.
Luxembourg: Banque Internationale à Luxembourg.
Netherlands: Algemene Bank Nederland–Bank Mees & Hope–Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank–Pierson, Heldring & Pierson.
Republic of Ireland: Bank of Ireland.
United Kingdom: Barclays Bank Limited–Bank of Ireland

To: Deutscher Investment-Trust, Postfach 2685, D-6000 Frankfurt a.M.1
* Investment Account — I wish to open a CONCENTRA investment account with regular reinvestment of distributions. Please send me the necessary documents.
* Information — Please send me, without obligation, the free literature on CONCENTRA and the investment account.
Please delete whichever is inapplicable
Name (Please use block letters) Forenames
Address Street
Code Number Town Country
Signature Date

CONCENTRA Mutual Fund gives you the opportunity to share in the benefits of the vigorous economy and strong currency that are the assets of Germany today. You have only to complete the coupon.

Concentra *increases your investment strength*

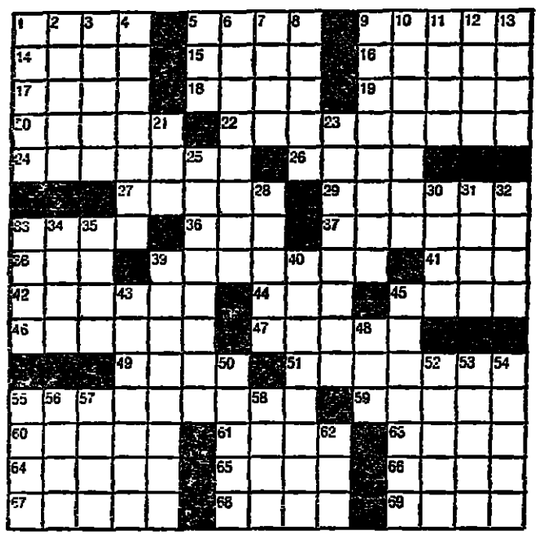
CROSSWORD — Edited by Will Weng

ACROSS

1 Affirm
5 Actor Walter
9 Corkwood
14 Ration
15 Bean
16 Army divisions
17 Does a calculator's job
18 Place of confinement
19 —a wet hen
20 Type of target practice
22 Reprove severely
24 Horse's burden
26 Monotony
27 Types of armor plate
29 Jug a forgetful one
32 Chums
36 Under: Prefix
37 Reprieve for Pauline
38 Drink accompaniment
39 One of a soft-soled pair
41 Drink
42 Calif. mountain
44 Drinking place
45 Red Skelton alias
46 Musical note
47 Certainly, teenage style
49 Scandinavian
51 Lovers' drinks
55 Guerrillas
59 Novarro
60 Another time
61 Paint covering
63 Russian river
64 Velvet
65 Playwright Oboler
66 Journey
67 Hiss
68 Japanese drink
69 Man, for one

DOWN

1 Add—of bitters
2 Russian drink
3 One of the Plinys
4 Is annoyed at
5 Vestment
6 Kind of view
7 Potentate
8 Fermented drink
9 Bit of bad advice
10 Garlands
11 Resort of Italy
12 Surfeit, in Scotland
13 Org.
21 Brewed drink
23 Port of Italy
25 Strong drink
28 Malaga wine country
30 Adjective suffix
31 Undraped
32 Judge
33 City of Italy
34 German cries
35 Daughter of Laban
39 Kitchen utensil
40 Shoulder bag
43 Cracker
45 Italian drink
48 Middle: Abbr.
50 Large rodents
52 Hebrew measures
53 "Nana", for one
54 River of the Northwest
55 Haiti's—Doc
56 "I've Got—in Kalamazoo"
57 Resounded
58 Ibsen character
62 Article



WEATHER

	C	F		C	F	
ALGARVE	15	59	Clear	MADRID	12	54	Clear
AMSTERDAM	9	48	Cloudy	MILAN	6	43	Fog
ANKARA	12	54	Cloudy	MONTREAL	4	39	Cloudy
ATHENS	18	64	Clear	MOSCOW	—1	30	Overcast
BEIRUT	24	75	Cloudy	MUNICH	4	39	Clear
BELGRADE	6	43	Overcast	NEW YORK	10	50	Clear
BERLIN	5	41	Overcast	NICE	15	59	Clear
BRUSSELS	8	46	Overcast	OSLO	—3	27	Showers
BUCHAREST	6	43	Overcast	PARIS	8	46	Clear
BUDAPEST	7	45	Rain	PRAGUE	1	39	Rain
CASABLANCA	15	59	Clear	ROME	17	63	Clear
COPENHAGEN	6	43	Cloudy	SOFIA	6	43	Rain
COSTA DEL SOL	16	61	Clear	STOCKHOLM	—1	30	Fog
DUBLIN	11	52	Overcast	TEHRAN	15	59	Partly cloudy
EDINBURGH	7	45	Cloudy	TEL AVIV	26	79	Clear
FLORENCE	12	54	Cloudy	TUNIS	16	61	Storm
FRANKFURT	6	43	Cloudy	VIENNA	6	43	Overcast
GENEVA	5	41	Cloudy	WARSAW	1	39	Rain
HELSINKI	—1	30	Fog	WASHINGTON	13	55	Sunny
ISTANBUL	17	63	Rain	ZURICH	4	39	Clear
LAS PALMAS	29	84	Clear				
LISBON	21	70	Clear				
LONDON	11	52	Variable				
LOS ANGELES	17	63	Clear				

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

November 18, 1976

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed with the exception of some Swiss funds whose quotes are based on issue prices. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (m)—monthly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

BANK JULIUS BAER & Co. Ltd.:
— (d) Bearbond SF324.40
— (d) Combar SF733
— (d) Crobar SF353
— (d) Stockbar ..... SF5..

BANQUE VON ERNST & CIE.:
— Cerisbow Fund SF1.05
— CSP Fund SF1 174
— ITF Fund N.V. SF7.34

CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:
— (w) Capital Int'l $14.21
— (w) Capital Italia S.A. $7.15

CREDIT SUISSE
(d) Actions Suisses SF249.50
— (d) Canasec SF481
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds SF74.75
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l SF68.25
— (d) Energie-Valor SF72.50
— (d) Uranos SF612
— (d) Europa-Valor SF114.75

DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:
— (d) Concentra DM20.10
— (d) Int'l Rentenfond DM73.30

FIDELITY:
— (w) Fidelity Amer. Assets $17.53
— (d) Fidelity Dir. Scns. Tr. ..... $5..67
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund ..... $16..
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fund $10.44
— (d) Fidelity World Fd. $11.42

G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:
— (w) Dairy Pac. Fd. Ltd $22.11
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund $3.79

JARDINE FLEMING
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund $61.72
— (r) Jard. Sth East A. $11.61

LLOYDS INTERNATIONAL MGT S.A.:
— (w) Lloyds Int'l Growth ..... SF..39.50
— (w) Lloyds Int'l Income SF354.50

PROPERTY GROWTH OVERS. Ltd.:
— (r) U.S. Dollar Fund $10.08
— (r) Sterling Fund $103.10

SEPRO:
— (w) Sepro (S.A.) $12.60

SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:
— (r) Parinc SA & Ext. SF1.5.5
— (r) Securi-Wide SF9.5

SWISS BANK CORP.:
— (d) America-Valor SF41.50
— (d) Intervalor SF91.50
— (d) Japan Portfolio ..... SF.6.
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser SF207.50
— (d) Univ. Bond Select SF5.50
— (d) Universal Fund SF89.37

UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh. SF93
— (d) Bond Invest SF73.50
— (d) Convert-Invest SF74.50
— (d) Zurit Europe Sh. SF165.00
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh. SF66.50
— (d) Globinvest SF60.50
— (d) Pacific Invest. SF72.50
— (d) Rometac-Invest SF109.50
— (d) Swit South Afr. Sh SF124.50
— (d) Sima Swiss Rr Est SF161.50

UNION INVESTMENT Frankfurt:
— (d) Atlantictonds DM17.05
— (d) Europafonds DM26.00
— (d) Unifonds DM17.45
— (d) Unirenta DM29.80
— (d) Universial T. DM35.70

Other Funds

(w) Alexander Fund $6.92
(d) Trustcor Int. Fd (AEIF) $5.08
Austral Select Fd $1.67
(w) Brownlavest $17.53
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd. $12.91
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd. $4.45
(d) A.G.P. Japan Fd. $7.93
(d) Capital Resources LF1,136
(d) Citadel Fund $0.72
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd. $852.99
(w) Convert. Fd. Int. A Certs $7.82
(w) Convert Fd. Int. B Certs $12.79
(d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V. $8.72
(i) Crosby Fund S.A. $4.44
(w) D.G.G. $58.15
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.) $0.96
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l $13.14
(w) Dreyfus Intercontinent. $11.48
(w) Europe Obligations LF1,027
(w) First Intern't Fd. $123.03
(w) First Int'l Realty Sec. $15.95
(d) First Nat'l City Fund $27.57
(w) Fleming Fund S.A. $87.11
(w) Fonselex Issue Pr. SF1,634
(d) Formula Selection Fd. $64.94
(d) Fondital $0.32
(d) Fund of N.Y. (ex-div.) $0.65
(w) Future Australia Fd. $7.39
(w) Guardian Gr. Fd. Int'l $7.44
(d) Harding Int'l. Fd. $9.67
(w) Hausmann Holdgs. NV. $7,304
(i) H.O.I.T. Hobes $54.75
(d) Icofund $9.46
(d) Interfund S.A. $6.32
(w) Intermarket Fund $113.85
(w) Int'l Inc Fund (Jersey) $25.41
(r) Int'l Securities Fund $9.24
(r) Invest Atlantiques $53.62
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund $7.72
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd. S.A. $6.54
(r) Japan Growth Fund $17.50
(d) Japan Selection Fund $46.71
(w) Japan Pacific Fund $14.24
(d) KB Income Fund LF1,553
(d) Keyser Benson Int.F. $11.08
(w) Eleisworth Bens. Int.F. $225.15
(r) Leverage Cap Hold $21.04
(w) Luxfund $19.22
(m) MAGNUM Fund Ltd. $36.71
(d) Medioramm Sel. Fund $9.26
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund $1.35
(d) Neuwirth Inv Fund $6.94
(w) N.A.M.F. $63.06
(w) Nippon Fund $45.44
(w) Nor Amer Inv. Fund $6.01
(w) Nor Amer Bank Fd. $5.96
(r) Pegasus Interna'l. $3.95
(d) Putnam Interna Fund $20.96
(d) Resta Fund LF1,912
(d) Rentinvest ..... LF
(d) Safe Trust Fund $10.28
(r) Samurai Portfolio SF19.50
Share Realty N.V. SF13.51
Share International N.V. $4.88
(w) SMH Special Fund DM17.50
(d) Soros Fund $246.92
(w) Star Fund $4.87
(w) Talca: Global Fund $8.54
(w) Tokyo Pac Hold (Jers). $26.85
(w) Tokyo Pac Hold N.V. $36.24
(w) Transpacific Fund $21.12
(w) United Cap. Inv Fd. $11.25
(d) U.S Trust Invest Fd. $11.29
(w) Western Growth Fd. $5.82
(w) Western Hedge Fund $1,282.74
(w) West Providentary N.V. $1,450.47
(d) World Equity Grth Fd. $391.56
(w) Worldwide Securities $46.97
(w) Worldwide Special $1,219.73

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend; t — New. N.A. — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; / — Offer prices; a — Asked; b — bid. Change P/V $10 to $1 per unit.



JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

by HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

VEYON

SIPOE

THAYCC

FALLUW

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: A

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: EVOKE MOCHA PILLAR DOMINO
Answers: *Sounds "bent" on crime*—"CROOKED"

DENNIS THE MENACE

"DON'T BE SO POLITE...YOU'RE MAKIN' THE REST OF US LOOK BAD."

BOOKS

THE MIND FIELD

By Robert E. Ornstein. New York: Grossman Viking Press. 143 pp. $7.95.

Reviewed by Richard R. Lingeman

FOR all the vaunted American inventiveness, its major talent has lain in taking over the ideas of Old World craftsmanship and turning them into mass-production items—the spinning-jenny and the automobile being two examples. Americans can take an idea, "engineer" it, break it down into interchangeable parts, die and stamp it, package it and merchandise it with 30-second television spots.

In the last few years Americans seem to have accomplished this with what is loosely known as "the wisdom of the East"—the esoteric, mystical, transcendentalist thought that has a niche in such religions as Hinduism, Buddhism and Islam. Although for many years sincere and lonely pilgrims have shed their Western skins and plunged deeply into these seemingly alien disciplines, the greatest eclat has emanated from the barkers of what Robert Ornstein calls "the spiritual sideshow," who muster subtle public relations skills, or just plain old-fashioned brainwashing, to create a demand for a simplified, homogenized kind of wisdom, complete with charts and diagrams of leveled-off EEGs and testimonies of satisfied users. Others, eschewing the exotic effusions of Eastern lotus-eating, have rung changes on the Freudian dream-books, and come up with change-your-life-in-a-week-end sessions that feature a little spoiled fascism and sound like Grossinger's ads written by Hermann Hesse. Human potential is the name of these various higher-wisdom games. Whatever the game, whatever the motives of the teachers, the benign gullibility of Americans is such that many of them actually benefit, at least for a time. Our psychic self-owners have bottled whiffs of the oceanic feeling, like resort people bottle sea air, and sold it to a willing public, to be taken twice a day for tension instead of Valium.

Robert Ornstein is a psychologist who teaches at the Langley-Porter Neuropsychiatric Institute of the University of California Medical Center and author of "The Psychology of Consciousness." He is a laboratory psychologist who does experiments on the right hemisphere of the brain, yet he is also a student of the ancient techniques of the Eastern religions, especially Sufism. In "The Mind Field," he attempts to cut through the swales of popularized yardgoods on the market and expose their shortcomings; yet, at the same time, he retains an empathy with their higher origins and sees the good in them. To quote one of his Sufi sages: "Counterfeiters exist only because there is true gold."

Believing that ism has much adjunct to the scientific, Ornstein mind, he believes synthesis can ancient and mysticism—in West. But "the mainly a critique reason of the psychic mistrain These are, he fragmented, physically. Before sidering their results, there a few tatters of swaddling the tering the

Initially, he psychiatry, with results. Theories have a kind, derived sexually repressed torian Vienna, has been well unfairly, Mr. Orn be tarring traditional schools with the excesses of the movement—not psychic hypocrites who spend their of themselves. agrees, talented people in pain; cuse psychiatry bowdlerism of without schools is not Freud's vision, ultimately a tragic

Still, I suspect something in Ornstein's view of religion (but see Jung). Ornstein moves from there through, criticizing, a scientist, the findings investigators as rowly quantified in design.

Transcendental's claims he to the degree physiological) from the practice also be obtained by word Coca-Cola cient meditation found ends in view. tenada wins consid as a psychic voyage consciousness and a porter on the re-en

In his final chap stein offers a sampling the mind-ables, stories or taining blinding revelation that are shake the disciple clutches of conventi These are interes exercises but rather a college outline "War and Peace" in Russian. Not that is writing an inspir rather he works wi and scientific skepti up the potentials o indigestive, holistic thought, while separ voguish chaff. Seek ed in these questio well to find "The in their nearest boo

Richard Lingeman reviewer for The New

Solution to Previous Puzzle

B	R	O	Z			M	S	G	S		A	P	T	
R	A	N	I		T	O	W	I	T		R	A	R	A
E	V	E	N		A	R	E	N	A		C	R	I	B
D	E	S	C	A	R	T	E	S		P	H	I	A	L
			S	P	O	I	T		G	R	I	S	L	Y
	C	A	P	T		N	A	Z	I	S	M			
G	A	N	Y	O	N		S	E	G		E	C	H	O
U	P	A	T	R	E	E		D	O	G	D	A	Y	S
B	E	T	H		A	R	R		T	R	E	A	D	S
		A	G	R	E	E	D		E	S	N	E		
B	U	D	G	E	S		C	S	D	E				
A	P	R	O	N		F	I	B	O	N	A	C	C	I
S	T	I	R		S	I	T	U	P		J	A	I	L
S	H	E	A		A	L	E	N	E		A	R	T	E
E	I	D	S		D	E	S	K			R	E	E	D

Richard Lingeman reviewer for The New

BRIDGE — By Alan

On the diagramed deal South's two-heart bid when one club was passed around to him showed a good hand with game prospects—there would be no reason to employ a weak jump overcall in the balancing seat. North accordingly raised to game, and West made a shrewd lead of the heart three. Resisting the inclination to lead the singleton diamond paid a substantial dividend.

The declarer won the first trick with the trump king and returned a trump. West won with the ace and after considerable thought led a club, knocking out dummy's ace. South could now have succeeded by drawing the missing trump and taking a diamond finesse, but he had no clue to the location of the diamond king.

Instead, the declarer not unreasonably played West for that significant card by taking the ace and leading a diamond toward dummy. He was not pleased when West discarded. East captured the diamond jack. West won and continued the suit for South to ruff. The declarer tried leading the club ten and would have made his contract against a sleepy defender. But ered with the queen, dummy to ruff, and nine was established ting trick.

In the replay, Wes more obvious lead of ton diamond and Sou trouble in making 10 winning the first ti dummy with the jack; trumps, and lost only one heart trick and on since East had no ca his partner a ruff.

NORTH
♠ 5 4 3 2
♡ Q 10 9
♢ Q J 5 4 3
♣ A

WEST (D)
♠ A Q 9 7
♡ A 8 3
♢ 2
♣ Q 9 7 5 3

SOUTH
♠ K
♡ K 7 6 4
♢ A 7 . .
♣ K J 10 8 .

East and West were with bidding:

West	North	East	
1 ♣	Pass	Pass	
Pass	4 ♡	Pass	
Pass			

West led the heart three

NHL Maple Leafs Win

okie Goalie Squelches Canadiens, 1-0

TO, Nov. 18 (UPI)— like Palmateer dueled sminder Ken Dryden ed an impressive win- ight as the first goalie the awesome Montreal in 192 games.

ltender kicked aside 39 he Toronto Maple Leafs ontreal 1-0, for Pal- econd straight shutout.

He blanked the Vancouver Canucks, 3-0, Saturday.

It was the first time that the Canadiens had been held scoreless since the Philadelphia Flyers shut them out, 3-0, Nov. 2, 1974 —a period covering 169 regular season and 23 playoff games.

Palmateer now boasts a 2.25 goals-against average and a 6-1-2 record in the nine games he has played with the Leafs since he was called up from the Central Hockey League's Dallas Black Hawks.

But the 22-year-old rookie reminded reporters that he wasn't the only Leaf on the ice against Montreal. "The game was a team effort all the way and when I made a mistake the guys covered for me," he said.

Winger Lanny MacDonald was the only one to get on the scoreboard in this duel of the goalies. His shot from just outside the crease at 8:26 of the opening period hit Dryden's glove, but he couldn't control it and it bounced into the net. Dryden made 29 saves.

Toronto coach Red Kelly said he was very pleased with Palmateer, the Leafs' fifth-round draft choice in the 1973 amateur draft. He acknowledged that the rookie has become a mainstay on the club.

"Mike's confident and doesn't get rattled easily," he said. "He's poised and the whole team played well in front of him. We're up to .500 hockey now and Mike's a big reason for that success."

Rangers 3, Black Hawks 2

At New York, two first-period goals by Phil Esposito helped the Rangers break a club-record seven-game home losing streak with a 3-2 victory over Chicago.

Both of Esposito's goals came against his brother, Chicago goalie Tony Esposito. The first was a shot from the right faceoff circle after a pass from Ken Hodge at 5:59 of the first period. Then, at 10:19, Esposito scored his ninth goal of the season on a rising slapshot from the left side.

Hodge and Esposito teamed again after Chicago's first goal in the second period, with Hodge scoring on a breakaway after a feed at the Chicago blue line from Esposito.

Bobby Orr, whose damaged left knee has kept him out since Oct. 27, was with the Black Hawks but did not dress for the game.

Flames 6, Rockies 2

At Atlanta, big rookie Willie Plett scored two goals and assisted on a third to ignite the Flames to a 6-3 victory over Colorado.

Plett teamed on a line with center Tom Lysiak and left wing Eric Vail. The line scored four goals.

Wings 5, Blues 5

At Detroit, Rick Lapointe's first goal of the season for the Red Wings provided a 5-5 tie with St. Louis.

The Detroit defenseman unleashed a 90-foot drive from close to center ice at 12:20 of the final period to beat St. Louis goalie Ed Staniowski cleanly and snap a two-game losing streak for the Red Wings.

Dennis Hextall, Bobby Sheehan and Walt McKechnie put the Wings up 3-0 in the first period before Gary Unger replied with two goals and Floyd Thomas with one in the second for St. Louis. Detroit's Nick Libett added a goal in the second period.

Larry Patey and Claude Larose scored for the Blues within the space of 90 seconds before Lapointe's long scoring blast forged the deadlock.

Sabres 3, Canucks 2

At Vancouver, Don Luce scored with just 13 seconds to go to give Buffalo a comeback 3-2 win over the Canucks in a cleanly-played contest that produced only two penalties.

The Canucks took a 2-1 lead into the third period, but allowed the advantage to slip away in absorbing their 14th loss in 20 games when Terry Martin scored with about 6 1/2 minutes to go and then Luce tallied when Vancouver winger Don Lever gave up the puck at the Canucks' blue line. The Buffalo forward then skated in alone and beat goalie Cesare Maniago.

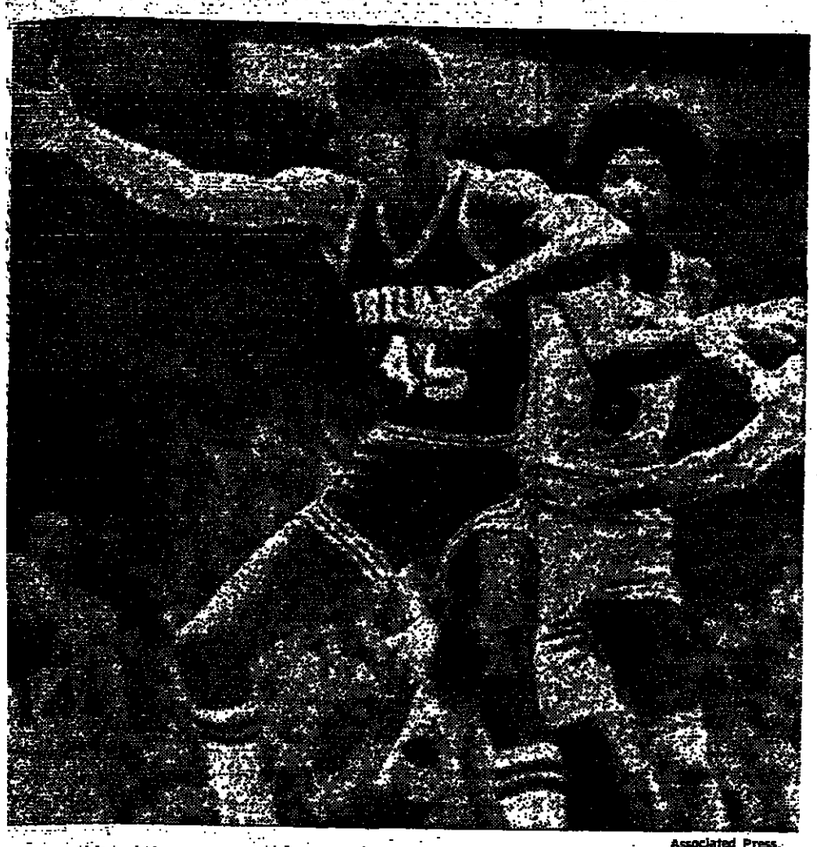
Vancouver opened the scoring when Dennis Ververgaert counted his ninth goal of the season, but Buffalo tied it on an unassisted marker by Guy Perreault.

Barons 3, North Stars 2

At Bloomington, Minn., it looked like it was going to be one of those nights for Cleveland, but the Barons battled back from a 3-0 deficit to tie Minnesota, 3-3.

The North Stars had opened the scoring at 1:40 of the first period when Cleveland goalie Gilles Meloche batted at a shot by Bill Fairbairn and it bounced off his arm into the net.

The North Stars kept the pressure on, with Roland Eriksson scoring again in the first period and Pierre Jarry getting his eighth goal of the season at 7:05 of the second.



Associated Press.

crome Anderson (left) watches ball fall after a block by 76ers' Julius Erving.

In NBA Activity

ics Defeat Hawks After Hot 2d Quarter

, Nov. 18 (UPI)— on defeated Atlanta, t night, the last six the second quarter e difference, as the ored the Hawks, 24-1, for keeps.

were down, 37-27, we ood basketball," said t, who ended up with nd 10 assists.

ot certain before the Scott would be able le is still recovering e injury sustained in with Buffalo's Bob at required seven

oston's third success ngs since the depar- ter Dave Cowens on e leave of absence. that means Boston to playing without

assists means every- ving, which is good m," Scott said. "We ive, put pressure on , and they just got ope this game is a gs to come."

s connected for only als in the 12 minutes, per cent and scoring ts.

ne of those nights weren't hitting," said ek, whose 20 points r team honors. "Our pretty fair and they bad."

s 118, Jazz 95

, Bob Lanier and M. rked the Pistons to straight victory as past New Orleans,

ying only half the in 16 of his 24 points half while Carr also 4. That was a pro- t for Carr. s were never in trou- ble after the midway point of the second period.

Bullets 111, Knicks 97

At Landover, Md., Phil Chenier scored 30 points and Leonard Robinson added 27 and a career-high 20 rebounds as Washington romped to a 111-97 victory over the injury-riddled New York Knicks.

Chenier, who hit 14 of 26 shots, scored 12 points in the first quarter as Washington took a 25-20 lead.

New York, which played without the injured Spencer Haywood and Jim McMillian, also lost Bill Bradley in the second period with a strained right shoulder muscle.

Pacers 123, 76ers 117

At Philadelphia, Billy Knight scored 30 points as Indiana defeated the 76ers, 123-117.

Indiana opened a 16-point lead early in the fourth quarter. Philadelphia then began a comeback to cut the Pacers' lead to 112-109 with 2:54 left. The winners then got seven straight points, four by Don Buse, to open a 119-109 margin that clinched their victory. Buse had 19 points for the winners, and also handed out 11 assists.

Rockets 120, Braves 114

At Houston, Moses Malone and Rudy Tomjanovich each scored four points in overtime to lead the Rockets to a 120-114 comeback victory over Buffalo.

Houston, 7-6, trailed by as much as 17 as Buffalo's shooting was torrid and the Rockets' top scorers, Mike Newlin and Tomjanovich, were held to three points between them in the first half.

Rockets rookie guard John Lucas, playing in place of Calvin Murphy, tied the game at 72 with a 12-foot jump shot 7:08 into the third quarter. Lucas's 21 points led all Houston scorers.

Nuggets 112, Nets 78

At Denver, foward Gus Gerard scored a team-high 17 points and teammate David Thompson added 16 for a Nugget 112-78 rout over the cold-shooting New York Nets.

Gerard scored 12 of his points in the first half as the Nuggets got their 10th victory in 11 starts, including seven straight games at home.

Suns 103, Bucks 95

At Phoenix, guards Dick Van Arsdale, Ricky Sobers and Paul Westphal combined for 55 points to lead the Suns to a 103-95 victory over Milwaukee.

Van Arsdale had 19 points and Sobers and Westphal 18 each. They were the only Suns in double figures, but their teammates contributed enough to offset Milwaukee's three-pronged offense of Brian Winters, Gary Brokaw and Bobby Dandridge.

Sonics 92, Cavaliers 78

At Seattle, forward Bruce Seals scored 21 points and captured 10 rebounds and reserve center Mike Green added 15 rebounds to lead the SuperSonics to a 92-78 victory over Cleveland.

Holding Cleveland to 78 points was the best defensive effort in Sonics history. Their previous low was 79 points against Chicago in December of last year.

NBA Results

Wednesday's Results

Seattle 92, Cleveland 87 (Seals 21, Brown 15; Snyder 15, Brewer 14).

Denver 112, New York Nets 78 (Gerard 17, Thompson 16; Archibald 18, Williamson 15).

Phoenix 103, Milwaukee 95 (Van Arsdale 19, Sobers 18, Westphal 18; Brokaw 24, Winters 25).

Houston 120, Buffalo 114 (Lucas 21, Tomjanovich 17, Malone 17; McAdoo 37, Shumate 18).

Indiana 123, Philadelphia 117 (Collins 31, McGinnis 26; Knight 30, Jones 30).

Washington 111, N.Y. Knicks 97 (Chenier 30, Robinson 27; Monroe 18, Frazier 16).

Boston 104, Atlanta 91 (Scott 28, Havlicek 20; Barker 20, Sojourner 18).

Detroit 118, New Orleans 95 (Lanier 24, Carr 24; Maravich 23, More 13).

NHL Results

Wednesday's Results

N.Y. Rangers 3, Chicago 2 (Esposito 2, Hodge; Bordeleau, Martin).

Buffalo 3, Vancouver 2 (Ververgaert, Lever, Luce; T. Martine, Perreault).

Cleveland 3, Minnesota 3 (Gardner, Christie, Fielder; Fairbairn, Jarry, Eriksson).

St. Louis 5, Detroit 5 (Unger 2, Thomson, Patey, Larose; Hextall, Sheehan, McKechnie, Libett, Lapointe).

Toronto 1, Montreal 0 (McDonald).

Atlanta 6, Colorado 3 (Plett 2, Lysiak, Chouinard, Vail, Shand; Arnason, Croteau, Kitchen).

WHA Standings

EAST	W	L	T	Pts	GF	GA
Cincinnati	10	8	2	22	90	84
Quebec	11	6	0	22	81	62
New England	7	7	2	16	53	57
Indianapolis	6	9	2	14	49	75
Minnesota	4	10	3	11	46	69
Birmingham	5	15	1	11	78	96
WEST						
Winnipeg	12	6	0	24	91	55
Houston	10	6	2	22	65	50
Phoenix	10	7	1	21	76	81
San Diego	9	7	2	20	68	62
Calgary	7	8	1	15	84	82
Edmonton	8	11	0	12	46	68

Wednesday's Results

San Diego 4, Edmonton 3 (Ferguson 2, Norris, French; Falenaude 2).

New England 6, Birmingham 4 (Hangsleben, Rogers, Backstrom, Simpson, MacGregor, Lyle; Napier 2, Simpson, Turkiewicz).



Associated Press.

VETERAN RECRUIT—Bert Campaneris (left) and Texas manager Frank Lucchesi after purchase of Campaneris, a former Oakland A's player, was announced in Arlington.

As Baseball Free Agents

Rudi, Cash, Campaneris Sign With New Teams

By Murray Chass

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (NYT). —Three more of baseball's free agents signed with teams yesterday and at least one more stood poised to do the same.

In another hectic day, these were the developments:

• Joe Rudi, former Oakland outfielder, became the second free agent to sign with the suddenly competitive California Angels; Bert Campaneris, another expatriate from Oakland, signed with the Texas Rangers, and Dave Cash, the second baseman who helped Philadelphia win a division title, became a member of the Montreal Expos.

• Barring a last-minute hitch, Gary Matthews was on the verge of joining the Atlanta Braves, whose owner, Ted Turner, was so eager to sign the former San Francisco outfielder that he incurred a fine for tampering.

• Reggie Jackson, who most likely will be the most expensive free agent and perhaps the last of the glamour names to sign, originally sought more than just money. He wanted his new club to invest in land in Arizona and he wanted it to play an annual exhibition game with the proceeds going to the support of a home for old Negro League players in Arizona. However, he couldn't interest anyone in those ideas so he reverted to what everyone else is after—money.

6 Have Signed

The signing of Rudi, Campaneris and Cash—all Jerry Kapstein clients—brought to six the number of the free agents who have signed multiyear contracts from the group of 25 players who departed their old teams for more lucrative homes.

In getting Rudi, the Angels became the first team to sign two free agents. That is the quota that most teams can sign under the rules of the new reserve system, but the Angels lost three players to free agency so they can sign one more.

Whether they will depends on how deep Gene Autry, their owner, and his partners want to dig into their treasury. Although no figures have been disclosed on the signings of Kapstein's clients, it is believed that Rudi and Don Baylor, who signed with California Tuesday, have cost the Angels between $2.5 and $3 million.

"We are in search of a championship ball club in Anaheim," Harry Dalton, general manager of the Angels, said in Providence, R.I., where the three signings were announced yesterday. "I'm just thrilled I see so many bright days ahead for California. If I have a smile on my face, forgive me."

If the Angels sign a third quality free agent, a number of other clubs won't be smiling. The three players the Angels lost were all minor leaguers and one, Tim Nordbrook, was purchased from Baltimore during the season.

Protest Considered

Some owners, feeling California bought Nordbrook just so they could get another free agent, have said they would consider filing a protest with Commissioner Bowie Kuhn if another player joins Rudi and Baylor in Anaheim.

Rudi, who drove in 94 runs last season, will join Bobby Bonds in the Angel outfield, while Baylor could play the outfield or first base, but very likely will serve as California's designated hitter.

The 30-year-old Rudi, one of six stars the A's lost this year, nearly became a member of the Boston Red Sox for $1 million last June, but the commissioner voided the deal. The talented outfielder sat out for three weeks until Charles Finley, the Oakland owner, agreed to play him. Rollie Fingers and Vida Blue under threat of a strike by the other A's players.

Campaneris, one of those players, is 34 years old but is considered a young 34 (he stole 54 bases last season) and will be the starting shortstop in Texas. The Rangers also are said to have a good chance of signing Sal Bando, the A's third baseman in their quest to rebuild their porous infield.

Cash, at 28 one of the best second basemen in the majors, is a career .290 hitter and will provide Montreal with concrete help in its bid to become competitive with someone besides the other last-place team.

Montreal Eyes Jackson

The Expos also would like to sign Jackson, whom they made the first choice in the negotiations, but the leading contenders for his expensive—perhaps $5 million—services are said to be the Expos, the Phillies, the Braves and the Yankees.

The Yankees, though have placed Bobby Grich, an infielder and Don Gullett, a left-handed pitcher, ahead of Jackson on the list of priorities. Their toughest competition for Grich, whom they would use at shortstop, appears to be from the San Diego Padres, who have signed Gene Tenace, and the Boston Red Sox, who have signed Bill Campbell.

Philadelphia and Los Angeles are considered the Yankees' primary competition for Gullett, whom the Cincinnati Reds also are still trying to get back.

World Series Shares

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (UPI). —The world champion Cincinnati Reds and American League champion New York Yankees will receive individual record checks for their performances in the playoffs and World Series this year.

Baseball Commissioner Bowie Kuhn announced today that each full share for the Reds will amount to $26,366.68—topping the previous high for a winning share of $24,617.57, which went to the Oakland A's in 1973.

Kuhn also said that each losing share for the Yankees will be $19,935.48, compared to the previous high of $15,703.97 received by the Los Angeles Dodgers in 1974.

In World Cup Soccer

France, Italy Appear Likely To Reach Finals in Argentina

PARIS, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Italy gained a big step toward the 1978 World Soccer Cup finals yesterday when it defeated England, 2-0, but, in the four other World Cup matches played in Europe, only France emerged as a clear favorite to reach the last 16 in 1978.

The French downed Ireland, 2-0, to move into the lead in Group V, having already tied Bulgaria 2-2 in Sofia.

The worst setback was suffered by East Germany, the Olympic gold-medalist and unbeaten in 13 matches, which was held 1-1 by Turkey in Dresden in a Group III match. Turkey now heads the group, which includes Austria and Malta.

In Glasgow, Scotland edged Wales, 1-0, through a goal by a Welsh defender but the outcome did not make Group VII any clearer. Czechoslovakia defeated Scotland, 2-0, last month and still heads the standings.

Portugal made heavy work of defeating Denmark, 1-0, in Group I, which is dominated by Poland.

Superb Header

Italy, led by the outstanding play of midfielder Franco Causio, demoralized England with a 37th-minute goal from a free kick scored by Giancarlo Antognoni and then got its second goal from a superb header from Robert Bettega 15 minutes from the end.

The second goal could prove very valuable to the Italians, who play in probably the decisive match in Group II in almost exactly a year against England at Wembley.

If Italy does not lose a point to Finland, or England to Luxembourg, next November's match will be the clincher and England could find it hard to score twice against Italy's defense.

France, which has been steadily rebuilding its team during the last three years, scored two second-half goals from Michel Platini and Dominique Barthenay to defeat Ireland, which had a goal disallowed for offside.

The French, under new manager Michel Hidalgo, are well placed to qualify from the group because Bulgarian soccer is currently weak.

German Goal

East Germany looked set for a victory after getting a morale-boosting 3d-minute goal, scored from the penalty spot by Kotte.

But Cemil equalized for Turkey in the 31st minute and then Turkish goalkeeper Senol thwarted wave after wave of German attacks to force a tie.

Turkey now has a chance of qualifying for the first time if it can defeat East Germany in Ankara in a year's time, and provided Austria does not upset the balance.

Scotland and Wales played a very tough match at Hampden Park, but the Scots only won because Welsh defender Ian Evans put the ball into his own net. It could have been 6-0, but Scotland hit the woodwork three times and Welsh goalkeeper Dai Davies foiled all their other attempts.

Portugal's narrow victory did little to enhance its chances in Group I. Poland has already beaten the Portuguese, who scraped a victory through a 71st-minute goal from Manuel Fernandes.

Big 8 Mess Led Pitt to Sugar Bowl

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 18 (UPI).—Pittsburgh, the No. 1-ranked college football team, has decided to accept an invitation to play in the Sugar Bowl.

The Sugar Bowl decision was reached at a team meeting. A player said that coach John Majors gave the squad a choice of the Orange or Sugar Bowl, but the Panthers decided on the Sugar Bowl because of the confusion surrounding the Big-Eight representative.

The winner of the Big-Eight title goes to the Orange Bowl, but five teams are tied for the crown. The conference race could end in a three-way tie and the final decision on who plays in the post-season classic might be made by the Orange Bowl committee.

Sixth-ranked Georgia has already clinched a berth in the Sugar Bowl as the Southeastern Conference champion.

Although Pitt has reached its decision, the official invitation cannot, by NCAA rules, be made until Saturday.

College, Pro Grid Lines

PROS

Favorite	Pts.	Underdog
Bears	1	Lions*
Patriots	10	Jets*
Browns	14	Bucs*
Raiders	9	Eagles*
*Steelers	16	Oilers
Bengals	11	Chiefs*
*Cards	7 1/2	Stins
Rams	3 1/2	49ers
Broncos	10 1/2	Giants
*Seahawks	P	Saints
Colts	6	Dolphins*

No line on other games.

COLLEGE

Michigan	5 1/2	Ohio St.*
*Mich. St.	13 1/2	Iowa
*No. Carolina	3	Duke
*Purdue	11 1/2	Indiana
*Tenn.	6	Kentucky
*Notre Dame	14	Miami
*Illinois	12	Northwestern
Minnesota	2	Wisconsin*
Texas	2 1/2	Baylor*
Colorado	20	Kansas St.*
*Okla. St.	3	Iowa St.
*Missouri	15	Kansas
*Texas Tech	6 1/2	Houston
*UCLA	1 1/2	So. Cal.
*Calif.	4	Stanford
*Oregon St.	1	Oregon
Wash.	4	Wash. St.*
*Pitt. St.	8	Va. Tech
Arkansas	14 1/2	SMU*
*LSU	18	Tulane

*Home team.

Gained 1,000 Yards for NFL Bears

Chicago Runner Justifies Views of Scouts

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (NYT). —It is just a figure, 1,000 yards, but in pro football it has not only significance but also prestige and exclusivity. Walter Payton, the Chicago Bears' running back, joined the 1,000-yard club last Sunday more or less on schedule and thus justified the views of all the scouts who, when they saw him in college at Jackson State, nodded sagely to one another and said collectively, "Can't miss."

Payton has gained 1,002 yards rushing this season and leads the league as the only runner over 1,000. With four games to go, Payton could wind up with around 1,500 yards, which would put him in a class with O. J. Simpson and Jim Brown.

He is only in his second pro season and 22 years old. His coach, Jack Pardee, says: "Walter Payton hasn't even scratched the surface yet. He has skills we haven't tried to take advantage of. He's already great but he's going to get better because he wants to work."

The Bears' offense is quite simple because it is a young team and the quarterback, Bob Avellini, is also in his second pro season. If Avellini progresses, then so will Payton in making use of his skills because he will become more of a pass-receiving threat, like Terry Metcalf of St. Louis. The Bears just barely know how to pass at this point.

Lot to Learn

Pardee has another explanation. "Right now he hasn't perfected his running game," the coach said. "He's still learning to be a runner. That's why we're not passing to him. He has a lot to learn about beating linebackers and the secondary on passing situations.

"With his ability, you have to give him the ball. The ideal situation would be to have him run 25 plays a game and pass to him 10 times."

Payton was the fourth player selected, and the first running back, in the 1975 draft after Steve Bartkowski, Randy White and Ken Huff. He did everything possible with the football at Jackson State—run, pass, catch, kick, return kicks and score 166 touchdowns).

He has been compared with Lydell Mitchell, Chuck Foreman and Metcalf among contemporary runners and to Gale Sayers among those of the past. Payton dislikes any comparisons and disdains them, especially when related to Sayers, the last Chicago running back of any dimension.

"It isn't fair to me or Sayers to make comparisons," Payton has said. "I like to think my running style is unique."

Sayers's style was even more rare. He was lighter and faster, although Payton is no slowpoke. Also the fluid Sayers could change direction—in the trade he was a cutter—like no one past or present and preferred lots of space to run in. Payton needs less space but goes down protesting all the way.

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(Continued from Back Page)

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Observer

Inanimate Sense

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK—The decent thing for an inanimate object to do in America is wear out. Most inanimate objects understand this and do their duty. Light bulbs are particularly good about it. I have seen brand-new light bulbs wear out *five* minutes after arriving home from the store.



Baker

This used to infuriate me, particularly when it happened on the same day my car or refrigerator had just worn out. I would jump up and down on the worn-out bulb. This seemed less foolish than jumping up and down on the car or the refrigerator. Afterward, I would go back to the store and buy another light bulb.

These objects may have been inanimate, but they had a sense of responsibility to their race. Even ponderous pachydermic objects—like the automobile and refrigerator—were willing to wear out after a mere two or three years so that succeeding generations of automobiles and refrigerators could have their chances to browse in my bank account. The tiny light bulb's willingness to sacrifice itself almost immediately for its fellow light bulbs was a thing to be admired, rather than cursed. As I matured and outgrew childishness, I began to praise the light bulb's delicate sensibility.

In time, I perceived that the wearing out of inanimate objects that was going on all around me was not the curse to my wealth which I had once thought it to be, but an economic boon to America, and, therefore, to me.

And so we smiled as we heard the car wearing out and the iron wearing out and the electric hairdryer and electric carving knife wearing out prodigiously, of course, but we had a rare treat at bedtime one night when we discovered the electric alarm clock had worn out. The stove wore out that same week. The electric skillet wore out the week afterward. Radios wore out. So did pipes, sinks . . .

We were sitting right smack in the middle of an economic miracle, yet I was alarmed. And with good reason.

The television set wasn't wearing out.

What's worse, the toaster wasn't wearing out.

The toaster was a truly sinister case. We acquired it in 1950 and it was still making toast as well as it had made toast 26 years ago. After discreet inquiries, I learned that the average toaster lasts only three months before wearing out. If three months was the normal toaster's life span, my toaster was 104 years old. It seemed indecent for a toaster to hang on so long. No wonder the economy had been depressed for the past several years.

The television set's refusal to wear out was doubly unnerving. Everybody hears now and then of one appliance that refuses to wear out: to have two in a single household seemed too unlikely to be dismissed as pure coincidence. Could diabolism have invaded our objects?

The television set's refusal to go quietly into that good night also created tensions within the family. The set predated color television. We had always assumed we would move up to color like everybody else the day the set wore out, but its persistent grip on life had begun to make some of us think the rest of America would move up to feelevision before our house had moved up to color.

The house divided into factions. A minority became obsessed with preserving the old black-and-white set, thinking it might become a "classic" in a few more years. The majority began to fear and despise the thing for not wearing out. They would insult it, accuse it of lacking the good taste to wear out properly and twist its rabbit ears until they broke. The thing remained undiscouraged.

There was no doubt that we would have been under dark suspicion if the economists had caught us with not only a black-and-white TV set, but also a 26-year old toaster. For safety, we put both objects in a closet and used huge sums of money to replace them with machines that are already wearing out really splendidly. And onward we march to glory.

'(The program) is important and profound. People are waiting to talk about how they feel. This is real life, not simply a radio show.'

The French Get a Chance to Be Heard

By Susan Heller Anderson

PARIS, Nov. 18 (IHT).—Between midnight and 1 o'clock this morning, nearly one million listeners of "Open Line," France's U.S.-style telephone talk show, heard the heartaches and revelations of: a guilt-ridden, devoutly Catholic homosexual (male), a maritally insecure unemployed marketing expert (female), a do-good Red Cross volunteer ambulance driver (female) and a disgruntled Tunisian hairdresser (female).

It was a rather slow night.

Yet, since the program began on Europe 1 in September, 1975, callers have included a murderer on the lam for 18 months and still in hiding, would-be suicides, the predictable number of junkies and drunks, and hundreds of lonely single persons whose sole contact with humanity seems to be vicariously through Gonzague Saint Bris, the show's host.

"In France, people are represented only as part of groups," Gonzague, as he prefers to be called, observes. "We are giving individuals a chance to be heard." Among his biggest group of fans are convicts. "Everyone has a voice on this show. I believe in the dignity of the individual. It's not my thing to judge people."

"Open Line" has been an unexpected success. More than 100 letters a week, from Belgium, Switzerland, Algeria, Morocco, Italy, England and the Netherlands, as well as France, pour into the tiny, dreary office Gonzague shares with his assistant.

The letters are uniformly adoring. Most address Gonzague with the familiar "tu". A 24-year-old girl, bedridden for six months with a broken spine, writes, "Your program has helped me to appreciate the real value of life." From Madrid, "You illuminate the night like the brightest of stars." "You have extraordinary human warmth," says a Bordeaux woman. "You are the Marcel Proust of the night," another says.



Gonzague Saint Bris.

The object of this affection was born in Loches in the Touraine, 27 years ago. Father is a diplomat. Mother is, in Gonzague's opinion, a rather good poet. The family's country manse is in Amboise, the Manoir du Clos Lucé, where Leonardo da Vinci died and where Gonzague was raised.

Plunging into journalism at 18, he rose quickly from the pages of a provincial newspaper to those of the large Paris daily Le Figaro in 1970.

He left as spectacularly as he arrived after taking his dog, Kitch, to an official reception for the staid Académie Française. "During a speech by Etienne Wolf, my dog did peepee on an academician's foot and that was it."

He also sailed over Mont Blanc in a hot-air balloon and cycled around the cupola of the Opéra, the latter stunt to publicize his film on the Palais Garnier. He writes a weekly column for "Elle", called "Whispers", and makes an occasional appearance in the Figaro.

Two years ago, he set Paris abuzz with his first book, "Who Is a Snob?" Flinging his floor-length fur over a chair, he insists, "If I were a snob, I couldn't do this show." A Cartier watch limply encircles his slim wrist.

Refined

His good breeding shows on the program. He never interrupts, cuts people off or is visibly patronizing. "It would be too brutal." He tries to set the tone of the language. "We do get all sorts of calls, but none are gross. One man talked about a group sex experience but he used very refined language."

Gonzague himself expresses amazement at the variety of callers. "One man taped his kid being born. Another was a stationmaster, and we listened when a train arrived. A telex operator put the phone near his machine."

He is fascinated by sounds as well as by people and loves to eavesdrop on conversations. "For a writer, it's essential to listen. The voice is simply a mask."

In the hermetic hush of a dimly lighted studio, Gonzague uncoils his elegant legs and waits languidly for the first call. Long, very white fingers drum restlessly. The concept of a program dependent on the telephone is, in France, courageous, and there are many callers who are cut off, lines that don't work and mysterious bugs.

Finally, the Catholic homosexual comes on and recounts his youth. Gonzague listens attentively, swilling Coke.

Advice

Next the unemployed marketing expert explains she fears losing her husband because she has lost her job. Deliberately unopinionated and apolitical on the air, Gonzague does, occasionally, dole out soupçons of advice. He suggests that this caller re-evaluate her ideas on marriage, that they are confused with material success.

He is not depressed by the endless woes of his listeners. "I wish life were as gay as this program." He gets plenty of his own ups from people calling to say how wonderful the show is, and to gush over his first novel, "Athanase ou La Manière Bleue," released just two months ago with 25,000 copies already sold.

Despite his slick social exterior, Gonzague is passionately involved with the program. "It is important and profound. People are waiting to talk about how they feel. This is real life, not simply a radio show.

"Sometimes we get 80 calls in an evening. This is a human success."

PEOPLE: *Wartime 'Tokyo Rose' Keeps Trying for*

"Age is creeping up on me and I'd like to finally get it all over with," declared 59-year-old Iva Toguri d'Aquino Wednesday outside San Francisco's old federal courthouse where she was convicted 27 years ago of treason as "Tokyo Rose". She has mailed a petition to the U.S. Justice Department asking for a pardon that would restore her U.S. citizenship. "I'd like my citizenship restored so the possibility of deportation can never be brought up again." She was convicted in 1949 of broadcasting anti-American propaganda from Japan to GIs during World War II. She served six and a half years of a 10-year sentence, successfully resisting government efforts to deport her when she was released from prison.

* * *

Eldridge Cleaver, the former Black Panther who a year ago returned to the United States to face trial on an attempted-murder charge, is on his way to Europe. Cleaver ended his seven-year exile from the United States voluntarily. He is currently free on $100,000 bail while awaiting trial, set for Jan. 24. A family spokesman said in San Francisco that Cleaver would spend "about 10 days to two weeks meeting with publishers in Paris and Germany who have the European rights to his book. California law allows travel abroad for people out on bail unless a judge specifically prohibits it. No such restrictions were attached to Cleaver's bail. Cleaver, now 41, was charged in 1968 with assault and attempted murder after he was wounded in a gun battle between the Panthers and police in Oakland, Calif. He jumped a $50,000 bail in November of that year and fled the United States.

* * *

Francis Gary Powers, imprisoned in the Soviet Union after his U-2 spy plane was shot down in 1960, is now a helicopter pilot and reporter for KNBC-TV in Los Angeles. The Powers incident led to the breakup of a summit meeting between President Dwight Eisenhower and Soviet leader Nikita Khrushchev. Powers was tried in Moscow and sentenced to 10 years in prison—he was released in 1962.

* * *

American divers are asking China for salvage rights to a



Iva Toguri d'

Japanese freighter ... the Formosa Strait ... with an estimated ... treasure, according ... Diego Evening Trib... ternational company, ... Diving, which has ... Kong, has among ... former astronaut Scot ... Jon Lindbergh, son ... tion pioneer, and ... Bennet, said to be ... of the U.S. submarin... the freighter Awa Ma... 1, 1945. The freighter ... a hospital ship, was ... loot from Japan to ... it was hit by torpedo... down in 185 feet of ... divers hope to find ... gold, 12 tons of pla... 150,000 carats of uncu...

—SAMUEL ...

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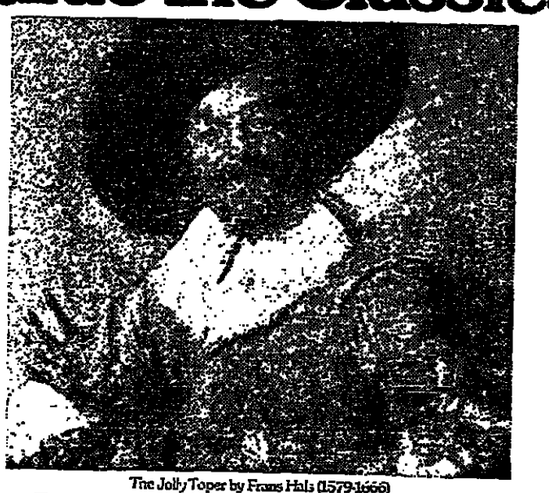
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